### **APPENDIX 2-1**

### **SECTION 106 CONSULTATION**

Appendix 2-1, Section 106 Consultation, contains a record of communications pertaining to the Section 106 Consultation process pursuant to the National Historic Preservation Act. Correspondence is generally organized in chronological order by original inquiries with the exception of responses to original inquiries. Responses to original inquiries, regardless of the date, immediately follow the original inquiries. The reader is referred to the Cultural Resources section of Chapter 4, Affected Environment, Environmental Consequences, and Mitigation and Chapter 2, Gila River Indian Community Coordination.



#### **U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION** FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION ARIZONA DIVISION One Arizona Center, Suite 410 400 E. Van Buren St. Phoenix, AZ. 85004 August 20, 2003

IN REPLY REFER TO HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) 202L MA 054 H5764 01L Loop 202, South Mountain Initial Section 106 Consultation

previously recommended as eligible for the NRHP. Fifteen (15) sites were identified as being previously recommended as ineligible to the NRHP. One hundred thirty-six (136) sites either were not evaluated for the NRHP eligibility or would require additional information in order to determine their NRHP eligibility. The Class I overview acknowledges the presence of prior survey data for the South Mountain corridor area and the need for further investigations into the eligibility of the historic properties identified within the corridor. FHWA recommends that future cultural resource survey and eligibility determinations be made once potential project alternatives are identified.

As a cultural resources survey has not yet occurred for this project, FHWA is not currently making any recommendations of project effect. As additional information regarding the project alternatives, project scope, and historic properties becomes available, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. However, because the likelihood is high that historic properties would be affected, FHWA proposes that a Programmatic Agreement (PA) be developed to address the effects of the project as they become known.

Please review the enclosed report and the information provided in this letter. If you agree with FHWA's recommendation that this report serve as consultation initiation and that consultation regarding eligibility, area of potential effect, and project scope as well as effect, be continued once surveys of the preferred alternatives are completed and that a PA be developed to address potential impacts to historic properties, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Kae Neustadt, ADOT Historic Preservation Specialist at 602-712-8148 or email kneustadt@dot.state.az.us. Thank you.

Sincerely,

### **STEPHEN D. THOMAS**

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator

Signature for ASLD Concurrence

Enclosure cc: SThomas BVachon KNeustadt (619E)

SDT:cdm

The previous letter was also sent to:

Mr. Garry Cantley, Archaeologist, Bureau of Indian Affairs Ms. Connie Stone, Archaeologist, Bureau of Land Management Ms. Carol Heathington, Bureau of Reclamation Mr. Todd Hileman, City Manager, City of Avondale Mr. Pat McDermott, City Manager, City of Chandler Mr. Todd Bostwick, Archaeologist, City of Phoenix Ms. Barbara Stocklin, Historical Preservation Office, City of Phoenix Mr. Ralph Valez, City Manager, City of Tolleson Mr. Rick Anduze, Archaeologist, Salt River Project Mr. David Jacobs, Ph.D., Compliance Specialist, State Historic Preservation Office Mr. Terry Enos, Chairman, Ak Chin Indian Community Mr. Richard Narcia, Gila River Indian Community Mr. Leigh Kuwanwisiwma, Cultural Preservation Office, Hopi Tribe Ms. Joni Ramos, President, Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community Mr. Pete Steere, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, Tohono O'odham Nation Mr. Joe Joaquin, Cultural Affairs Office, Tohono O'odham Nation Mr. Vincent Randall, Chairman, Yavapai-Apache Nation Mr. Ernest Jones, Sr., President, Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe

2

Date



HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE

September 8, 2003

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator U.S. Department of Transportation FHWA - Arizona Division 400 E. Van Buren Street Phoenix, AZ 85004

Re: HA-AZ, NR-202(ADY), 202L MA 054 H5764 01L, Loop 202, South Mountain, Initial Section 106 Consultation

Dear Mr. Hollis:

Your office recently forwarded a "Class I" report to my office regarding the proposed Loop 202 freeway corridor. The purpose of the report as explained in your letter is to identify "previously recorded cultural resources" to help with the process of identifying feasible project alternatives for the proposed freeway.

I have a number of concerns regarding this report. They are as follows:

+ It does not appear that this initial study attempted to identify non-archeological historic properties that have been previously identified through historic surveys or determined National Register eligible by the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO). I am aware of at least several known National Register eligible historic properties located within the corridor area, including the Webster Farmstead at 75th Avenue and Baseline Road (previously determined National Register eligible by the SHPO), South Mountain Park (may or may not be partially in the boundaries of the corridor study), and potentially historic canals and canal laterals (need to confer with Bureau of Reclamation and Salt River Project).

+ A search of the National Register and Section 106 files of the Arizona State Historic Preservation Office and the survey files of the City Historic Preservation Office is needed to locate any historic nonarcheological properties in the project corridor and "to identify previously recorded cultural resources" as stated in your letter. We highly recommend that the cultural resources "Class I Overview" by amended at this time to incorporate a records search of surveyed and designated historic buildings, structures, districts and objects.

+ My office also recommends that all further cultural resources identification efforts for this project include a qualified architectural historian on the identification team. This is needed given the high potential to locate other historic non-archeological properties within the project's area of potential effects.

If I can provide additional information, please feel free to contact me at (602) 262-7468.

Sincerely,

Barbara Stocklin, City Historic Preservation Officer

cc: Kae Neustadt, Arizona Department of Transportation Jim Garrison, State Historic Preservation Office

200 West Washington Street, 17th Floor • Phoenix, Arizona 85003 • 602-261-8699 FAX: 602-534-4571

**Recycled Paper** 

#### Katherine Neustadt

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject: Barbara.Stocklin@phoenix.gov Tuesday, September 09, 2003 7:19 PM KNeustadt@dot.state.az.us

Thanks for the information Kim, I continue to recommend that a "records search" effort occur for historic nonarcheological properties at this stage in the project prior to selection of alternatives just as it has for archeological resources. Identification efforts for archeological and non-archeological historic resources should parallel one another. If archeological resources and other environmental resources/impacts are being identified at this preliminary stage prior to selection of alternatives, then the same level of identification effort should be ocurring at the same time for nonarcheological cultural resources. I don't understand why they would be treated differently.

My office would desire that non-historic cultural resources show up on the same constraints map on which archeological resources appear when ADOT draws/decides on its selection of alternatives to consider further. If ADOT sees a known National Register historic property on their constraints map, then hopefully they would think twice before even drawing an alternative that might include that resource.

I don't recommend that a programmatic agreement be executed prior to ADOT at least doing a records search for nonarcheological cultural resources so that all parties have at least a conceptual idea as to the extent and type of historic resources that may be impacted by the project.

As previously noted, there are known National Register eligible/listed historic properties in the project corridor. I don't forsee the suggestion that ADPTdo a records search of known historic resources prior to executing a Programmatic Agreement as an unreasonable request. This should be a relatively easy and routine request for a large public agency as ADOT who carries out Section 106 responsibilities on a regular basis. However, I will defer to the SHPO for their opinion,

Thanx.

Barbara Stocklin City of Phoenix, Historic Preservation Officer

KNeustadt@dot.state.az.us

09/09/2003 10:00 AM

Barbara Stocklin/MGR/PHX@PHXENT To:

SLaine@dot.state.az.us CC:

Subject: RE: Loop 202 , South Mountain, HA-AZ, NH-202-D(ADY), 202L MA 054 H5764 01L

Thank you for your response. The Class I inventory of historic properties for the South Mountain Corridor was a very preliminary document prepared by the Gila River Indian Community for planning purposes. Once the corridor is examined in light of the information provided in the Class I inventory and reviews done to address other environmental concerns, alternatives will be selected for further, more in-depth review. FHWA and ADOT recognize that the Class I overview was not complete with regards to non-archaeological historic sites, but are waiting until more information is known on the possible alternatives before conducting an in-depth cultural resources survey, including complete review of all historic property records, such as

SLaine@dot.state.az.us; jgarrison@pr.state.az.us; bcollins@pr.state.az.us RE: Loop 202, South Mountain, HA-AZ, NH-202-D(ADY), 202L MA 054 H5764 01L

SHPO, AZSITE and ASM, as well as pedestrian survey of the proposed alternatives. I hope this addresses some of your concerns. I have forwarded your email to Serelle Laine, Historic Preservation Team Leader, so she may address your general concerns with the reports you have been receiving from ADOT. Please let me know if you have any further concerns and if the City of Phoenix will concur with the recommendation to develop a Programmatic Agreement for the South Mountain project to outline the process of dealing with adverse effects to historic properties that are likely to occur as a result of the project. Thank you, Kae Kae Neustadt, MA Historic Preservation Specialist ADOT EEG 205 S. 17th Avenue, MD619E Phoenix, AZ 85007 602/712-8148 (phone) 602/712-3066 (fax) kneustadt@dot.state.az.us -----Original Message-----From: Barbara.Stocklin@phoenix.gov [mailto:Barbara.Stocklin@phoenix.gov] Sent: Monday, September 08, 2003 4:19 PM To: kneustadt@dot.state.az.us Subject: Loop 202 , South Mountain, HA-AZ, NH-202-D(ADY), 202L MA 054 H5764 OIL Hi Kim. My office received a Class I overview report of the proposed Loop 202 freeway corridor to identify previously identified cultural resources. I have a number of concerns regarding this report: + There does not appear to be any efforts undertakens to identify non-archeological historic properties that have been previously identified or designated. I am aware of at least several known National Register eligible historic properties located within the corridor area, including the Webster Farmstead at 75th Avenue and Baseline Road (previously determined National Register eligible by the SHPO), South Mountain Park (may or may not be partially in the boundaries of the corridor study), and historic canals and canal laterals (need to confer with Bureau of Reclamation and Salt River Project). + A search of the National Register files of the Arizona State Historic Preservation Office and the CIty Historic Preservation Office for historic non-archeological properties does not appear to have occurred, and is needed "to identify previously recorded cultural resources" as stated in the cover letter. + In recent months, I have received various cultural resource reports from your office to review, and am concerned in general regarding the consistent lack of information on historic non-archeological resources - including buildings, structures, objects and districts in particular - in the front end of the planning process.

In summary, prior to completing a "Class I overview of the freeway to identify previously recorded cultural resources", I am recommending that additional work be done to identify previously identified historic non-archeological resources.

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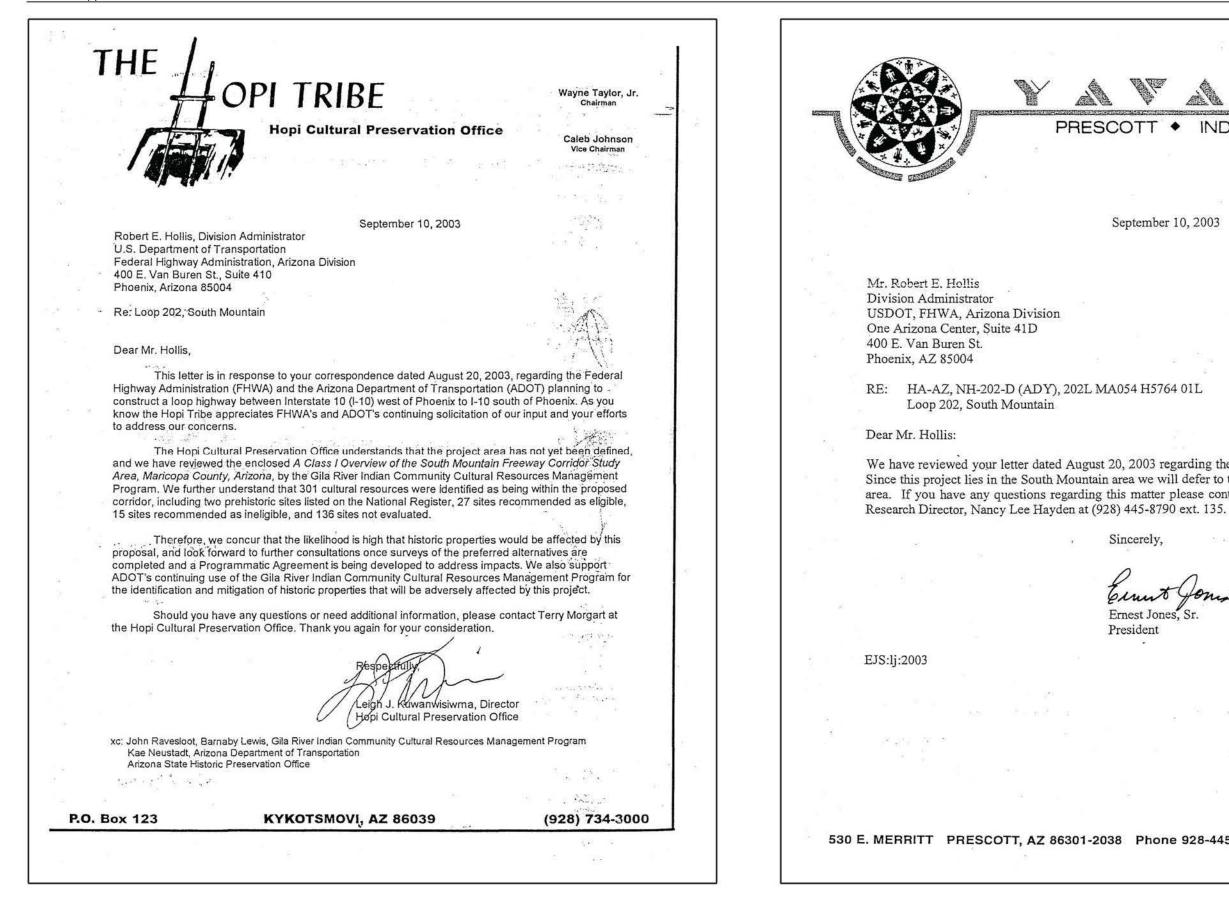
Thanx.

Barbara Stocklin, City Historic Preservation Of

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PRESCOTT . INDIAN . TRIBE September 10, 2003 2003 SEP 2 2 2 21 We have reviewed your letter dated August 20, 2003 regarding the above named project. Since this project lies in the South Mountain area we will defer to the tribes nearer to that area. If you have any questions regarding this matter please contact our Tribal Culture Sincerely, Ernest Jones President 530 E. MERRITT PRESCOTT, AZ 86301-2038 Phone 928-445-8790 FAX 928-778-9445 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION ARIZONA DIVISION One Arizona Center, Suite 410 400 E. Van Buren St. Phoenix, AZ. 85004 August 20, 2003

> IN REPLY REFER TO HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) 202L MA 054 H5764 01L Loop 202, South Mountain Initial Section 106 Consultation

Ms. Carol Heathington Bureau of Reclamation P.O. Box 81169 2222 W. Dunlap, Suite 330 Phoenix, Arizona 85069-1169

#### Dear Ms. Heathington:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are planning to construct a loop highway between Interstate 10 (I-10) west of Phoenix to the I-10 south of Phoenix. As this project employs federal funds, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Because alternatives have not yet been decided, land ownership of the project area is not yet known. Consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Western Area Power Administration (WAPA), the Bureau of Reclamation (BOR), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Cities of Phoenix, Avondale, Tolleson and Chandler, the Salt River Project (SRP), Roosevelt Irrigation District, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Ak Chin Indian Community, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community (SRPMIC), the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Hopi Tribe, the Yavapai-Prescott Tribe and the Yavapai Apache Nation.

The scope of this project would involve the construction of a freeway to connect I-10 south of Phoenix. to I-10 west of Phoenix. The project team is in the process of identifying potential project alternatives, but the area of potential effect (APE) has not yet been defined.

The GRIC Cultural Resources Management Program performed a Class I overview of the freeway corridor to identify previously recorded cultural resources. The results of the Class I overview are presented in a draft report entitled "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002) and is enclosed for your review.

A total of 301 cultural resources were identified as being within the proposed project corridor. Two of these cultural resources, sites AZ T:12:9(ASM), the Villa Buena site, and site AZ T:11:39(ASM), the

Cashion site, are listed on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). An additional 27 sites were previously recommended as eligible for the NRHP. Fifteen (15) sites were identified as being previously <u>recommended</u> as ineligible to the NRHP. One hundred thirty-six (136) sites either were not evaluated for the NRHP eligibility or would require additional information in order to determine their NRHP eligibility. The Class I overview acknowledges the presence of prior survey data for the South Mountain corridor area and the need for further investigations into the eligibility of the historic properties identified within the corridor. FHWA recommends that future cultural resource survey and eligibility determinations be made once potential project alternatives are identified.

As a cultural resources survey has not yet occurred for this project, FHWA is not currently making any recommendations of project effect. As additional information regarding the project alternatives, project scope, and historic properties becomes available, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. However, because the likelihood is high that historic properties would be affected, FHWA proposes that a Programmatic Agreement (PA) be developed to address the effects of the project as they become known.

Please review the enclosed report and the information provided in this letter. If you agree with FHWA's recommendation that this report serve as consultation initiation and that consultation regarding eligibility, area of potential effect, and project scope as well as effect, be continued once surveys of the preferred alternatives are completed and that a PA be developed to address potential impacts to historic properties, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Kae Neustadt, ADOT Historic Preservation Specialist at 602-712-8148 or email kneustadt@dot.state.az.us. Thank you.

Enclosure

2

Sincerely,

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION ARIZONA DIVISION One Arizona Center, Suite 410 400 E. Van Buren St. Phoenix, AZ. 85004 August 20, 2003 IN REPLY REFER TO HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) 202L MA 054 H5764 01L Loop 202, South Mountain Initial Section 106 Consultation Mr. Todd Bostwick Archaeologist City of Phoenix Pueblo Grande Museum 4619 E. Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85034 Dear Mr. Bostwick: The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are planning to construct a loop highway between Interstate 10 (I-10) west of Phoenix to the I-10 south of Phoenix. As this project employs federal funds, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106

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Sincerely.

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator

Signature for City of Phoenix Concurrence

Enclosure

2



Archaeology Section Pueblo Grande Museum 4619 E. Washington St. Phoenix, AZ 85034

# **Report Review Form**

Project No.: ADOT

Date Report Submitted: 9-5-03

Report Title: A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona.

XDraft

Saving the past for the future ....

Author: Damon Burden

Final

Firm: GRIC

Action: Accepted More Information Requested

XRevise & Resubmit

Comments: On the abstract page under agency, it should read Phoenix Parks and Recreation Department. Library is now its own separate Department. On page 2-14, third paragraph, please add river after lower salt and before valley. On page 2-15, first paragraph, the second sentence should read like this, For example, habitation sites comprised of courtyard groups focusing on a mutual extramural work a reas become a common settlement organizational pattern. In figure 5.3 does the legend explain what the colors of the sites stand for or for the colors of their boundaries? Please add something in the legend to explain this. Figure 5.4 and 5.5 need the same clarification that figure 5.3 does. On page 5-14, last paragraph, please add river between Salt and Valley. Also on the same page please replace is with are after examples. Please add Bostwick (2002) and Stubing et al (2000) to your references cited section. Also add these references and projects to the table you have on previous research in section 3.1.

Recommendations: Please revise report accordingly and send the City Archaeologist one final bound copy. SED

Reviewed By: Robert A. Serocki Jr. and Todd W. Bostwick, Ph.D.

Date: 9-17-03

References to be added: Stubing, Michael, Chris T. Wenker, John M. Lindly, Ph.D., and Douglas Mitchell 2000 Archaeological Testing at Site AZ T:12:117 (ASM) for the Foothills Reserve Development, Phoenix, Arizona. SWCA Cultural Resource Report No. 00-91.

Bostwick, Ph.D., Todd and Peter Krocek 2002 Landscape of the Spirits: Hohokam Rock Art at South Mountain Park. University of Arizona Press.

**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION** FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION ARIZONA DIVISION One Arizona Center, Suite 410 400 E. Van Buren St. Phoenix, AZ. 85004 August 20, 2003 IN REPLY REFER TO HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) 202L MA 054 H5764 01L Loop 202, South Mountain Initial Section 106 Consultation David Jacobs, Ph.D. Compliance Specialist State Historic Preservation Office Arizona State Parks 1300 W. Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007 Dear Dr. Jacobs: The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are planning to construct a loop highway between Interstate 10 (I-10) west of Phoenix to the I-10 south of Phoenix. As this project employs federal funds, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Because alternatives have not yet been decided, land ownership of the project area is not yet known. Consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Western Area Power Administration (WAPA), the Bureau of Reclamation (BOR), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Cities of Phoenix, Avondale, Tolleson and Chandler, the Salt River Project (SRP), Roosevelt Irrigation District, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Ak Chin Indian Community, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community (SRPMIC), the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Hopi Tribe, the Yavapai-Prescott Tribe and the Yavapai Apache Nation. The scope of this project would involve the construction of a freeway to connect I-10 south of Phoenix to I-10 west of Phoenix. The project team is in the process of identifying potential project alternatives, but the area of potential effect (APE) has not yet been defined. The GRIC Cultural Resources Management Program performed a Class I overview of the freeway corridor to identify previously recorded cultural resources. The results of the Class I overview are presented in a draft report entitled "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002) and is enclosed for your review.

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Sincerely.

Robert E. Hollis **Division** Administrator

Signature for SHPO Concurrence

Enclosure

\* Current submittal failed to mention some significant historic proporties within corridor orea.

Cc: Kae Neustadt, ADST-

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION ARIZONA DIVISION One Arizona Center, Suite 410 400 E. Van Buren St. Phoenix, AZ. 85004

August 20, 2003

IN REPLY REFER TO HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) 202L MA 054 H5764 01L Loop 202, South Mountain Initial Section 106 Consultation

Ms. Connie Stone, Archaeologist Bureau of Land Management Phoenix Field Office 21605 N 7th Ave Phoenix, Arizona 85027

#### Dear Ms. Stone:

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Enclosure

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Sincere

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION ARIZONA DIVISION One Arizona Center, Suite 410 400 E. Van Buren St. Phoenix, AZ. 85004 August 20, 2003

IN REPLY REFER TO HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) 202L MA 054 H5764 01L Loop 202, South Mountain Initial Section 106 Consultation

Mr. Garry Cantley, Archaeologist Bureau of Indian Affairs **BIA-WRO/EQS** P.O. Box 10 Phoenix, Arizona 85001

#### Dear Mr. Cantley:

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As a cultural resources survey has not yet occurred for this project, FHWA is not currently making any recommendations of project effect. As additional information regarding the project alternatives, project scope, and historic properties becomes available, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. However, because the likelihood is high that historic properties would be affected, FHWA proposes that a Programmatic Agreement (PA) be developed to address the effects of the project as they become known.

Please review the enclosed report and the information provided in this letter. If you agree with FHWA's recommendation that this report serve as consultation initiation and that consultation regarding eligibility, area of potential effect, and project scope as well as effect, be continued once surveys of the preferred alternatives are completed and that a PA be developed to address potential impacts to historic properties, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Kae Neustadt, ADOT Historic Preservation Specialist at 602-712-8148 or email kneustadt@dot.state.az.us. Thank you.

Sincerely

Enclosure

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Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator

DCT 27 2003 Date

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION ARIZONA DIVISION One Arizona Center, Suite 410 400 E. Van Buren St. Phoenix, AZ. 85004

August 20, 2003

Environmental Compliance Environmental Services

IN REPLY REFER TO HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) 202L MA 054 H5764 01L Loop 202, South Mountain Initial Section 106 Consultation

Mr. Rick Anduze Archaeologist Salt River Project M.S. PAB 355 P.O. Box 5625 Phoenix, Arizona 85072-2025

#### Dear Mr. Anduze:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are planning to construct a loop highway between Interstate 10 (I-10) west of Phoenix to the I-10 south of Phoenix. As this project employs federal funds, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Because alternatives have not yet been decided, land ownership of the project area is not yet known. Consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Western Area Power Administration (WAPA), the Bureau of Reclamation (BOR), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Cities of Phoenix, Avondale, Tolleson and Chandler, the Salt River Project (SRP), Roosevelt Irrigation District, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Ak Chin Indian Community, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community (SRPMIC), the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Hopi Tribe, the Yavapai-Prescott Tribe and the Yavapai Apache Nation.

The scope of this project would involve the construction of a freeway to connect I-10 south of Phoenix to I-10 west of Phoenix. The project team is in the process of identifying potential project alternatives, but the area of potential effect (APE) has not yet been defined.

The GRIC Cultural Resources Management Program performed a Class I overview of the freeway corridor to identify previously recorded cultural resources. The results of the Class I overview are presented in a draft report entitled "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002) and is enclosed for your review.

A total of 301 cultural resources were identified as being within the proposed project corridor. Two of these cultural resources, sites AZ T:12:9(ASM), the Villa Buena site, and site AZ T:11:39(ASM), the Cashion site, are listed on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). An additional 27 sites were previously recommended as eligible for the NRHP. Fifteen (15) sites were identified as being previously recommended as ineligible to the NRHP. One hundred thirty-six (136) sites either were not evaluated for the NRHP eligibility or would require additional information in order to determine their NRHP eligibility. The Class I overview acknowledges the presence of prior survey data for the South Mountain corridor area and the need for further investigations into the eligibility of the historic properties identified within the corridor. FHWA recommends that future cultural resource survey and eligibility determinations be made once potential project alternatives are identified.

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Sincerely

Robert E. Hollis

Division Administrator

Enclosure

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Intermodal Transportation Division         206 South Seventeenth Avenue       Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213         Janet Napolitano Governor       Bill Higgins Acting State Engineer         Victor M. Mendez Director       December 9, 2003         Steve Ross       Cultural Resource Manager         Cultural Resource Manager       Arizona State Land Department         1616 W. Adams       Phoenix, AZ 85007         RE:       Project No. NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L Loop 202; South Mountain Continuing Section 106 Consultation         Dear Mr. Ross:       As you are aware, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are planning to construct a loop highway between Interstate 10 (1-10) west of Phoenix to the 1-10 south of Phoenix. Previous consultation with the Arizona State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) recommended a Programmatic Agreement (PA) be developed to address the effects of the project as they become known. SHPO concurred with this recommendation (Jacobs [SHPO] to Hollis [FHWA] September 19, 2003).         At this time, ADOT, on behalf of FHWA, is submitting a draft PA for your review and comment. Please review he enclosed draft PA. If you find the PA adequate, please sign below to indicate your concurrence. If you have any comments or changes to request, please respond in writing. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me at (602) 712-8148 or via email at kneustadt@dot.state.az.us. Thank you.         Sincerely.       Wather Hastoric Preservation Specialist         Vistor if Preservation Specialist       Directo	206 South Seventeenth Avenue       Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213         Janet Napolitano Governor       December 9, 2003         Weitor M. Mendez Director       December 9, 2003         Steve Ross       Cultural Resource Manager Arizona State Land Department 1616 W. Adams         Phoenix, AZ 85007         REF       Project No. NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 2021 MA 054 H5764 01L Loop 202; South Mountain Continuing Section 106 Consultation         Dear Mr. Ross:         As you are aware, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation ADOT) are planning to construct a loop highway between Interstate 10 (1-10) west of Phoenix to the 1-10 south of Phoenix. Previous consultation with the Arizona State Historic Preservation Office (SHFO) recommended a Programmatic Agreement (PA) be developed to address the effects of the project as they become known. SHPO concurred with this recommendation (Jacobs [SHPO] to Hollis [FHWA] September 19, 2003).         At this time, ADOT, on behalf of FHWA, is submitting a draft PA for your review and comment. Please review the enclosed draft PA. If you find the PA adequate, please sign below to indicate your concurrence. If you have any comments or changes to request, please respond in writing. If you have any questions or concerns, please teel free to contact me at (602) 712-8148 or via email at kneustadt@dot.state.az.us. Thank you.         Sincerely. Watasati       Xae Neustadt
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The previous letter was also sent to:
Ms. Connie Stone, Archaeologist, Bureau of Land Management
Mr. John Czaplick, Bureau of Reclamation
Dr. Todd Bostwick, Archaeologist, City of Phoenix
Ms. Barbara Stocklin, Historic Preservation Office, City of Phoenix
Mr. Rick Anduze, Archaeologist, Salt River Project
Dr. David Jacobs, Ph.D., Compliance Specialist, State Historic Preservation Office
Mr. Richard Narcia, Governor , Gila River Indian Community
Mr. Leigh Kuwanwisiwma, Cultural Preservation Office, Hopi Tribe



Wayne Taylor, Jr. CHAIRMAN Caleb Johnson

December 11, 2003 Kae Neustadt, Historic Preservation Specialist Arizona Department of Transportation, Environmental & Enhancement Group 206 South 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Room 213E, Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Res 200p-202; South Mountain, Draft Programmatic Agreement

#### Dear Ms. Neustadt,

This letter is in response to your correspondence with an enclosed draft Programmatic Agreement. dated December 9, 2003, regarding the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) planning to construct a loop highway between Interstate 10 (I-10) west of Phoenix to I-10 south of Phoenix. As you know, the Hopi Tribe appreciates FHWA and ADOT's continuing solicitation of our input and your efforts to address our concerns: CORRECT DESTRUCTION DE LA

In a letter dated September 10, 2003, in response to a correspondence from the Federal Highway Administration dated August 20, 2003, the Hopi Cultural Preservation Office reviewed the cultural resources overview report for this project by the Gila River Indian Community that identifies 301 cultural resources within the proposed project corridor. We stated we support the continuing use of the Gila River Indian Community Cultural Resources Management Program for the identification and mitigation of historic properties that will be adversely affected by this project.

We note that the Gila River Indian Community is a party in the enclosed draft Programmatic Agreement, and therefore we defer to the Gila River Indian Community as a party to the Programmatic Agreement However, we request to be provided copies of the cultural resource surveys, archaeological treatment plans, and archeological reports for review and comment. If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Terry Morgart at the Hopi Cultural Preservation Office. Thank you again for consulting with the Hopi Tribe.

> J. Kuwanwisiwma, Director Hopi Cultural Preservation Office

xc: John Ravesloot, Barnaby Lewis, Gila River Indian Community Cultural Resources Program Arizona State Historic Preservation Office

P.O. BOX 123 - KYKOTSMOVI, AZ. - 86039 - (928) 734-3000



and the stand

Janet Napolitano Governor

Victor M. Mendez

Director

Todd Bostwick Archaeologist City of Phoenix Pueblo Grande Museum 4619 E. Washington Phoenix, AZ 85034

RE: Project No. NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L Loop 202; South Mountain Continuing Section 106 Consultation

#### Dear Mr. Bostwick:

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Sincerely

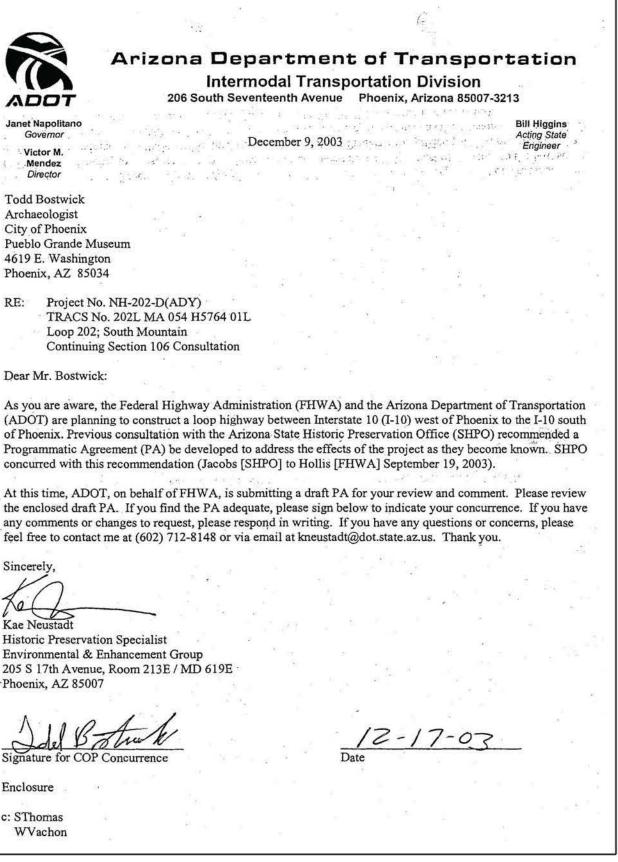
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Historic Preservation Specialist Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 S 17th Avenue, Room 213E / MD 619E Phoenix, AZ 85007

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Enclosure

c: SThomas WVachon



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United States Department of the Interior	
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Phoenix, Arizona 85069-1169	contact staff Archaeologist Jon S. C
IN REPLY REFER TO:	
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Ms. Kae Neustadt	
Historic Preservation Specialist	1 S S
Arizona Department of Transportation	
Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17 <sup>th</sup> Avenue, Room 213E/MD 619E	
Phoenix, Arizona 85007	8 B B
Subject: Draft Programmatic Agreement (PA) Loop 2002, South Mountain – Project	4 × 1 × 2
No. NH-202-D(ADY); TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L	H = H
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WHERAS dealing with treatment of human remains under NAGPRA applies only to remains	
found on federally-owned lands. The last WHEREAS should refer to State and private lands	
only; a permit issued by the Arizona State Museum is not valid on federally-owned land.	
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eview and comment on the draft PA. We would appreciate the ior to signing the final version. If you have questions, please Czaplicki at 602-216-3862.

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Sincerely,

Bruce D. Ellis Chief, Environmental Resource Management Division

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Victor M. Mendez Director			Engine	eer	Victor M. Mendez Director
Connie Stone, Archae		20 N N	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		David Jacobs, Ph.D.
Bureau of Land Mana			- 18 -		Compliance Specialist
Phoenix Field Office					State Historic Preservation
21605 N 7th Ave					Arizona State Parks
Phoenix, AZ 85027		e ::e	14		1300 W Washington
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December 9, 2003

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Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation p highway between Interstate 10 (I-10) west of Phoenix to the I-10 south the Arizona State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) recommended a eloped to address the effects of the project as they become known. SHPO acobs [SHPO] to Hollis [FHWA] September 19, 2003).

A, is submitting a draft PA for your review and comment. Please review A adequate, please sign below to indicate your concurrence. If you have ease respond in writing. If you have any questions or concerns, please 8 or via email at kneustadt@dot.state.az.us. Thank you.

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Appendix 2-1 • **A265** 

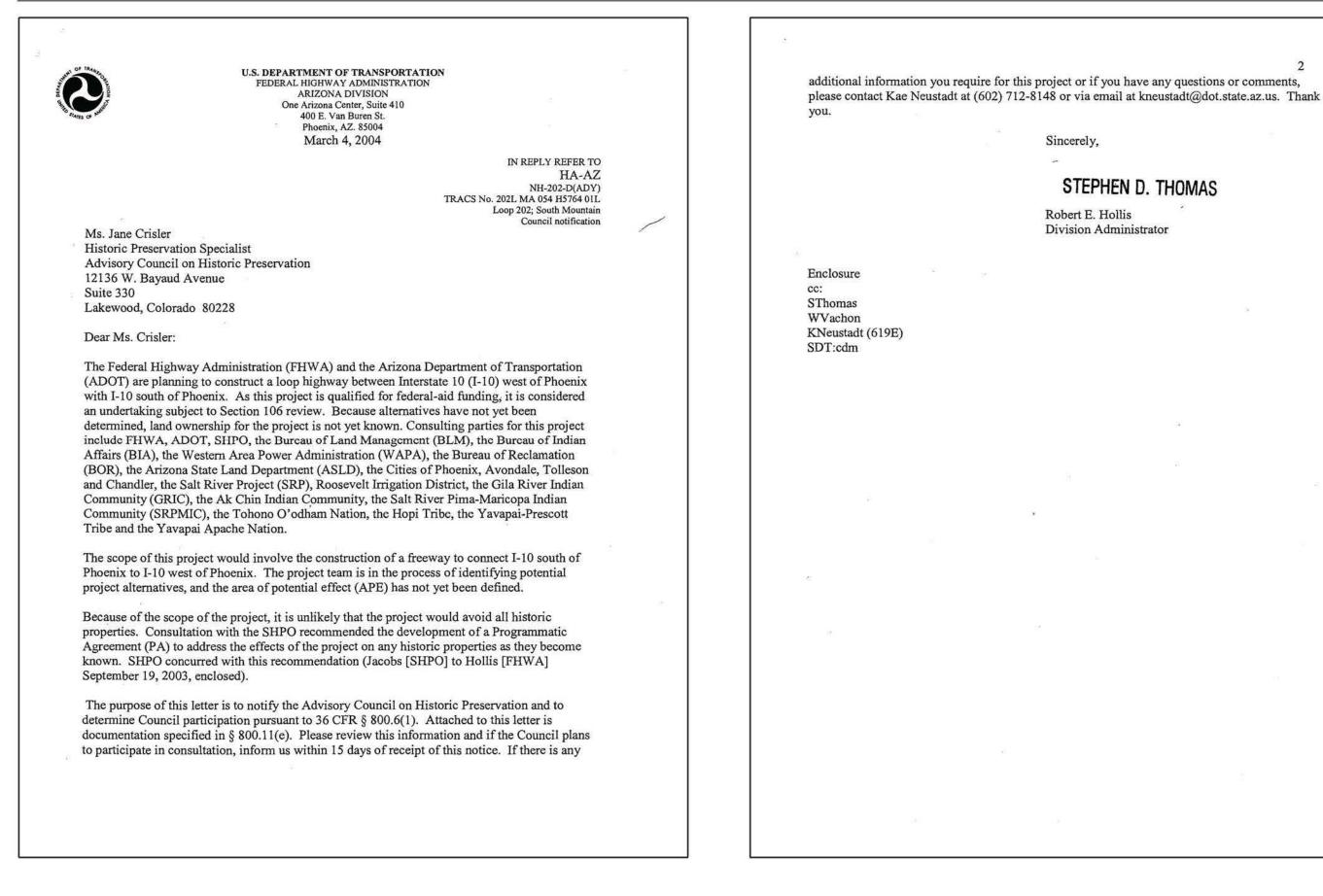
### Department of Transportation

Intermodal Transportation Division

uth Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Bill Higgins Acting State Engineer

12JAN04 Date



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### STEPHEN D. THOMAS

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator



Preserving America's Heritage

March 30, 2004

1.0

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration Arizona Division One Arizona Center, Suite 410 400 E. Van Bureau St. Phoenix, AZ 85004

RE: Proposed Programmatic Agreement Regarding Construction of a loop highway between Interstate 10 (I-10) west of Phoenix and I-10 south of Phoenix.

Dear Mr. Hollis:

On March 12, 2004, we received your notification and supporting documentation regarding the FHWA's intent to develop a Programmatic Agreement (PA) with the Arizona State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and other parties regarding the construction of a loop highway between I-10 west of Phoenix and I-10 south of Phoenix. We appreciate your notifying the ACHP early in planning, but at present there is not enough information available about the historic properties that may be affected to determine if the ACHP's participation is warranted. We encourage you to proceed to develop the PA in consultation with the SHPO and other parties without our participation. As consultation proceeds, please notify us if any of the criteria for ACHP involvement appear to be met.

The criteria for ACHP involvement are included in Appendix A of our regulations (36 CFR Part 800). According to these criteria, the ACHP is likely to participate in consultation when the undertaking:

(1) Has substantial impacts on important historic properties;

(2) Presents important questions of policy or interpretation;

(3) Has the potential for presenting procedural problems; or

(4) Presents issues of concern to Indian tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations.

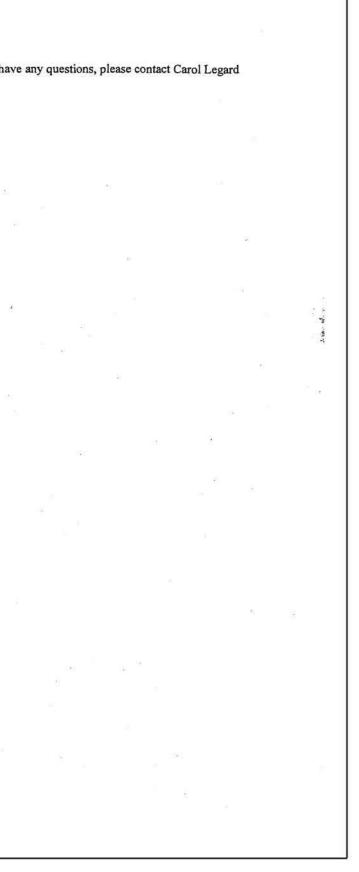
If none of these criteria apply, you will need to file the final PA, developed in consultation with the Arizona State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT), and other parties, at the conclusion of the consultation process pursuant to 36 CFR 800.6(b)(1)(iv). Please also provide us at that time with a description of the undertaking, including maps and illustrations as needed, the views of consulting parties and the public, and any additional information you feel appropriate. The filing of this PA with the ACHP is required in order for the FHWA to complete its compliance responsibilities under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION

12136 West Bayaud Avenue, Suite 330 • Lakewood, Colorado 80228 Phone: 303-969-5110 • Fax: 303-969-5115 • achp@achp.gov • www.achp.gov Thank you for providing us with your notification. If you have any questions, please contact Carol Legard at (303) 969-5110 or via E-mail at clegard@achp.gov.

Sincerely,

Carol Legard' U FHWA Liaison Office of Federal Agency Programs



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	Arizona Department of Tr	ansportation	Ari
ADOT	Intermodal Transportation 206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, A		ADOT 206 So
Janet Napolitano Governor	3	Bill Higgins Acting State	Janet Napolitano Governor
Victor M.	December 9, 2003	Engineer	Victor M. Mendez
Mendez Director	14		Director
Rick Anduze			Mr. Steve Ross, Archa
Archaeologist		14	Arizona State Land De
Salt River Project			1616 W. Adams
M.S. PAB 355	<b>X</b>		Phoenix, Arizona 8500
P.O. Box 5625	025	ξ.	
Phoenix, AZ 85072-2	025		RE: Project No: NH
RE: Project No. N	H-202-D(ADY)	÷	TRACS No. 20
	02L MA 054 H5764 01L		South Mountain
Loop 202; Sou			Continuing Sec
	ction 106 Consultation		Class III Survey Second Draft P
Dear Mr. Anduze:	142 II.		
			Dear Mr. Ross:
(ADOT) are planning of Phoenix. Previous of Programmatic Agreem	Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizo to construct a loop highway between Interstate 10 (I-10) consultation with the Arizona State Historic Preservation tent (PA) be developed to address the effects of the project	west of Phoenix to the I-10 south Office (SHPO) recommended a ct as they become known. SHPO	The Federal Highway A are conducting technica South Mountain Freew
concurred with this rea	commendation (Jacobs [SHPO] to Hollis [FHWA] Septer	nber 19, 2003).	variations of five altern
			around the south side o
	n behalf of FHWA, is submitting a draft PA for your revi If you find the PA adequate, please sign below to indica		Phoenix (see attached r undertaking subject to
	ges to request, please respond in writing. If you have any		
	at (602) 712-8148 or via email at kneustadt@dot.state.az		Land jurisdiction for th
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Sincerely,			(35.1 acres), and the Ci
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Phoenix, AZ 85007	,		Transportation, the City of Tolleson, the
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Signature for SRP Con	currence Date	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Zuni, the Salt River Pin
Enclosure			
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c: SThomas			
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July 1, 2005

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-202-D(ADY) 2L MA 054 H5764 01L Transportation Corridor tion 106 Consultation Report rogrammatic Agreement

Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) al studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, ay, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine ative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend f South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west nap). As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal Section 106 review.

e alternative alignments includes private land (5,160.7 acres) and lands izona State Land Department (101.4 acres), the Bureau of Land Management ty of Phoenix Parks and Recreation (62.32 acres).

ties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation visory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), the Bureau of Land ne Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the partment (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District ol District of Maricopa County, the Maricopa County Department of of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, e Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort the Gila River Indian Community, the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the bab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of na-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan

zona Department of Transportation modal Transportation Division uth Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

John A. Bogert Chief of Staff

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Ross July 1, 2005 Page 2 of 6

Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of five alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (T01, T02, T03, T04, and T06) that extend from I-10 west of Phoenix to I-10 in west Chandler, south of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length.

The cultural resources component of the EIS includes four technical studies:

- A Class I overview of the overall study area: "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in concurrences/responses from SHPO (Jacobs, September 19, 2003); BLM (Stone, September 22, 2003); City of Phoenix (Stocklin, September 8, 2003 and Bostwick, September 17, 2003); the Hopi Tribe (Kuwanwisiwma, September 10, 2003); Yavapai Prescott (Jones, September 10, 2003); Reclamation (Heathington, September 11, 2003); SRP (Anduze, November 10, 2003); and BIA (October 27, 2003).
- A Class III survey of the proposed alternative alignments: "A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Darling 2005), which is enclosed for consultation and discussed below.
- Addendum Class I overview and Addendum Class III survey to address the expansion (late 2004 and early 2005) of the overall study area to include portions of the I-10 and State Route 101L freeway corridors and shifts in the alternative alignments. These two additional reports will be forthcoming as part of the Section 106 consultations. The results of these two studies will be provided in the near future.

The initial alternative alignments, defined in March 2003, were surveyed by the Gila River Indian Community's Cultural Resource Management Program (GRIC-CRMP). The results are reported in a report titled A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona (Darling 2005), which is enclosed for your review and comment. Twenty-one archaeological sites were identified in the proposed alternative alignments (see attached table). Twenty sites are recommended as eligible to the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion D. One site is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP.

• AZ T:12:9 (ASM) (Villa Buena) and AZ T:12:52 (ASM) are prehistoric Hohokam villages with existing and/or historically documented public architecture. The sites are recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information on prehistoric Hohokam social organization, settlement, and land use in the lower Salt River Valley, including the village structure and the development of irrigation communities south of the Salt River.



Ross

- structure of irrigation communities.

- information potential.
- practices.
- and irrigation networks.

July 1, 2005 Page 3 of 6 • AZ T:11:164 (ASM), AZ T:12:91 (ASM), AZ T:12:127 (ASM) (Baseline Ruin), AZ T:12:202 (ASM), AZ T:12:203 (ASM), AZ T:12:204 (ASM), AZ T:12:205 (ASM), and AZ T:12:206 (ASM) are prehistoric Hohokam artifact scatters. The sites are recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information on prehistoric Hohokam social organization, settlement, and land use in the lower Salt River Valley, including the development and AZ T:12:197 (ASM), AZ T:12:201 (ASM), and AZ T:12:211 (ASM) are trail sites with associated features (age and cultural affiliation unknown, but likely Native American in origin). AZ T:12:207 (ASM) is a prehistoric trail site with an associated Hohokam artifact scatter. The sites are recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information on prehistoric settlement and land use near the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including social mobility and transportation networks. • AZ T:12:210 (ASM) is a prehistoric quarry (age and cultural affiliation unknown, but likely Native American in origin). The site is recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for its potential to provide important information prehistoric settlement and land use near the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including lithic resource procurement and ground stone technology. • AZ T:12:199 (ASM) and AZ T:12:200 (ASM) are historic O'odham artifact scatters. AZ T:12:199 (ASM) is recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for its potential to provide important information on historical-period O'odham settlement and land use near the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including the use of upland areas for subsistence and religious practices. AZ T:12:200 (ASM) is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP due to a lack of integrity and • AZ T:12:198 (ASM) and AZ T:12:208 (ASM) are prehistoric petroglyph sites with historic components. The sites are considered eligible to the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information of prehistoric Hohokam and historic O'odham settlement and land use at the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including the use of upland areas for religious • AZ T:10:83 (ASM) (Roosevelt Canal) and AZ T:12:154 (ASM) (Western Canal) are historic American irrigation canals. Both sites have previously been determined eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A for their important associations with the development of Arizona's agricultural industry All sites are located on private land, except for AZ T:10:83 (ASM) - Roosevelt Irrigation District; AZ T:12:154 (ASM) - Bureau of Reclamation / Salt River Project; AZ T:12:207 (ASM) - City of Phoenix, Park and Recreation; and AZ T:12:211 (ASM) - Arizona State Land Department. FHWA/ADOT is concurrently consulting with these agencies regarding the eligibility of these sites located on their land.

#### A270 · Appendix 2-1

Ross July 1, 2005 Page 4 of 6

In addition, FHWA/ADOT is recirculating a second draft Programmatic Agreement (PA, enclosed) because few tribes opted to participate in the PA when it was originally circulated in August 2003. This recirculation will allow the tribes another opportunity to participate in the PA. This second draft PA has been edited to address any comments from the first draft as well as to also addresses TCP properties more specifically.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed survey report, PA, and information provided in this letter. If you find the survey report adequate, agree with the eligibility recommendation for site AZ T:12:211 (ASM), and find the second draft PA acceptable, please sign below to indicate your concurrence and return to ADOT within 30 days. If you have any comments or changes to request for the PA, please respond in writing. We look forward to continuing consultation with your office as we develop the final PA to address project effects as the environmental documentation continues. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me at 602-712-8636 or e-mail slaine@azdot.gov.

Sincerely, Jerell E. haur

-Serelle E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Enclosures

Signature for ASLD Concurrence

Date

cc: SThomas (FHWA); WVachon (FHWA)

This letter was also sent to:

Mr. Garry Cantley, Western Regional Archaeologist, Bureau of Indian Affairs

Dr. Connie Stone, Archaeologist, Bureau of Land Management

Mr. Richard Boston, Archaeologist, Bureau of Reclamation

Mr. Todd Bostwick, Archaeologist, City of Phoenix

Mr. Rick Anduze, Archaeologist, Salt River Project

Dr. David Jacobs, Compliance Specialist, State Historic Preservation Office

 $\mathbf{C}$ U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Mr. Terry Enos, Chair Ak-Chin Indian Community 42507 W. Peters & Nall Rd. Maricopa, Arizona 85239 Dear Chairperson Enos: The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix (see attached map). As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Land jurisdiction for the alternative alignments includes private land (5,160.7 acres) and lands administered by the Arizona State Land Department (101.4 acres), the Bureau of Land Management (35.1 acres), and the City of Phoenix Parks and Recreation (62.32 acres). Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), Salt River Project (SRP), Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe. The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of five alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (T01, T02, T03, T04, and T06) that extend from I-10 west of Phoenix to I-10 in west Chandler, south of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length.

Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-2264

July 7, 2005

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural Places Draft Programmatic Agreement



The Gila River Indian Community's Cultural Resource Management Program (GRIC-CRMP) conducted a Class III cultural resources survey of the proposed alternative alignments. The results of the GRIC-CRMP survey are presented in a report titled A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona (Darling 2005), which is enclosed for your review. Twenty-one archaeological sites were identified in the proposed alternative alignments (see attached table). Twenty sites are recommended as eligible to the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion D. One site is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP.

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Because of the presence of the South Mountain Range and because areas of traditional cultural significance are not always identified through archaeological surveys, FHWA would like to request your participation in discussions regarding the potential effects to such resources that could result from the South Mountain Freeway project.

At this time, FHWA is inquiring whether you have any concerns regarding historic properties of religious or cultural importance to your community within the project area. If you have such concerns, any information you might provide within 30 days of receipt of this letter would be considered in the project planning. If your office opts to participate in cultural resource consultation at a later date, FHWA would make a good faith effort to address any concerns.

Additionally, FHWA is in the process of finalizing the South Mountain Corridor Programmatic Agreement (PA) to address project effects as the environmental documentation continues. The original draft PA was circulated in August 2003. At that time few tribes opted to participate. FHWA is recirculating the draft PA (enclosed) and would like to offer another opportunity for your tribe/community to participate in the PA. Please sign below if you would like to be included as a Concurring Party to the PA and return to FHWA within in 30 days.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your tribe/community through continued Section 106 consultation. We also look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Serelle E. Laine at 602-712-8636 or e-mail slaine@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

### STEPHEN D. THOMAS

Robert E. Hollis **Division Administrator** 

Signature for Ak-Chin Indian Community Concurrence

Date

Enclosures under separate cover (Chair: map and Programmatic Agreement) cc:

Nancy Nelson, Archaeologist, Ak-Chin Indian Community, 47685 N. Eco Museum Rd., Maricopa, AZ 85239 (Enclosures under separate cover: map, site table, Programmatic Agreement, and cultural resources survey report) SThomas, WVachon, SLaine (619E), REllis (619E)

SDThomas:cdm

The previous letter was also sent to:

Mr. Edward Smith, Chairman, Chemehuevi Indian Tribe Ms. Sherry Cordova, Chairwoman, Cocopah Indian Tribe Mr. Daniel Eddy, Jr., Chairman, Colorado River Indian Tribe Mr. Ralph Bear, President, Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation Ms. Nora McDowell, Chairwoman, Fort Mojave Tribe Mr. Mike Jackson, Sr., President, Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe Mr. Richard Narcia, Governor, Gila River Indian Community Mr. Don Watahonigie, Chairman, Havasupai Tribe Mr. Leigh Kuwanisiwma, Cultural Preservation Office, Hopi Tribe Ms. Loretta Jackson, Tribal Historic Preservation Office, Hualapai Tribe Ms. Carmen Bradley, Chair, Kaibab Band of Paiute Indians Mr. Alan Downer, Ph.D., Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, Navajo Nation Historic Preservation Department

Ms. Herminia Frias, Chairwoman, Pascua Yaqui Tribe Mr. Arden Quewakia, Governor, Pueblo of Zuni Ms. Joni Ramos, President, Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community Ms. Kathleen Wesley-Kitcheyan, Chairwoman, San Carlos Apache Nation Mr. John Lehi, Sr., President, San Juan Southern Paiute Mr. Peter Steere, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, Tohono O'odham Nation Mr. Joe Joaquin, Cultural Resource Specialist, Tohono O'odham Nation Mr. Ivan Smith, Chairman, Tonto Apache Tribe Mr. Dallas Massey, Sr., Chairman, White Mountain Apache Tribe Ms. Jamie Fullmer, Chairman, Yavapai-Apache Nation Mr. Ernest Jones, Sr., President, Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe

"Mana, ig and conserving natural, cultural, a. recreational resources" July 11, 2005 July 11, 2005 Page 2, Laine Serelle Laine Historic Preservation Coordinator Environmental and Enhancement Group Arizona Department of Transportation 205 South 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue Room 213E Arizona CR Phoenix, AZ 85007-3212 State Parks RE: Project No. NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Class III Survey Report; Draft PA Janet Napolitano SHPO-2003-1890 (24603) Governor twenty days seems inappropriate. State Parks Dear Ms. Laine: **Board Members** Chair Thank you for consulting with this office regarding the cultural resources survey **Elizabeth Stewart** report and the second draft of a Programmatic Agreement (PA) associated with Tempe the South Mountain Transportation Corridor pursuant to Section 106 of the William C. Porter National Historic Preservation Act as implemented by 36 CFR Part 800. We Kingman have reviewed the submitted materials and offer the following comments. Sincerely William Cordasco Flagstaff The submitted cultural resource report [A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Janice Chilton Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Payson Area, Maricopa County, Arizona] by J. Andrew Darling identified 21 sites and David Jacobs 191 Isolated Occurrences (IOs). One of sites [i.e., AZ T:12:200 (ASM)] is Compliance Specialist/Archaeologist William C. Scalzo Phoenix recommended as ineligible, and well as all of the IOs. Many of the IOs should State Historic Preservation Office be reconsidered as parts of larger entities, such as known prehistoric habitation John U. Havs 1 sites, canals, and avenues of travel. Yarnell Mark Winkleman For instance, the report grouped some of the IOs into twelve IO clusters in "areas State Land where numerous artifacts co-occur but in concentrations less than would merit an Commissioner archaeological site designation (Darling 2005:4-13)." One of these areas is noted Kenneth E. Travous **Executive Director** in association with several prehistoric trails and trail sites (Darling 2005:4-14), with the additional comment that some of these trails continue to be used by **Arizona State Parks** 1300 W. Washington Phoenix, AZ 85007 GRIC today. It is suggested that these associations be distinguished with the assignment of a linear site number to the trail in question, and the IOs linked as Tel & TTY: 602.542.4174 features to their associated site. This will help guarantee, as Darling (2005:5-12) www.azstateparks.com notes, that investigations of these non-site features "include detailed surface studies or subsurface investigations." 800.285.3703 from (520 & 928) area codes Regarding eligibility recommendations, besides the above comments about IOs, General Fax: 602,542,4180 two of the identified historic properties are historic period canals. Both AZ Director's Office Fax: T:10:83 (ASM), the Roosevelt Canal, and AZ T;12:154 (ASM), the Western 602.542.4188 Canal, are recommended as eligible under Criterion "d", however, our records suggest Criterion "a" should also be considered.

The submitted draft PA contains provisions for federal, state, and private land, but not tribal land? Twenty-three tribal groups are listed on the first page of the draft PA, yet if any tribal land is involved in the area of potential effect (which is not defined in the draft PA document), then the tribal interactions will change.

One specific concern about the draft PA involves the number of days consulting parties will have from receipt to review and provide comments. The number of days is not mentioned in the first several stipulations, however, Stipulation #4 regarding data recovery work plans states 30 calendar days' review. Stipulation #11 of the draft PA deals with additional inventory survey and the number of calendar days provided for resolution of any disagreement, and the suggested

We do appreciate your cooperation with this office in considering the impacts of federal undertakings on cultural resources situated in Arizona, and we look forward to reviewing the revised data recovery report. If you have any questions, please contact me at (602) 542-7140 or electronically via djacobs@pr.state.az.us.

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US Departmen Transportatio Federal Highway

**Arizona** Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-2264

July 7, 2005

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural Places Draft Programmatic Agreement

Mr. Arden Quewakia, Governor Pueblo of Zuni P. O. Box 339 Zuni, New Mexico 87327

Dear Governor Quewakia:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix (see attached map). As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

Land jurisdiction for the alternative alignments includes private land (5,160.7 acres) and lands administered by the Arizona State Land Department (101.4 acres), the Bureau of Land Management (35.1 acres), and the City of Phoenix Parks and Recreation (62.32 acres).

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM). the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), Salt River Project (SRP), Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of five alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (T01, T02, T03, T04, and T06) that extend from I-10 west of Phoenix to I-10 in west Chandler, south of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length.

The Gila River Indian Community's Cultural Resource Management Program (GRIC-CRMP) conducted a Class III cultural resources survey of the proposed alternative alignments. The results of the GRIC-CRMP



2 survey are presented in a report titled A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona (Darling 2005), which is enclosed for your review. Twenty-one archaeological sites were identified in the proposed alternative alignments (see attached table). Twenty sites are recommended as eligible to the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion D. One site is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP. Because of the presence of the South Mountain Range and because areas of traditional cultural significance are not always identified through archaeological surveys, FHWA would like to request your participation in discussions regarding the potential effects to such resources that could result from the South Mountain Freeway project. At this time, FHWA is inquiring whether you have any concerns regarding historic properties of religious or cultural importance to your community within the project area. If you have such concerns, any information you might provide within 30 days of receipt of this letter would be considered in the project planning. If your office opts to participate in cultural resource consultation at a later date, FHWA would make a good faith effort to address any concerns. Additionally, FHWA is in the process of finalizing the South Mountain Corridor Programmatic Agreement (PA) to address project effects as the environmental documentation continues. The original draft PA was circulated in August 2003. At that time few tribes opted to participate. FHWA is re-circulating the draft PA (enclosed) and would like to offer another opportunity for your tribe/community to participate in the PA. Please sign below if you would like to be included as a Concurring Party to the PA and return to FHWA within in 30 days. As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your tribe/community through continued Section 106 consultation. We also look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Serelle E. Laine at 602-712-8636 or e-mail slaine@azdot.gov. Sincerel Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator 7-12-05 Signature for Pueblo of Zuni Concurrence Enclosures under separate cover: (Governor: map and Programmatic Agreement) cc: Jonathan Damp, Archaeologist, Pueblo of Zuni, Cultural Resources Enterprise, P.O. Box 1149, Zuni, NM, 87328 (Enclosures under separate cover: map, site table, Programmatic Agreement, and cultural resources survey report)

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IN REPLY REFER TO: PXAO-1500	Phoen	ix, Arizona 85069-116	9	2 B	
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Ms. Serrelle E. Lair	e. Coordinator				
Historic Preservatio	n Team				
Environmental & E 205 South 17 <sup>th</sup> Aver	hancement Group				100
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Phoenix, Arizona 8	5007-3213				
	: NH-202-D(ADY), TR tion Corridor	ACS No. 202L M	A H5764 01L, South N	Mountain	
Dear Ms. Laine:					
Alignments in the So (Darling 2005)," and Site Eligibility on pa	the report titled, "A Class uth Mountain Freeway I find it complete and as ge 5-21, paragraph 5, s ermined eligible for list	Corridor Study And dequate with one n hould indicate that	tea, Maricopa County, ninor revision. The sur the Western Canal A2	Arizona mmary of Z T:12:154	
	ed the second draft Pro a concurring party. If at 602-216-3941.				
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		Bruce D. Ellis Chief, Environmen Management Divi		*	
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## Arizona Department of Transportation

Intermodal Transportation Division 206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Janet Napolitano Governor Victor M. Mendez Director

July 1, 2005

Mr. Todd Bostwick, Archaeologist City of Phoenix Pueblo Grande Museum 4619 E. Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85034

RE: Project No: NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Class III Survey Report Second Draft Programmatic Agreement

Dear Mr. Bostwick:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix (see attached map). As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

Land jurisdiction for the alternative alignments includes private land (5,160.7 acres) and lands administered by the Arizona State Land Department (101.4 acres), the Bureau of Land Management (35.1 acres), and the City of Phoenix Parks and Recreation (62.32 acres).

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the Flood Control District of Maricopa County, the Maricopa County Department of Transportation, the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community, the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the San Juan

John A. Bogert Chief of Staff

Bostwick July 1, 2005 Page 2 of 6

Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of five alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (T01, T02, T03, T04, and T06) that extend from I-10 west of Phoenix to I-10 in west Chandler, south of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length.

The cultural resources component of the EIS includes four technical studies:

- A Class I overview of the overall study area: "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in concurrences/responses from SHPO (Jacobs, September 19, 2003); BLM (Stone, September 22, 2003); City of Phoenix (Stocklin, September 8, 2003 and Bostwick, September 17, 2003); the Hopi Tribe (Kuwanwisiwma, September 10, 2003); Yavapai Prescott (Jones, September 10, 2003); Reclamation (Heathington, September 11, 2003); SRP (Anduze, November 10, 2003); and BIA (October 27, 2003).
- A Class III survey of the proposed alternative alignments: "A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Darling 2005), which is enclosed for consultation and discussed below.
- · Addendum Class I overview and Addendum Class III survey to address the expansion (late 2004 and early 2005) of the overall study area to include portions of the I-10 and State Route 101L freeway corridors and shifts in the alternative alignments. These two additional reports will be forthcoming as part of the Section 106 consultations. The results of these two studies will be provided in the near future.

The initial alternative alignments, defined in March 2003, were surveyed by the Gila River Indian Community's Cultural Resource Management Program (GRIC-CRMP). The results are reported in a report titled A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona (Darling 2005), which is enclosed for your review and comment. Twenty-one archaeological sites were identified in the proposed alternative alignments (see attached table). Twenty sites are recommended as eligible to the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion D. One site is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP.

• AZ T:12:9 (ASM) (Villa Buena) and AZ T:12:52 (ASM) are prehistoric Hohokam villages with existing and/or historically documented public architecture. The sites are recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information on prehistoric Hohokam social organization, settlement, and land use in the lower Salt River Valley, including the village structure and the development of irrigation communities south of the Salt River.



Bostwick July 1, 2005 Page 3 of 6

- structure of irrigation communities.

- information potential.
- practices.
- and irrigation networks.

• AZ T:11:164 (ASM), AZ T:12:91 (ASM), AZ T:12:127 (ASM) (Baseline Ruin), AZ T:12:202 (ASM), AZ T:12:203 (ASM), AZ T:12:204 (ASM), AZ T:12:205 (ASM), and AZ T:12:206 (ASM) are prehistoric Hohokam artifact scatters. The sites are recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information on prehistoric Hohokam social organization, settlement, and land use in the lower Salt River Valley, including the development and • AZ T:12:197 (ASM), AZ T:12:201 (ASM), and AZ T:12:211 (ASM) are trail sites with associated features (age and cultural affiliation unknown, but likely Native American in origin). AZ T:12:207 (ASM) is a prehistoric trail site with an associated Hohokam artifact scatter. The sites are recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information on prehistoric settlement and land use near the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including social mobility and transportation networks. • AZ T:12:210 (ASM) is a prehistoric guarry (age and cultural affiliation unknown, but likely Native American in origin). The site is recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for its potential to provide important information prehistoric settlement and land use near the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including lithic resource procurement and ground stone technology. • AZ T:12:199 (ASM) and AZ T:12:200 (ASM) are historic O'odham artifact scatters. AZ T:12:199 (ASM) is recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for its potential to provide important information on historical-period O'odham settlement and land use near the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including the use of upland areas for subsistence and religious practices. AZ T:12:200 (ASM) is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP due to a lack of integrity and AZ T:12:198 (ASM) and AZ T:12:208 (ASM) are prehistoric petroglyph sites with historic components. The sites are considered eligible to the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information of prehistoric Hohokam and historic O'odham settlement and land use at the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including the use of upland areas for religious • AZ T:10:83 (ASM) (Roosevelt Canal) and AZ T:12:154 (ASM) (Western Canal) are historic American irrigation canals. Both sites have previously been determined eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A for their important associations with the development of Arizona's agricultural industry All sites are located on private land, except for AZ T:10:83 (ASM) - Roosevelt Irrigation District; AZ T:12:154 (ASM) - Bureau of Reclamation / Salt River Project; AZ T:12:207 (ASM) - City of Phoenix, Park and Recreation; and AZ T:12:211 (ASM) - Arizona State Land Department. FHWA/ADOT is concurrently consulting with these agencies regarding the eligibility of these sites located on their land.



#### **A276** • Appendix 2-1

Bostwick July 1, 2005 Page 4 of 6

In addition, FHWA/ADOT is recirculating a second draft Programmatic Agreement (PA, enclosed) because few tribes opted to participate in the PA when it was originally circulated in August 2003. This recirculation will allow the tribes another opportunity to participate in the PA. This second draft PA has been edited to address any comments from the first draft as well as to also addresses TCP properties more specifically.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed survey report, PA, and information provided in this letter. If you find the survey report adequate, agree with the eligibility recommendation for site AZ T:12:207 (ASM), and find the second draft PA acceptable, please sign below to indicate your concurrence and return to ADOT within 30 days. If you have any comments or changes to request for the PA, please respond in writing. We look forward to continuing consultation with your office as we develop the final PA to address project effects as the environmental documentation continues. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me at 602-712-8636 or e-mail slaine@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

Spell E. hains

Serelle E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17th Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Enclosures

or City of Phoenix Concurrence

cc: SThomas (FHWA); WVachon (FHWA)

7-18-05 Date



# **Report Review Form**

#### **Project No.: ADOT**

Report Title: A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona

Draft: X

Author: Darling

Action: Accepted

#### **Comments:**

- Under Agency on the Abstract page (i): Other agencies should be listed here (SHPO, COP, Tribes, other cities, etc.).
- Under the Introduction, page 1-1, final paragraph, line 2: Insert the word a between of and detailed.
- Under the Introduction, page 1-1, final paragraph: The owners of the property on which the Class III survey was conducted should be listed.
- On Figure 1.1, page 1-2: Put TO (the projected freeway corridors) in the key. Also, why is TO5 not displayed in the figure (both here and in the rest of the report)?
- Under Project Location and Area of Potential Effect (APE), page 2-1, initial paragraph, final sentence: Please explain why there is no TO5 corridor.
- On Figure 2.1, page 2-3: Please cite which publication this chronology was adapted from.
- Under Field Methodology, page 3-1, initial paragraph, initial line: Insert A at the beginning of the initial sentence.
- On Figures 4.2 through Figure 4.7, pages 4-3 through 4-12, respectively: Please provide the reasons certain areas were not surveyed or refer the reader to a page where this information can be found.
- Under View 5—Laveen and Lone Butte Quadrangles (Alignments T01-T06), page 4-9, initial paragraph, second-to-last sentence: You mention that the APE crosses several ridges of South Mountain. It is worth noting that most of these ridges are within the South Mountain Preserve.
- Under Site Significance, page 5-7, final paragraph, sentence 5: How is it known that only "one other site in the South Mountains" contains prehistoric and historic petroglyphs? There are more of these sites that are known to the City of Phoenix Archaeology Office.





Archaeology Section Pueblo Grande Museum 4619 E. Washington St. Phoenix, AZ 85034

#### Date Report Submitted: 7/5/05

Final:

Firm: ADOT

More Information Requested X Revise & Resubmit

- An important reference not cited in this report is: Bostwick, Todd
  - 2001 Gold-Gold: The Rise and Fall of Mining in Phoenix's South Mountain Park. In *The Journal of Arizona History*, Spring 2001.

#### **Recommendations:**

Please revise the report accordingly and send one final bound copy of this report to the City of Phoenix Archaeology Office.

Reviewed By: Robert A. Serocki Jr. and Todd W. Bostwick, Ph.D. Date: 7/19/05

Collection to be submitted: No Remarks: No collections were made. Mr. Ernest Jones, Sr., President Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe 530 E. Merritt Prescott, Arizona 86301-2038

Dear President Jones:

U.S. Depart

of Transportation

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix (see attached map). As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

Land jurisdiction for the alternative alignments includes private land (5,160.7 acres) and lands administered by the Arizona State Land Department (101.4 acres), the Bureau of Land Management (35.1 acres), and the City of Phoenix Parks and Recreation (62.32 acres).

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), Salt River Project (SRP), Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of five alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (T01, T02, T03, T04, and T06) that extend from I-10 west of Phoenix to I-10 in west Chandler, south of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length.

The Gila River Indian Community's Cultural Resource Management Program (GRIC-CRMP) conducted a Class III cultural resources survey of the proposed alternative alignments. The results of the GRIC-CRMP

#### Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-2264

July 7, 2005

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural Places Draft Programmatic Agreement



survey are presented in a report titled A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona (Darling 2005), which is enclosed for your review. Twenty-one archaeological sites were identified in the proposed alternative alignments (see attached table). Twenty sites are recommended as eligible to the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion D. One site is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP.

Because of the presence of the South Mountain Range and because areas of traditional cultural significance are not always identified through archaeological surveys, FHWA would like to request your participation in discussions regarding the potential effects to such resources that could result from the South Mountain Freeway project.

At this time, FHWA is inquiring whether you have any concerns regarding historic properties of religious or cultural importance to your community within the project area. If you have such concerns, any information you might provide within 30 days of receipt of this letter would be considered in the project planning. If your office opts to participate in cultural resource consultation at a later date, FHWA would make a good faith effort to address any concerns.

Additionally, FHWA is in the process of finalizing the South Mountain Corridor Programmatic Agreement (PA) to address project effects as the environmental documentation continues. The original draft PA was circulated in August 2003. At that time few tribes opted to participate. FHWA is re-circulating the draft PA (enclosed) and would like to offer another opportunity for your tribe/community to participate in the PA. Please sign below if you would like to be included as a Concurring Party to the PA and return to FHWA within in 30 days.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your tribe/community through continued Section 106 consultation. We also look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Serelle E. Laine at 602-712-8636 or e-mail slaine@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

## STEPHEN D. THOMAS

Robert E. Hollis **Division** Administrator

The Yavapai=Prescott Indian Tribe does not wish to be a party to the Programmatic agreement for this project as it occurs entirely outside aboriginal Yavapai Territory. We defer to the southern tribes. Signature for Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe Date Concurrence

Scott Kwiatkowski, Tribal Anthropologist

Enclosures under separate cover: (President: map and Programmatic Agreement) cc:

22 July 2005

2

Nancy Hayden, Director, Cultural Research Program, Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe (Enclosures under separate cover: map, site table, Programmatic Agreement, and cultural resources survey report) SThomas, WVachon, SLaine (619E), REllis (619E) SDThomas:cdm

ADOT

John A. Bogert

···· Chief-of-Staff

Arizona Department of Transportation Intermodal Transportation Division 206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Victor M. Mendez Director

Janet Napolitand

July 1, 2005

Dr. Connie Stone, Archaeologist Bureau of Land Management Phoenix Field Office 21605 N. 7<sup>th</sup> Ave. Phoenix, Arizona 85027-2099

RE: Project No: NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Class III Survey Report Second Draft Programmatic Agreement

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Stone July 1, 2005 Page 2 of 6

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Stone July 1, 2005 Page 3 of 6

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#### **A280** • Appendix 2-1

' Stone July 1, 2005 Page 4 of 6

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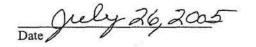
Sincerely,

erele E. hair

Serelle E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17th Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Enclosures

cc: SThomas (FHWA); WVachon (FHWA)





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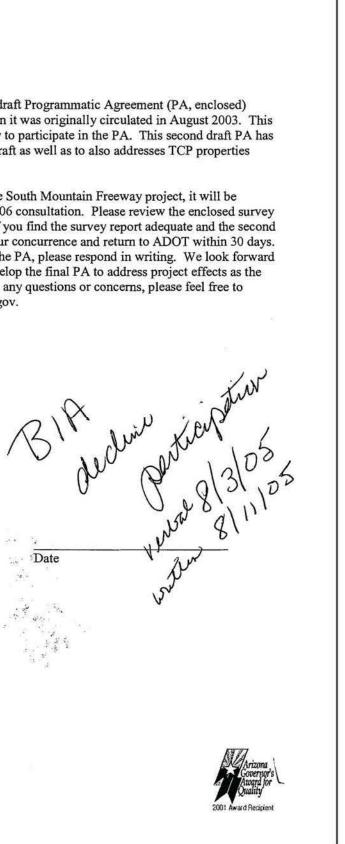
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Enclosures

Signature for BIA Concurrence

cc: SThomas (FHWA); WVachon (FHWA)







### Arizona Department of Transportation

Intermodal Transportation Division 206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Janet Napolitano Governor Victor M. Mendez

Director

August 3, 2005

John A. Bogert Chief of Staff

Mr. Ralph Velez, City Manager City of Tolleson 9555 West Van Buren Street Tolleson, Arizona 85353

RE: Project No: NH-202-D() TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Draft Cultural Resources "Programmatic Agreement"

Dear Mr. Velez:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix (see attached map). As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

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- An Addendum Cultural Resources Class I Overview Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck and Touchin 2005).
- An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck 2005).

Twenty-two archaeological sites and Twenty-one historic sites were identified in the proposed alternative alignments. In addition, the South Mountain Range is identified as place of traditional cultural importance to Native American tribes. FHWA/ADOT is circulating the draft Programmatic Agreement (PA) that addresses cultural resources for the project for your review. If you find the PA adequate and wish to participate in the final PA, please indicate your concurrence by signing below and return within in 20 days. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me at 602-712-8636 or e-mail slaine@azdot.gov. Sincerely, Matthew E. Laine, Coordinator

Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Enclosures

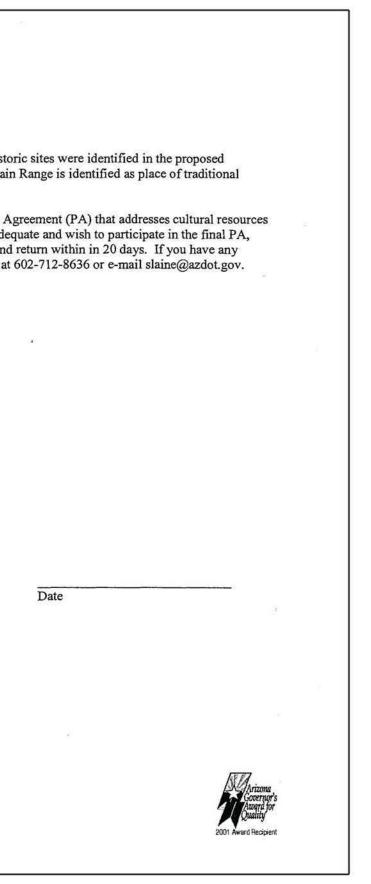
Velez

August 3, 2005

Page 2 of 2

Signature for City of Tolleson Concurrence

cc: SThomas (FHWA); WVachon (FHWA)



The previous letter was also sent to:

Mr. Charlie McClendon, City Manager, City of Avondale

Mr. Mike Normand, Transportation Services and Planning Manager, City of Chandler

Mr. Ed Beasley, City Manager, City of Glendale

1	
	· · ·
	" U.S.Department of Transportation
	Federal Highway
	Administration
	• •
	Mr. Raphael Bear, President
	Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation
	P.O. Box 17779
	Fountain Hills, Arizona 85269
	1 ountain mins, Mizona 05207
	Dear President Bear:
	Dear Tresident Beat.
	$T_{i-1} = T_{i-1} = 1  \text{if } i =$
	The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Ariz
	conducting technical studies in support of the Environmenta
	Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report
	alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Free
	South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler a
	this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a fe
	- )
	Land jurisdiction for the alternative alignments includes priv
	the Arizona State Land Department (101.4 acres), the Bureau
	Phoenix Parks and Recreation (62.32 acres).
	Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, A
	(SHPO), the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (AC
	Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (
	(ASLD), Salt River Project (SRP), Roosevelt Irrigation Distr
	Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City
	Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River In
	the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the G
	Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute
	the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Cor
	Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tont
	the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian
	The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of five alter
	T03, T04, and T06) that extend from I-10 west of Phoenix to
	metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1000-ft (304.8-m
	miles (38.0 km) in length.
	The Gila River Indian Community's Cultural Resource Mana
	III cultural resources survey of the proposed alternative align
	presented in a report titled A Class III Cultural Resource Surv
-	

#### Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-2264

July 7, 2005

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural Places Draft Programmatic Agreement

Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are nental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South eport project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five a Freeway, which would extend around the south side of dler and to I-10 in west Phoenix (see attached map). As d a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

s private land (5,160.7 acres) and lands administered by Jureau of Land Management (35.1 acres), and the City of

VA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (ACHP), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the tion (Reclamation), the Arizona State Land Department District (RID), the City of Avondale, the City of City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the ver Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, he Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai aiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, n Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, ndian Tribe.

alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (T01, T02, ix to I-10 in west Chandler, south of the greater Phoenix 4.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6

Management Program (GRIC-CRMP) conducted a Class alignments. The results of the GRIC-CRMP survey are survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South



Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona (Darling 2005), which is enclosed for your review. Twenty-one archaeological sites were identified in the proposed alternative alignments (see attached table). Twenty sites are recommended as eligible to the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion D. One site is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP.

Because of the presence of the South Mountain Range and because areas of traditional cultural significance are not always identified through archaeological surveys, FHWA would like to request your participation in discussions regarding the potential effects to such resources that could result from the South Mountain Freeway project.

At this time, FHWA is inquiring whether you have any concerns regarding historic properties of religious or cultural importance to your community within the project area. If you have such concerns, any information you might provide within 30 days of receipt of this letter would be considered in the project planning. If your office opts to participate in cultural resource consultation at a later date, FHWA would make a good faith effort to address any concerns.

Additionally, FHWA is in the process of finalizing the South Mountain Corridor Programmatic Agreement (PA) to address project effects as the environmental documentation continues. The original draft PA was circulated in August 2003. At that time few tribes opted to participate. FHWA is re-circulating the draft PA (enclosed) and would like to offer another opportunity for your tribe/community to participate in the PA. Please sign below if you would like to be included as a Concurring Party to the PA and return to FHWA within in 30 days.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your tribe/community through continued Section 106 consultation. We also look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Serelle E. Laine at 602-712-8636 or e-mail slaine@azdot.gov.

Sincerely

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator

Signature for Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation Concurrence

Enclosures under separate cover: map, site table, Programmatic Agreement, and cultural resources survey report



2

### Arizona Department of Transportation

Intermodal Transportation Division 206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Janet Napolitano Governor Victor M. Mendez Director

July 1, 2005

Mr. Rick Anduze, Archaeologist Salt River Project P.P. Box 52025, Mailstop PAB 352 Phoenix, Arizona 85072-2025

RE: Project No: NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Class III Survey Report Second Draft Programmatic Agreement

Dear Mr. Anduze:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix (see attached map). As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

Land jurisdiction for the alternative alignments includes private land (5,160.7 acres) and lands administered by the Arizona State Land Department (101.4 acres), the Bureau of Land Management (35.1 acres), and the City of Phoenix Parks and Recreation (62.32 acres).

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the Flood Control District of Maricopa County, the Maricopa County Department of Transportation, the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community, the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan

John A. Bogert Chief of Staff

Environmental Compliance Environmental Services

#### **A284** • Appendix 2-1

Anduze July 1, 2005 Page 2 of 6

Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of five alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (T01, T02, T03, T04, and T06) that extend from I-10 west of Phoenix to I-10 in west Chandler, south of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length.

The cultural resources component of the EIS includes four technical studies:

- A Class I overview of the overall study area: "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in concurrences/responses from SHPO (Jacobs, September 19, 2003); BLM (Stone, September 22, 2003); City of Phoenix (Stocklin, September 8, 2003 and Bostwick, September 17, 2003); the Hopi Tribe (Kuwanwisiwma, September 10, 2003); Yavapai Prescott (Jones, September 10, 2003); Reclamation (Heathington, September 11, 2003); SRP (Anduze, November 10, 2003); and BIA (October 27, 2003).
- A Class III survey of the proposed alternative alignments: "A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Darling 2005), which is enclosed for consultation and discussed below.
- Addendum Class I overview and Addendum Class III survey to address the expansion (late 2004 and early 2005) of the overall study area to include portions of the I-10 and State Route 101L freeway corridors and shifts in the alternative alignments. These two additional reports will be forthcoming as part of the Section 106 consultations. The results of these two studies will be provided in the near future.

The initial alternative alignments, defined in March 2003, were surveyed by the Gila River Indian Community's Cultural Resource Management Program (GRIC-CRMP). The results are reported in a report titled A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona (Darling 2005), which is enclosed for your review and comment. Twenty-one archaeological sites were identified in the proposed alternative alignments (see attached table). Twenty sites are recommended as eligible to the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion D. One site is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP.

• AZ T:12:9 (ASM) (Villa Buena) and AZ T:12:52 (ASM) are prehistoric Hohokam villages with existing and/or historically documented public architecture. The sites are recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information on prehistoric Hohokam social organization, settlement, and land use in the lower Salt River Valley, including the village structure and the development of irrigation communities south of the Salt River.



Anduze July 1, 2005 Page 3 of 6

- AZ T:11:164 (ASM), AZ T:12:91 (ASM), AZ T:12:127 (ASM) (Baseline Ruin), AZ T:12:202 (ASM), AZ T:12:203 (ASM), AZ T:12:204 (ASM), AZ T:12:205 (ASM), and AZ T:12:206 (ASM) are prehistoric Hohokam artifact scatters. The sites are recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information on prehistoric Hohokam social organization, settlement, and land use in the lower Salt River Valley, including the development and structure of irrigation communities.
- AZ T:12:197 (ASM), AZ T:12:201 (ASM), and AZ T:12:211 (ASM) are trail sites with associated features (age and cultural affiliation unknown, but likely Native American in origin). AZ T:12:207 (ASM) is a prehistoric trail site with an associated Hohokam artifact scatter. The sites are recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information on prehistoric settlement and land use near the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including social mobility and transportation networks.
- AZ T:12:210 (ASM) is a prehistoric quarry (age and cultural affiliation unknown, but likely Native American in origin). The site is recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for its potential to provide important information prehistoric settlement and land use near the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including lithic resource procurement and ground stone technology.
- AZ T:12:199 (ASM) and AZ T:12:200 (ASM) are historic O'odham artifact scatters. AZ T:12:199 (ASM) is recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for its potential to provide important information on historical-period O'odham settlement and land use near the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including the use of upland areas for subsistence and religious practices. AZ T:12:200 (ASM) is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP due to a lack of integrity and information potential.
- AZ T:12:198 (ASM) and AZ T:12:208 (ASM) are prehistoric petroglyph sites with historic components. The sites are considered eligible to the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information of prehistoric Hohokam and historic O'odham settlement and land use at the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including the use of upland areas for religious practices.
- AZ T:10:83 (ASM) (Roosevelt Canal) and AZ T:12:154 (ASM) (Western Canal) are historic American irrigation canals. Both sites have previously been determined eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A for their important associations with the development of Arizona's agricultural industry and irrigation networks.

All sites are located on private land, except for AZ T:10:83 (ASM) - Roosevelt Irrigation District; AZ T:12:154 (ASM) - Bureau of Reclamation / Salt River Project; AZ T:12:207 (ASM) - City of Phoenix, Park and Recreation; and AZ T:12:211 (ASM) - Arizona State Land Department. FHWA/ADOT is concurrently consulting with these agencies regarding the eligibility of these sites located on their land.



Anduze July 1, 2005 Page 4 of 6

In addition, FHWA/ADOT is recirculating a second draft Programmatic Agreement (PA, enclosed) because few tribes opted to participate in the PA when it was originally circulated in August 2003. This recirculation will allow the tribes another opportunity to participate in the PA. This second draft PA has been edited to address any comments from the first draft as well as to also addresses TCP properties more specifically.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed survey report, PA, and information provided in this letter. If you find the survey report adequate, agree with the eligibility recommendation for site AZ T:12:154 (ASM), and find the second draft PA acceptable, please sign below to indicate your concurrence and return to ADOT within 30 days. If you have any comments or changes to request for the PA, please respond in writing. We look forward to continuing consultation with your office as we develop the final PA to address project effects as the environmental documentation continues. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me at 602-712-8636 or e-mail slaine@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

Jerell E. hairs

Serelle E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Enclosures

Richard alman Signature for SRP Concurr

cc: SThomas (FHWA); WVachon (FHWA)

8 August 2005 Date



Governor Victor M. Mendez Director

August 17, 2005

Terry Enos, Chair Ak-Chin Indian Community 42507 West Peters & Nall Rd. Maricopa, Arizona 85239

RE: Project No: NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Draft Programmatic Agreement follow-up

Dear Chair Enos:

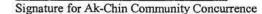
The Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) on behalf of the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) is following up on our recent request for input on the draft Programmatic Agreement (PA) for the South Mountain Corridor freeway project (letter from Hollis, FHWA, July 7, 2005). ADOT/FHWA are in the process of finalizing the South Mountain Corridor PA to address project effects as the environmental documentation continues for the project. A draft PA was circulated in July 2005 along with an invitation to participate in discussions regarding the potential effects of the project on areas of traditional cultural significance, however, at this time, few tribes have opted to participate.

ADOT on behalf of FHWA would like to offer another opportunity for your tribe/community to participate in the PA and in discussions regarding potential effects to areas of traditional cultural significance. Please sign below if you would like to be included as a Concurring Party to the final PA and return to ADOT by September 2, 2005. If your office opts to participate in cultural resource consultation at a later date, ADOT/FHWA would make a good faith effort to address any concerns.

If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me at 602-712-8636 or e-mail slaine@azdot.gov.

fulle E. harre

Serelle E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17th Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213



cc: Nancy Nelson, Archaeologist SThomas (FHWA)



### Arizona Department of Transportation

Intermodal Transportation Division 206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

> David P. Jankofsky Deputy Director

Date

The previous letter was also sent to:

Mr. Edward Smith, Chairman, Chemehuevi Indian Tribe Ms. Sherry Cordova, Chairwoman, Cocopah Indian Tribe

Mr. Daniel Eddy, Jr., Chairman, Colorado River Indian Tribes

Mr. Ralph Bear, President, Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation

Ms. Nora McDowell, Chairwoman, Fort Mojave Tribe

Mr. Mike Jackson, Sr., President, Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe

Mr. Richard Narcia, Governor, Gila River Indian Community

Mr. Don Watahonigie, Chairman, Havasupai Tribe

Mr. Leigh Kuwanisiwma, Cultural Preservation Officer, Hopi Tribe

Ms. Loretta Jackson, Tribal Historic Preservation Office, Hualapai Tribe

Ms. Carmen Bradley, Chair, Kaibab-Band of Paiute Indians

Mr. Alan Downer, Ph.D., Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, Navajo Nation Historic Preservation Department

Ms. Herminia Frias, Chairwoman, Pascua Yaqui Tribe

Ms. Joni Ramos, President, Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community

Ms. Kathleen Wesley-Kitcheyan, Chairwoman, San Carlos Apache Nation

Mr. John Lehi, Sr., President, San Juan Southern Paiute

Mr. Peter Steere, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, Tohono O'odham Nation

Mr. Joe Joaquin, Cultural Resource Specialist, Tohono O'odham Nation

Mr. Ivan Smith, Chairman, Tonto Apache Tribe

Mr. Mark Altaha, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, White Mountain Apache Tribe

Ms. Jamie Fullmer, Chairwoman, Yavapai-Apache Nation



# Arizona Department of Transportation Intermodal Transportation Division

206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Victor M. Mendez Director

August 31, 2005

Diana Stewart, Environmental Planner Flood Control District Maricopa County 2801 West Durango Street Phoenix, Arizona 85009

RE: Project No: NH-202-D() TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Draft Cultural Resources "Programmatic Agreement"

Dear Ms. Stewart:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix (see attached map). As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of five alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (T01, T02, T03, T04, and T06) that extend from I-10 west of Phoenix to I-10 in west Chandler, south of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length. Land jurisdiction for the alternative alignments includes private land (5,160.7 acres) and lands administered by the Arizona State Land Department (101.4 acres), the Bureau of Land Management (35.1 acres), and the City of Phoenix Parks and Recreation (62.32 acres).

The cultural resources component of the EIS includes four technical studies:

- A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona (Burden 2002).
- A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona (Darling 2005).
- An Addendum Cultural Resources Class I Overview Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck and Touchin 2005).
- An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck 2005).

Sam Elters State Engineer

Stewart August 31, 2005 Page 2 of 2

Twenty-two archaeological sites and 21 historic sites were identified in the proposed alternative alignments. In addition, the South Mountain Range is identified as place of traditional cultural importance to Native American tribes.

All sites are located on private land, except for the Sachs-Webster Farmhouse (7515West Baseline Road) - Flood Control District Maricopa County; SRP 99th Avenue Lateral - Bureau of Reclamation/Salt River Project; US 80/ AZ FF:9:17 (ASM) - City of Phoenix, and the 6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape - City of Phoenix. FHWA/ADOT is concurrently consulting with these agencies regarding the eligibility of these sites located on their land.

The SRP 99<sup>th</sup> Avenue Lateral, located on the east side of South 99<sup>th</sup> Avenue and north of Lower Buckeve Road, is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criterion A as a rare irrigation feature that was once common in the agricultural landscape of the Salt River Valley. The lateral is being converted to an underground pipe in response to the Pecan Promenade and City of Phoenix development projects. SRP and Reclamation are currently in the process of preparing a report for the canal that documents its history and engineering, as a form of mitigation. Upon completion of these projects, the 99<sup>th</sup> Avenue Lateral will no longer be considered a contributing component of the overall SRP irrigation network.

FHWA/ADOT is circulating the draft Programmatic Agreement (PA) that addresses cultural resources for the project for your review. Please review the enclosed draft PA. If you find the PA adequate and wish to participate in the final PA, please indicate your concurrence by signing below and return within in 20 days. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail RGreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely.

Jule E. Laine

-Serelle E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Enclosures

Signature for Flood Control District Maricopa County Concurrence

Date

cc: SThomas (FHWA); WVachon (FHWA)

This letter was also sent to: Brian Kenny, Environmental Programs Manager, Maricopa County Dept. of Transportation Stanley Ashby, Superintendent, Roosevelt Irrigation District



206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Governor Victor M. Mendez Director

August 31, 2005

Mr. Steven Ross, Cultural Resources Manager Arizona State Land Department 1616 W. Adams Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Project No. NH-202-D(ADY) RE: TRACS No. 202L MA H5764 01E South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Addendum Class I and Class III Survey Reports

Dear Mr. Ross:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses ten variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

Land jurisdiction for the alternative alignments includes private land (5,160.7 acres) and lands administered by the Arizona State Land Department (101.4 acres), the Bureau of Land Management (35.1 acres), and the City of Phoenix Parks and Recreation (62.32 acres).

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the Flood Control District of Maricopa County, the Maricopa County Department of Transportation, the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

# Arizona Department of Transportation

Intermodal Transportation Division

Sam Elters State Enginee

Ross August 31, 2005 Page 2 of 12

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of ten alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (E1, W55, W71, W101WPR, W101WFR, W101W99, W101CPR, W101CFR, W101EPR, and W101EFR) that extend from I-10 west of Phoenix to I-10 in west Chandler, south of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length.

The cultural resources component of the EIS includes four technical studies:

- A Class I overview of the overall study area: "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in concurrences/responses from SHPO (Jacobs, September 19, 2003); BLM (Stone, September 22, 2003); City of Phoenix (Stocklin, September 8, 2003 and Bostwick, September 17, 2003); the Hopi Tribe (Kuwanwisiwma, September 10, 2003); Yavapai Prescott (Jones, September 10, 2003); Reclamation (Heathington, September 11, 2003); SRP (Anduze, November 10, 2003); and BIA (October 27, 2003).
- A Class III survey of the proposed alternative alignments: "A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Darling 2005). Consultation regarding adequacy of the report is on-going. To date, concurrence responses have been received from SHPO (Jacobs, July 11, 2005), Bureau of Reclamation (Ellis, July 12, 2005), Bureau of Land Management (Stone, July 26, 2005), City of Phoenix (Bostwick, July 18, 2005), Pueblo of Zuni (Quewakia, July 12, 2005), Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe (Kwiatkowski, July 22, 2005).
- An addendum Class I overview and addendum Class III survey to address the expansion of the overall study area to include portions of the I-10 and State Route 101L freeway corridors and shifts in the alternative alignments (late 2004 and early 2005). The addendum Class I report is titled An Addendum Cultural Resources Class I Overview Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona. The Class III report is titled An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona. Both reports are enclosed for consultation and discussed below.

### Addendum Class I Overview Results

The addendum Class I overview, titled An Addendum Cultural Resources Class I Overview Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck and Touchin 2005), identified 27 previously recorded prehistoric and historic archaeological sites, five historical-period linear sites, and 129 historic building properties (see attached Table A). In addition, historical maps indicate that several prehistoric canal alignments pass through the study area. For the archaeological sites, five are considered eligible to the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion D, five sites are not eligible, nine sites have not been evaluated for eligibility, and the eligibility status of eight sites is unknown due to a lack of available information. Historically-



Ross August 31, 2005 Page 3 of 12

documented prehistoric canals in the area are viewed as potentially eligible resources that should be investigated if encountered.

The Class I study revealed five historical-period linear sites in the study area. The linear sites are considered eligible overall under Criterion A with contributing and non-contributing segments.

Of the 129 historic building properties, 25 have been previously recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and/or C, 37 have been recommended as not eligible, and 67 have not been evaluated. Seventy-one historic building properties are in the Capital Redevelopment Area in Phoenix, an unnominated residential area with an abundance of historic building properties. Eighteen of the historic building properties are in the Villa Verde Historic District, which is listed on the Phoenix Register of Historic Places. Although the Villa Verde properties were previously recommended as not eligible to the NRHP, they should be re-evaluated within the context of an early Phoenix suburban neighborhood.

The vast majority of cultural resources identified in the addendum Class I study area will not be affected by any of the proposed alternative alignments. Cultural resources in the W55 and W71 alignments include AZ T:11:26 (ASM), AZ T:12:4 (MNA), AZ T:12:5 (MNA), AZ T:12:10 (ASM) (Los Colinas), AZ T:12:38 (ASM), and AZ T:12:178 (ASM) (Los Aumentos). Cultural resources in the W101 alignments include AZ T:7:167 (ASM) (Grand Canal), AZ T:10:83 (ASM) (Roosevelt Canal), AZ T:11:26 (ASM), AZ T:12:4 (MNA), and AZ T:12:178 (Los Aumentos).

### Addendum Class III Survey Results

An addendum survey of shifted alternative alignments, defined in December 2004, and agricultural fields that had been plowed in early 2005 since the time of the initial Class III survey conducted by the GRIC (Darling 2004), was conducted by HDR Engineering, Inc. (HDR). In addition, the addendum Class III survey included documentation of 21 historic sites not included in the initial Class III survey (Darling 2004). The results are reported in a report titled An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck 2005), which is enclosed for your review and comment. One archaeological site and 21 historic sites were identified in the proposed alternative alignments (see attached Table B). The archaeological site is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criterion D. Two historic sites are recommended as eligible under Criterion A. Three historic sites are recommended as eligible under Criterion C. One historic site is recommended as eligible under Criteria A and B. One historic site is recommended as eligible under Criteria A and C. One historic site is recommended as eligible under Criteria A and D. One historic site is recommended as eligible under Criterion A but non-contributing within the proposed alternative alignments. Twelve historic sites are recommended as not eligible.

### Archaeological Sites

• AZ T:12:221 (ASM) is a prehistoric Hohokam artifact scatter. The site is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criterion D for its potential to provide important information on prehistoric settlement and land use in the lower Salt River Valley near the confluence of Gila and Salt rivers.



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### Canals

 The SRP 99<sup>th</sup> Avenue Lateral, located on the east side of South 99<sup>th</sup> Avenue and north of Lower Buckeye Road, is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criterion A as a rare irrigation feature that was once common in the agricultural landscape of the Salt River Valley. The lateral is being converted to an underground pipe in response to the Pecan Promenade and City of Phoenix development projects. SRP and Reclamation are currently in the process of preparing a report for the canal that documents its history and engineering, as a form of mitigation. Upon completion of these projects, the 99<sup>th</sup> Avenue Lateral will no longer be considered a contributing component of the overall SRP irrigation network.

### Commercial Properties

- Mother's Restaurant at 5760 West Buckeye Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP due to a lack historical significance and integrity. The original gas station is heavily modified as a result of its conversion to a restaurant in the 1970s. It no longer retains integrity of workmanship and design. Historically, the gas station was in a rural agricultural setting along a two-lane highway. Today, the property has lost its integrity of setting and feeling, as it is in a modern industrial zone with old US 80 (West Buckeye Road) widened to a five-lane urban thoroughfare.
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• The Hudson Farm located at 9300 South 59th Avenue is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criterion A as an exceptional example of a historic farmstead in Laveen. It retains a complete suite of agricultural buildings and structures from the period of significance that are in good condition and well preserved. In addition, the farmstead does not have any intrusive modern buildings or structures that would detract from its historic setting and feeling (other than a large satellite dish which could be easily removed). The farmstead's combination and overall layout of older buildings and structures, along with other contributing elements such as the mature landscaping, palm tree-lined driveways and entrance gates, provides an inclusive picture of what a working farmstead was like in Laveen during the agricultural era period of significance. The property retains integrity of location, workmanship, materials, design, and association. Furthermore, the surrounding agricultural field provides the contextual framework within which the property conveys its historic character as a farmstead. Thus, the agricultural field is an important contributing component that defines and preserves the farmstead's integrity of setting and feeling. It is recommended that the entire 38-acre parcel is eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A as an exceptional example of a historic-period Laveen farmstead. Additionally, the pair of stave silos are recognized as individually eligible to the NRHP under Criterion C, as rare examples of a once common architectural form that was a fundamental component of Laveen's historic agricultural landscape.



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### Farmsteads

- The Anderson Farm Tenant Residences at 9901 and as not eligible to the NRHP due to a lack of historica
- The Carter Farmstead at 7201 and 7215 West Broady NRHP. The farmstead has lost too many of its prima historic character. While it provides a picturesque run portrayal of its historic composition.
- The Cecil and Mary Colvin Farmstead located at 513 eligible to the NRHP because it has lost too many of character. The farmhouse is the only primary element it lacks integrity and architectural distinction.
- The Dad Farmstead at 6102 West Dobbins Road is re to a lack of historical significance, architectural meri barn have been modified and lack architectural distir original historic character as a working farmstead.
- The Dean Farmstead at 9445 West Broadway Road i to a lack of historical and architectural significance a design, and materials. The farmhouse is heavily mod of disrepair.
- The Maddux House at 9115 West Broadway Road is to a lack of historical and architectural significance.
- The Parker Farmstead at 3606 South 83<sup>rd</sup> Avenue is a historical and architectural significance. None of the structures remain, except for the farmhouse built in 1 and generally lacks integrity of design, workmanship
- The Pitrat Farmstead at 5901 West Elliot Road is rec a lack of architectural integrity and historical signific been lost as a result of property subdivisions and new from its original form through multiple additions. All agricultural landscape, in its current condition, it no l historical period character.

1 9903 West Van Buren Road are recommended val and architectural significance.	
dway Road is recommended as not eligible to the ary elements to convey a good sense of its ural setting, it does not provide an accurate	
39 West Estrella Road is recommended as not f its period elements to convey its historic ent remaining from the historic period; however,	
recommended as not eligible for the NRHP due rit, and integrity. Individually, the farmhouse and inction. Overall, the property fails to convey its	
is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP due and diminished integrity of workmanship, dified through additions and is in a general state	
s recommended as not eligible for the NRHP due	
recommended as not eligible due to a lack of e farmstead's historic period buildings and 1950, which is heavily modified with additions p, and materials.	
commended as not eligible for the NRHP due to cance. The historical layout of the farmstead has w construction. The house is heavily modified lthough the property is consistent with a rural longer conveys an accurate representation of its	
Arizona Governor's Augrit for Quality 2001 Award Recipient	

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- The Quinonez House at 9131 West Broadway Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP due to a lack of historical and architectural significance and diminished integrity of workmanship, design, and materials
- The Sachs-Webster Farmhouse at 7515 West Baseline Road was previously recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion C as an outstanding example of the Pyramid Cottage or Neo-Classical bungalow style house. Not only is the house a rare example of a once common Territorialperiod architectural style, it is also exceptional in that few homes built in Phoenix in the Pyramid Cottage style possess as many of the hallmark attributes as does the Sachs-Webster House.

### Farmsteads with Dairy Components

- The Colvin-Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy located at 6159 West Dobbins Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP as a whole because of a lack of integrity and historical significance. However, the dairy "head-to-toe" barn is recommended as individually eligible under Criterion C as a rare example of a once common architectural form that was a characteristic feature in Laveen's historic landscape and an integral component of its local economy. It is one of the few standing family-operated dairy barns in Laveen. It is also recognized as important within the broader context of the Salt River Valley's dairy industry as a surviving example of a dairy head-to-toe barn used during the height of its agricultural era.
- The Hackin Farmstead/Dairy at 10048 South 59th Avenue is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP because of a lack of integrity and historical significance. However, the dairy "flat" barn, is recommended as individually eligible under Criterion C as a rare example of a once common form that was a characteristic feature in Laveen's historic landscape and an integral component of its local economy. It is one of the few remaining family-operated dairy barns in Laveen. It is also important within the broader context of the Salt River Valley's dairy industry as a surviving example of a dairy flat barn used during the height of its agricultural era.

### Feedlots

• The C.O. Pitrat & Sons Feedlot in the 6100 Block of West Elliot Road is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP because of a lack of historical and architecture significance. The feedlot is 50 years old; however, most of its operation occurred in modern times. The structures and buildings are poorly preserved and generally lack integrity.

### Highways

• US 80 (AZ FF:9:17 [ASM]) is considered eligible to the NRHP under Criterion A at the national level as one of the first designated transcontinental routes and for its association with the development of the U.S. interstate transportation network. The segment within the study area has been widened and modernized and no longer retains integrity of design, workmanship, and materials. Furthermore, its integrity of setting and feeling are lost with most of the surrounding landscape



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> transformed from rural agricultural to urban commercial/industrial. It is recommended that the segment in the study area is not eligible to the NRHP as a non-contributing component of US 80.

### **Historic Townsites**

• The historic Santa Marie Townsite, located at the southwest corner of Lower Buckeye Road and 83<sup>rd</sup> Avenue, is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and B. The in the Salt River Valley. Communities such as Santa Maria had an important role in the development and operation of the Valley's agricultural industry throughout the 20<sup>th</sup> century. In addition, the townsite has an association with Khattar Joseph Nackard, an Arizona businessman As such, it is recommended that the Santa Marie Townsite is eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A and B.

### Railroads

• The Southern Pacific Railroad Wellton-Phoenix-Eloy Main Line (AZ T:10:84 [ASM]) is recommended as eligible to the NRHP for its association with the development of Arizona's railroad network. The railroad has been maintained and upgraded over the years and remains an important component of Arizona's transportation network.

### Streetscapes

 The 6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and D as an example and reflection of the lower Salt River Valley's agricultural past. In contrast to a more common, barren rural streetscape defined by a two-lane road passing between broad, open agricultural fields, the 6100 Block contains a suite of rural agricultural elements that convey a strong sense of what rural life was like in Arizona in the early to mid 1900s; (i.e., it captures more of the human element). Rural streetscapes are becoming increasingly rare in the lower Salt River Valley, as agricultural communities are replaced by urban development. It is recommended that the 6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape is eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and D, not only for its association with Arizona's early agricultural development, but more so for its information potential to provide future Arizonans with an idea of what rural agricultural life was like in the lower Salt River Valley during the early years of statehood.

All sites are located on private land, except for the Sachs-Webster Farmhouse (7515West Baseline Road) - Flood Control District Maricopa County; SRP 99th Avenue Lateral - Bureau of Reclamation/Salt River Project; US 80/ AZ FF:9:17 (ASM) - City of Phoenix, and the 6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape - City of Phoenix. FHWA/ADOT is concurrently consulting with these agencies regarding the eligibility of these sites located on their land.

unincorporated townsite is a living example of an historic, rural Hispanic agricultural community who had an influential role developing and shaping the State's economic and commercial future.



	cc: SThomas (FHWA); WVachon (FHWA)	Enclosures Signature for ASLD Concurrence	Sincerely, Juli E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17 <sup>th</sup> Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213	As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed Class I overview and Class III survey report and information provided in this letter. If you find the reports adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. We also look forward to continuing consultation with your office. The final Programmatic Agreement is being completed and will be submitted for signature in September 2005. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail RGreenspan@azdot.gov.	Ross August 31, 2005 Page 8 of 12
2001 Award Recipient		Date		outh Mountain Freeway project, it will be consultation. Please review the enclosed Class I ovided in this letter. If you find the reports s, please indicate your concurrence by signing 1 with your office. The final Programmatic r signature in September 2005. If you have any reenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail	

Alignments	Site	Туре	Location	Jurisdiction	NRHP Eligibility (Criterion)	Management Recommendation
	AZ T:11:26 (ASM)	Hohokam Artifact Scatter	TIN, RIE, S4	ADOT	Not Eligible	None
W55/W71	AZ T:12:4 (MNA)	Hohokam Artifact Scatter	TIN, R2E, S6	ADOT, Private	Not Eligible	None
	AZ T:12:5 (MNA)	Hohokam Artifact Scatter	T1N, R2E, S5	ADOT, Private	Not Eligible	None
	AZ T:12:10 (ASM) Las Colinas	Hohokam Village	T2N, R2E, S36; T1N, R2E, S1, 2, 11	ADOT, Private	Eligible (D)	Avoid, or else mitigate adverse effects
	AZ T:12:38 (ASM)	Hohokam Village	TIN, R2E, S3	ADOT, Private	Eligible (D)	Avoid, or else mitigate adverse effects
	AZ T:12:178 (ASM) Los Aumentos	Hohokam Village	T1N, R1E, S2	ADOT, Private	Eligible (D)	Avoid, or else mitigate adverse effects
	AZ T:7:167 (ASM) Grand Canal	Canal	T2N,R1E, S9, 16	Reclamation	Eligible (A, C)	Avoid, or else mitigate adverse effects
	AZ T:10:83 (ASM) Roosevelt Canal	Canal	TIN, R1E, S3, 4	Private	Eligible (A, C)	Avoid, or else mitigate adverse effects
W101 Alignments1	AZ T:11:26 (ASM)	Hohokam Artifact Scatter	TIN, RIE, S4	ADOT,	Not Eligible	None
	AZ T:12:4 (MNA)	Hohokam Artifact Scatter	T1N, R2E, S6	ADOT, Private	Not Eligible	None
	AZ T:12:178 (ASM) Los Aumentos	Hohokam Village	T1N, R1E, S2	ADOT, Private	Eligible (D)	Avoid, or else mitigate adverse effects
					12'	

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Name	Address	Туре	Newly (N)/Previously (P) Recorded	Alignment	USGS 7.5' Map	Township, Range, Section	Ownership	NRHP Eligibility Recommendation	Management Recommendation
AZ T:12:221 (ASM)	n/a	Prehistoric Scatter	N	W55	Fowler	T1N, R2E, S31	Private	Eligible (D)	Avoid, or else mitigate
6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape	6100 Block W. Dobbins Rd.	Rural Streetscape	N	W55	Laveen	T1S, R2E, S6,7	Private, Phoenix	Eligible (A,D)	Avoid, or else mitigate
Anderson Farm Tenant Residences	9901 and 9903 W. Van Buren Rd.	Tenant Residents	N	W101 (all)	Tolleson	T1N, R1E, S8	Private	Not Eligible	None
C. O. Pitrat & Sons Feedlot	6100 Block W. Elliot Rd.	Feedlot	N	W71, W101 (all)	Laveen	T1S, R2E, S18	Private	Not Eligible	None
Carter Farmstead	7201 and 7215 W. Broadway Rd.	Farmstead	N	W71	Fowler	T1N, R1E, S25	Private	Not Eligible	None
Cecil and Mary Colvin Farmstead	5139 W. Estrella Rd.	Farmstead	N	None <sup>1</sup>	Laveen	T1S, R2E, S20	Private	Not Eligible	None
Colvin-Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy	6159 W. Dobbins Rd.	Farmstead/Dairy	N	W55	Laveen	T1S, R2E, S7	Private	Farmstead: Not Eligible; Dairy Barn: Eligible (C); contributing elements to 6100 Block Streetscape	Avoid dairy barn, or else mitigate; avoid portion within 6100 Block Streetscape boundaries, or else mitigate

- 55

# Table B. Addendum Class III Survey Report Eligibility and Management Summary.

2001 Award Recipient

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Name	Address	Туре	Newly (N)/Previously (P) Recorded	Alignment	USGS 7.5' Map	Township, Range, Section	Ownership	NRHP Eligibility Recommendation	Management Recommendation
Dad Farmstead	6102 W. Dobbins Rd.	Farmstead	N	W55	Laveen	T1S, R2E, S6	Private	Farmstead: Not Eligible; contributing element to 6100 Block Streetscape	Avoid portion within 6100 Block Streetscape boundaries, or else mitigate impacts to streetscape
Dean Farmstead	9445 W. Broadway Rd.	Farmstead	N	W101 (all)	Tolleson	T1N, R1E, S28	Private	Not Eligible	Avoid
Hackin Farmstead/Dairy	100048 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Ave.	Farmstead/Dairy	N	None <sup>2</sup>	Laveen	TIN, RIE, S7	Private	Farmstead: Not Eligible; Dairy Barn: Eligible (C)	Avoid dairy barn, or else mitigate
Hudson Farm	9300 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Ave.	Farm	N	W55	Laveen	T1S, R1E, S7	Private	Farm: Eligible (A); Silos: Eligible (C)	Avoid, or else mitigate
Jarvis Marine Repair Shop	5800 W. Buckeye Rd.	Commercial Building	N	W55	Fowler	T1N, R2E, S8	Private	Not Eligible	None
Maddux House	9115 W. Broadway Rd.	Farmhouse	N	W101 (all)	Tolleson	T1N, R1E, 28	Private	Not Eligible	None
Mother's Restaurant	5760 W. Buckeye Road	Commercial Building	N	W55	Fowler	T1N, R2E, S8	Private	Not Eligible	None
Parker Farmstead	3606 S. 83 <sup>rd</sup> Ave.	Farmstead	N	W101EPR, W101EFR	Fowler	T1N, R1E, S22	Private	Not Eligible	None
Pitrat Farmstead	5901 W. Elliot Rd.	Farmstead	N	None <sup>3</sup>	Fowler	T1S, R2E, S18	Private	Not Eligible	None



	1					[	[]
	Management Recommendation	None	Avoid, or else mitigate	Avoid, or else mitigate	Avoid, or else mitigate	Avoid, or else mitigate	None
	NRHP Eligibility Recommendation	Not Eligible	Eligible (C)	Eligible (A,B)	Eligible (A)	Eligible (A)	Eligible (A) (non-contributing)
	Ownership	Private	FCDMC	Private	UPRR	SRP/ Reclamation	Phoenix
	Township, Range, Section	TIN, RIE, S28	TIS, RIE, Ss	TIN, RIE, S24	TIN, RIE, S8,9,12; TIN, R2E, S8	TIN, RIE, SI6	T1N, R1E, S8,9,12,13,16,17; T1N, R2E, S8, 17
	USGS 7.5' Map	Tolleson	Tolleson	Fowler	Fowler, Tolleson	Tolleson	Fowler, Toleson
	Alignment	W101 (all)	W101 (all) Tolleson	W71	All	W101W99	ΑIJ
	Newly (N)/Previously (P) Recorded	N	Ъ	N	Р	P	ď
	Type	Farmhouse	Farmhouse	Townsite	Railroad	Irrigation Canal	Highway
	Address	9131 W. Broadway Rd.	7515 W. Baseline Rd.	Lower Buckeye Rd. and S. 83 <sup>rd</sup> Ave.	UPRR R/W	99 <sup>th</sup> Ave. and Lower Buckeye Rd.	West Buckeye Road
Ross August 31, 2005 Page 12 of 12	Name	Quinonez House	Sachs-Webster Farmhouse	Santa Marie Townsite	SPRR Wellton- Phoenix-Eloy Main Line	SRP 99 <sup>th</sup> Avenue Lateral	US 80 (AZ FF:9:17 [ASM])
R( Aı Pa	<u> </u>			- <u></u> , , , , ,			

directly impact it. alignments cross the property parcel but do not intersect the farmstead. rosses the property parcel but misses the farmstead and dairy barn; alternative alignment pass within about 100 m of the farmstead but do 35

The previous letter was also sent to:

Dr. Connie Stone, Archaeologist, Bureau of Land Management Mr. Richard Boston, Archaeologist, Bureau of Reclamation Ms. Barbara Stocklin, Historic Preservation Officer, City of Phoenix Mr. Rick Anduze, Archaeologist, Compliance Specialist, Salt River Project Dr. David Jacobs, State Historic Preservation Office Dr. Todd Bostwick, Archaeologist, City of Phoenix

		Class III report, page 144 – The 99th Avenue
P. O. Box 52025	Mail Station: PAB352	ditch/drain that transports tail and well water -page 153 – Ownership of the ditch is
Phoenix, AZ 85072-2025 (602) 236-5900	Phone: (602) 236-2804 Fax: (602) 236-3407	
www.srpnet.com	Email: raanduze@srpnet.com	Both documents need a thorough technical e
19 September 2005		errors.
	a.	Please contact me (602-236-2804; raanduze) discuss these comments.
Serelle E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team	20 C	
Environmental & Enhancement Group	a	Sincerely,
205 South 17th Avenue, Rm. 213E, Mail Drop 619E		p 1 Inn 1
Phoenix, AZ 85007-3213	877 22	Richard admanding
		Richard A. Anduze
RE: Project No. NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA H5764 01E		Environmental Scientist/Archaeologist
South Mountain Transportation Corridor		Siting and Studies
Continuing Section 106 Consultation		Environmental Services
Addendum Class I and Class III Survey Reports		
Dear Ms. Laine:		File: ORG 2-2
	15 (44) 100 (11 (11 (11 (11 (11 (11 (11 (11 (11	
I have reviewed the documents and agree to their adequacy with the changes. The discussions of the historic features are presented in gree eligibility recommendations.		
engionity recommendations.		2
Class I report, page 60, discussion of the Grand Canal-		
The canal is eligible under Criterion A but I believe only certain feat		
eligible under Criterion C, and I know of no individual features that l eligible.	have been determined	
eligible.		e
The Grand Canal presently heads at the SRP Crosscut facility on Wa		
a forebay at the southern end of the Arizona Crosscut Canal flows the		
Crosscut Hydro Plant. After passing through the hydro plant, no long enters the Grand Canal.	er operative, the water	
enters no orang canar.	8	
The HAER document for the canal was not completed as part of the		
of a 1989 MOA between the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation and the AZ		
from SRP and ADOT, which stated HAER documentation would be present and future modifications to the canal system.	adequate mitigation for	
Accent and future mounications to the canal system.		
Also-		
Various places in the report site AZ T:12:10 (ASM) is referred to as	"Los Colinas", it is "Las	
Colinas".	non-matter a sun abilità distritta e districtione i a statutationa	

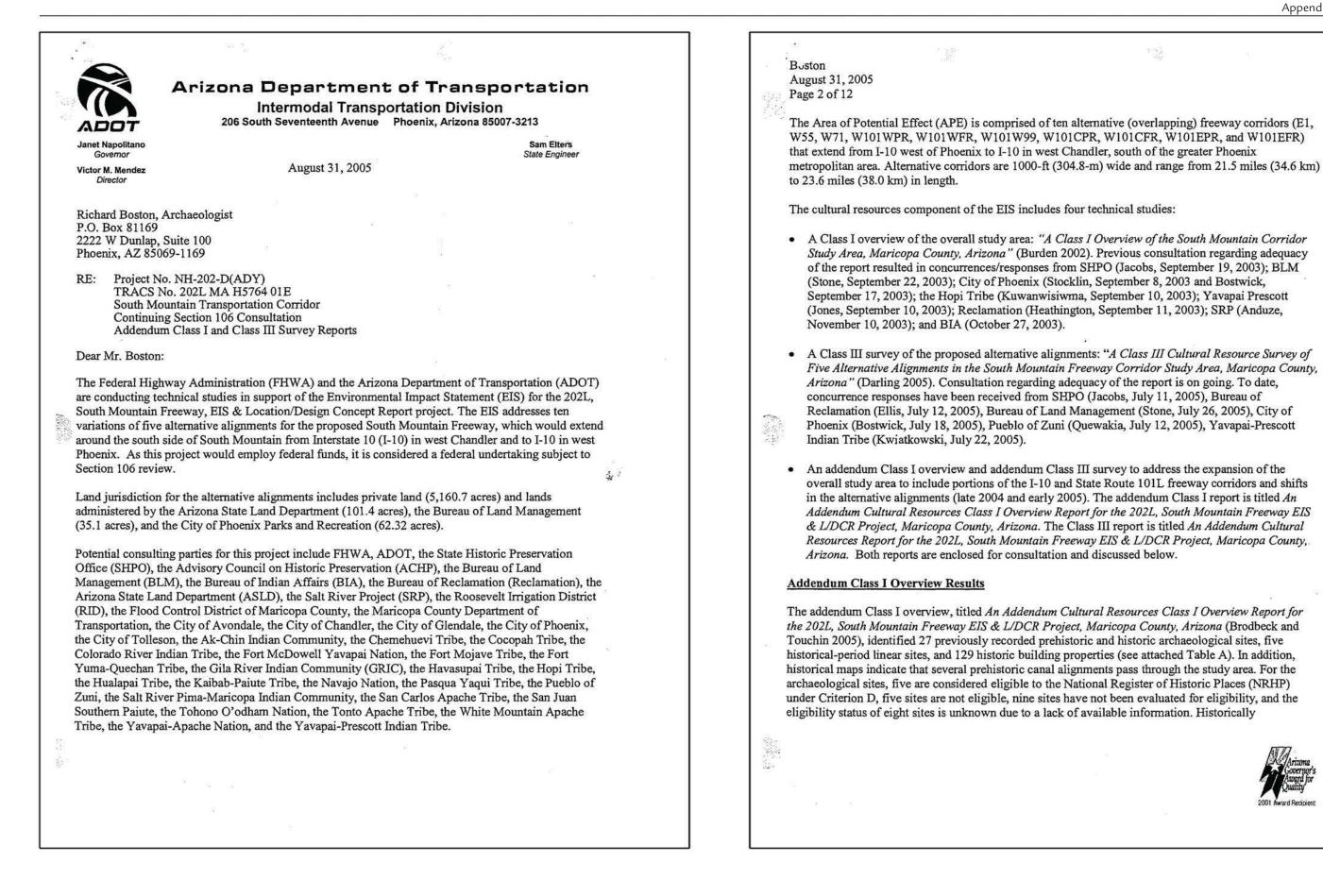
l is technically not a lateral. It is a pump eral 2-23. Land jurisdiction is SRP.

grammar, errors/omissions, and typographical

t.com) if you have any questions or want to

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documented prehistoric canals in the area are viewed as potentially eligible resources that should be investigated if encountered.

The Class I study revealed five historical-period linear sites in the study area. The linear sites are considered eligible overall under Criterion A with contributing and non-contributing segments.

Of the 129 historic building properties, 25 have been previously recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and/or C. 37 have been recommended as not eligible, and 67 have not been evaluated. Seventy-one historic building properties are in the Capital Redevelopment Area in Phoenix, an unnominated residential area with an abundance of historic building properties. Eighteen of the historic building properties are in the Villa Verde Historic District, which is listed on the Phoenix Register of Historic Places. Although the Villa Verde properties were previously recommended as not eligible to the NRHP, they should be re-evaluated within the context of an early Phoenix suburban neighborhood.

The vast majority of cultural resources identified in the addendum Class I study area will not be affected by any of the proposed alternative alignments. Cultural resources in the W55 and W71 alignments include AZ T:11:26 (ASM), AZ T:12:4 (MNA), AZ T:12:5 (MNA), AZ T:12:10 (ASM) (Los Colinas), AZ T:12:38 (ASM), and AZ T:12:178 (ASM) (Los Aumentos). Cultural resources in the W101 alignments include AZ T:7:167 (ASM) (Grand Canal), AZ T:10:83 (ASM) (Roosevelt Canal), AZ T:11:26 (ASM), AZ T:12:4 (MNA), and AZ T:12:178 (Los Aumentos).

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Boston August 31, 2005 Page 4 of 12 Canals

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### **Commercial Properties**

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Farmsteads

F. F

- The Anderson Farm Tenant Residences at 9901 and 9903 West Van Buren Road are recommended as not eligible to the NRHP due to a lack of historical and architectural significance.
- The Carter Farmstead at 7201 and 7215 West Broadway Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP. The farmstead has lost too many of its primary elements to convey a good sense of its historic character. While it provides a picturesque rural setting, it does not provide an accurate portrayal of its historic composition.
- The Cecil and Mary Colvin Farmstead located at 5139 West Estrella Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP because it has lost too many of its period elements to convey its historic character. The farmhouse is the only primary element remaining from the historic period; however, it lacks integrity and architectural distinction.
- The Dad Farmstead at 6102 West Dobbins Road is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP due to a lack of historical significance, architectural merit, and integrity. Individually, the farmhouse and barn have been modified and lack architectural distinction. Overall, the property fails to convey its original historic character as a working farmstead.
- The Dean Farmstead at 9445 West Broadway Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP due to a lack of historical and architectural elements and architectural elements. to a lack of historical and architectural significance and diminished integrity of workmanship, design, and materials. The farmhouse is heavily modified through additions and is in a general state of disrepair.
  - The Maddux House at 9115 West Broadway Road is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP due to a lack of historical and architectural significance.
  - The Parker Farmstead at 3606 South 83<sup>rd</sup> Avenue is recommended as not eligible due to a lack of historical and architectural significance. None of the farmstead's historic period buildings and structures remain, except for the farmhouse built in 1950, which is heavily modified with additions and generally lacks integrity of design, workmanship, and materials.
  - The Pitrat Farmstead at 5901 West Elliot Road is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP due to a lack of architectural integrity and historical significance. The historical layout of the farmstead has been lost as a result of property subdivisions and new construction. The house is heavily modified from its original form through multiple additions. Although the property is consistent with a rural agricultural landscape, in its current condition, it no longer conveys an accurate representation of its historical period character.
  - The Quinonez House at 9131 West Broadway Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP due to a lack of historical and architectural significance and diminished integrity of workmanship, design, and materials



Boston August 31, 2005 Page 6 of 12

• The Sachs-Webster Farmhouse at 7515 West Baseline Road was previously recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion C as an outstanding example of the Pyramid Cottage or Neo-Classical bungalow style house. Not only is the house a rare example of a once common Territorialperiod architectural style, it is also exceptional in that few homes built in Phoenix in the Pyramid Cottage style possess as many of the hallmark attributes as does the Sachs-Webster House.

### Farmsteads with Dairy Components

- The Colvin-Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy located at 6159 West Dobbins Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP as a whole because of a lack of integrity and historical significance. However, the dairy "head-to-toe" barn is recommended as individually eligible under Criterion C as a rare example of a once common architectural form that was a characteristic feature in Laveen's historic landscape and an integral component of its local economy. It is one of the few standing family-operated dairy barns in Laveen. It is also recognized as important within the broader context of the Salt River Valley's dairy industry as a surviving example of a dairy head-to-toe barn used during the height of its agricultural era.
- The Hackin Farmstead/Dairy at 10048 South 59<sup>th</sup> Avenue is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP because of a lack of integrity and historical significance. However, the dairy "flat" barn, is recommended as individually eligible under Criterion C as a rare example of a once common form that was a characteristic feature in Laveen's historic landscape and an integral component of its local economy. It is one of the few remaining family-operated dairy barns in Laveen. It is also important within the broader context of the Salt River Valley's dairy industry as a surviving example of a dairy flat barn used during the height of its agricultural era.

### Feedlots

 The C.O. Pitrat & Sons Feedlot in the 6100 Block of West Elliot Road is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP because of a lack of historical and architecture significance. The feedlot is 50 years old; however, most of its operation occurred in modern times. The structures and buildings are poorly preserved and generally lack integrity.

### Highways

• US 80 (AZ FF:9:17 [ASM]) is considered eligible to the NRHP under Criterion A at the national level as one of the first designated transcontinental routes and for its association with the development of the U.S. interstate transportation network. The segment within the study area has been widened and modernized and no longer retains integrity of design, workmanship, and materials. Furthermore, its integrity of setting and feeling are lost with most of the surrounding landscape transformed from rural agricultural to urban commercial/industrial. It is recommended that the segment in the study area is not eligible to the NRHP as a non-contributing component of US 80.



### **A298** • Appendix 2-1

Boston August 31, 2005 Page 7 of 12

### Historic Townsites

· The historic Santa Marie Townsite, located at the southwest corner of Lower Buckeye Road and 83<sup>rd</sup> Avenue, is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and B. The unincorporated townsite is a living example of an historic, rural Hispanic agricultural community in the Salt River Valley. Communities such as Santa Maria had an important role in the development and operation of the Valley's agricultural industry throughout the 20<sup>th</sup> century. In addition, the townsite has an association with Khattar Joseph Nackard, an Arizona businessman who had an influential role developing and shaping the State's economic and commercial future. As such, it is recommended that the Santa Marie Townsite is eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A and B.

### Railroads

• The Southern Pacific Railroad Wellton-Phoenix-Eloy Main Line (AZ T:10:84 [ASM]) is recommended as eligible to the NRHP for its association with the development of Arizona's railroad network. The railroad has been maintained and upgraded over the years and remains an important component of Arizona's transportation network.

### Streetscapes

• The 6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and D as an example and reflection of the lower Salt River Valley's agricultural past. In contrast to a more common, barren rural streetscape defined by a two-lane road passing between broad, open agricultural fields, the 6100 Block contains a suite of rural agricultural elements that convey a strong sense of what rural life was like in Arizona in the early to mid 1900s; (i.e., it captures more of the human element). Rural streetscapes are becoming increasingly rare in the lower Salt River Valley, as agricultural communities are replaced by urban development. It is recommended that the 6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape is eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and D, not only for its association with Arizona's early agricultural development, but more so for its information potential to provide future Arizonans with an idea of what rural agricultural life was like in the lower Salt River Valley during the early years of statehood.

All sites are located on private land, except for the Sachs-Webster Farmhouse (7515West Baseline Road) - Flood Control District Maricopa County; SRP 99th Avenue Lateral - Bureau of Reclamation/Salt River Project; US 80/ AZ FF:9:17 (ASM) - City of Phoenix, and the 6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape - City of Phoenix. FHWA/ADOT is concurrently consulting with these agencies regarding the eligibility of these sites located on their land.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed Class I overview and Class III survey report and information provided in this letter. If you find the reports



Boston August 31, 2005 Page 8 of 12

below. We also look forward to continuing consultation with your office. The final Programmatic questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail RGreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

erele E. hains

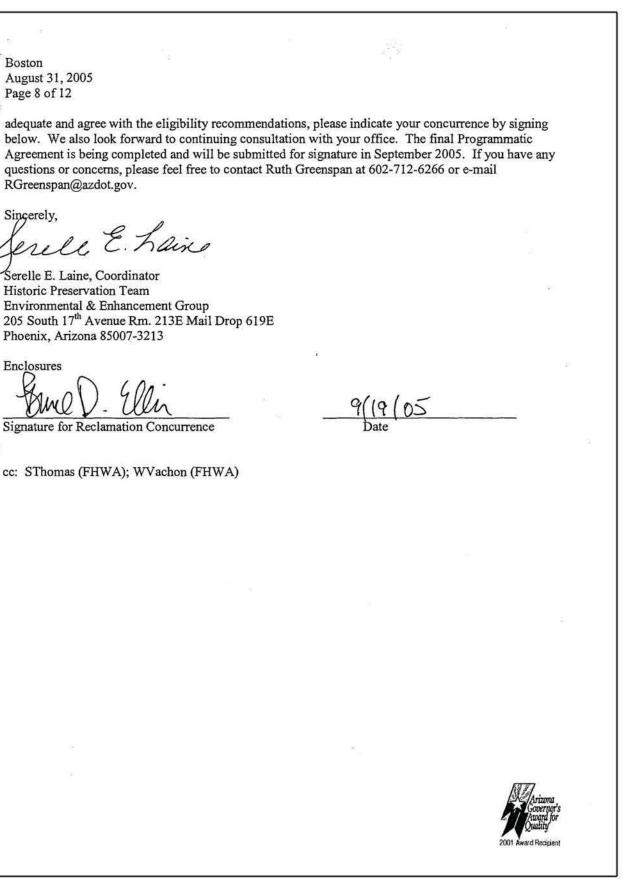
Serelle E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17th Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Enclosures

13

Signature for Reclamation Concurrence

cc: SThomas (FHWA); WVachon (FHWA)





"Managing and conserving natural, cultural, and recreational resources"

### September 19, 2005

Dr. Ruth Greenspan Historic Preservation Specialist Environmental & Enhancement Group Arizona Department of Transportation 205 South 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue Room 213E Phoenix, AZ 85007-3212

**Janet Napolitano** Governor

RE: Project No. NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA H5764 01E South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation SHPO-2003-1890 (25323)

State Parks **Board Members** 

Chair Elizabeth Stewart Tempe William C. Porter

Kingman

William Cordasco Flagstaff

**Janice Chilton** Payson

William C. Scalzo Phoenix

> John U. Havs Yamel

Mark Winkleman State Land Commissioner

Kenneth E. Travous

**Executive Director** 

**Arizona State Parks** 1300 W. Washington Phoenix, AZ 85007

Tel & TTY: 602.542.4174 www.azstateparks.com

800.285.3703 from (520 & 928) area codes

> General Fax: 602.542.4180

Director's Office Fax: 602.542.4188

Dear Dr. Greenspan:

Thank you for consulting with the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act regarding plans for the South Mountain Freeway connecting Interstate 10 in west Chandler to I-10 in west Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona, and submitting cultural resources reports and recommendations for review and comment. Dr. Bill Collins, Deputy SHPO/Historian, and I have reviewed the submitted materials and offer the following comments.

The submitted cultural resources reports [An Addendum Cultural Resources Class I Overview Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona and An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona] are adequate. Before responding to the eligibility recommendations, some clarification is needed:

1) Page two of the cover letter states that the Class 1 identified 27 previously recorded prehistoric and historic archaeological sites; the breakdown of the eligibility status of these sites (i.e., 5 eligible, 7 not eligible, 7 not evaluated and 8 unknown) in the report differs from the characterization in the cover letter (i.e., 5 eligible, 5 not eligible, 9 not evaluated, and 8 unknown).

2) The text of the cover letter neglects to mention that the eligible Barnes Dairy Barn and the ineligible Dad Farmstead are part of the eligible 6100 West Dobbins Road Streetscape (although this is part of the listing in Table B to the cover letter). Dr. Collins also commented that the reasoning behind the suggested D eligibility of the 6100 West Dobbins Road Streetscape is actually more appropriate to A eligibility, so he disagrees with the recommendation that it is "more" eligible for D than A (see page 7 of cover letter). He agrees that it is A eligible, and did not see D eligibility properly evaluated at all.

We appreciate your cooperation with this office in considering the potential impacts of development on cultural resources situated in Arizona. If you have any questions or comments, please contact me at (602) 542-7140 or electronically at djacobs@pr.state.az.us.

Sincerely,

David Jacobs Compliance Specialist/Archaeologist State Historic Preservation Office

	odal Transportation Division	ransportation
ADOT 206 Sout	th Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85	007-3213
Janet Napolitano Governor	August 31, 2005	Sam Elters State Engineer
Victor M. Mendez Director		2
Brian Kenny Environmental Program Maricopa County Depar		×.
2901 West Durango Stre Phoenix, Arizona 85009	eet	*
		2
South Mountain Section 106 Cons	L MA 054 H5764 01L Transportation Corridor	
Dear Mr. Kenny:		
are conducting technical South Mountain Freeway	studies in support of the Environmental Impa y, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report pro	ject. The EIS addresses nine
are conducting technical South Mountain Freeway variations of five alterna around the south side of	studies in support of the Environmental Impa y, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report pro- tive alignments for the proposed South Mount South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in w ap). As this project would employ federal fun	ct Statement (EIS) for the 202L, ject. The EIS addresses nine tain Freeway, which would extend vest Chandler and to I-10 in west
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<ul> <li>are conducting technical South Mountain Freeway variations of five alternar around the south side of Phoenix (see attached ma undertaking subject to See The Area of Potential Eff (T01, T02, T03, T04, and the greater Phoenix metr 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 2 includes private land (5,1 (101.4 acres), the Bureau Recreation (62.32 acres).</li> <li>The cultural resources con 2002).</li> <li>A Class I Overview of 2002).</li> <li>A Class III Cultural Freeway Corridor State</li> </ul>	studies in support of the Environmental Impa y, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report pro- tive alignments for the proposed South Mount South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in w ap). As this project would employ federal fun- ection 106 review. fect (APE) is comprised of five alternative (ov 1 T06) that extend from I-10 west of Phoenix opolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1000-fi 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length. Land jurisdict 60.7 acres) and lands administered by the Ari of Land Management (35.1 acres), and the C	ct Statement (EIS) for the 202L, ject. The EIS addresses nine tain Freeway, which would extend vest Chandler and to I-10 in west ds, it is considered a federal verlapping) freeway corridors to I-10 in west Chandler, south of ft (304.8-m) wide and range from ion for the alternative alignments izona State Land Department ity of Phoenix Parks and udies: <i>Caricopa County, Árizona</i> (Burden ats in the South Mountain g 2005).

Kenny August 31, 2005 Page 2 of 2

• An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck 2005).

Twenty-two archaeological sites and 21 historic sites were identified in the proposed alternative alignments. In addition, the South Mountain Range is identified as place of traditional cultural importance to Native American tribes. Please let me know if you would like to review any of the above reports and they will be sent to you.

FHWA/ADOT is circulating the draft Programmatic Agreement (PA) that addresses cultural resources for the project for your review. Please review the enclosed draft PA. If you find the PA adequate and wish to participate in the final PA, please indicate your concurrence by signing below and return within in 20 days. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail RGreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

Serelle E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Enclosur

Signature for Maricopa County Department of Transportation Concurrence cc: SThomas (FHWA), WVachon (FHWA) Date

- 20 - 05



U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highwa

**Arizona** Division 400 East Van Buren Street **One Arizona Center Suite 410** Phoenix, Arizona 85004-2264

September 27, 2005

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Draft Programmatic Agreement

Ms. Carol Legard Historic Preservation Specialist Advisory Council on Historic Preservation 12136 W. Baywood Avenue, Suite 330 Lakewood, Colorado 80228

Dear Ms. Legard:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix (see attached map). As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

FHWA originally consulted with your office regarding the draft Programmatic Agreement (PA) in August 2003. At that time, the Council declined to participate. Recently, FHWA has recirculated a second draft Programmatic Agreement to all consulting parties. It was decided to do this because when it was originally circulated, few tribes opted to participate at that time. FHWA felt this re-circulation of the PA would allow the tribes another opportunity to participate in the PA. This second draft PA has been edited to address any comments from the first draft as well as to also address TCP properties more specifically.

The purpose of this letter is to notify the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation and to determine Council participation pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.6(1). Please review this information and if the Council plans to participate in consultation, inform us within 15 days of receipt of this



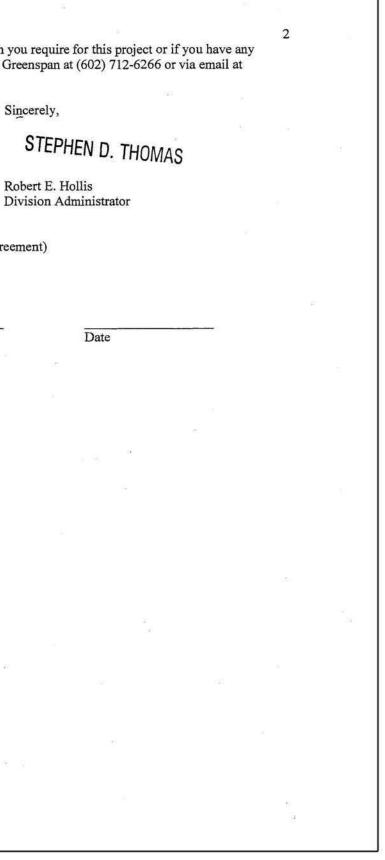
notice. If there is any additional information you require for this project or if you have any questions or comments, please contact Ruth Greenspan at (602) 712-6266 or via email at rgreenspan@azdot.gov. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Enclosure (Map and draft Programmatic Agreement)

Signature for Advisory Council on Historic Preservation Concurrence

cc: SThomas RGreenspan (619E) REllis (619E) SDThomas :cdm



2	Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street		A 1/2 //
	One Arizona Center Suite 410		4. Mr. Lewis said he was not aware of any TCPs north o
	US Department Phoenix, Arizona 85004-2264		other Native American tribes should be consulted to conf
	Federal Highway         September 29, 2005		5. Mr. Lewis and Dr. Darling agreed that GRIC will pro consultation letter of July 7, 2005 regarding TCPs, and ag project area with areas that GRIC would like to see avoid
	In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L	23	build alternative is selected. This response will be made
	South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural Places		6. Mr. Lewis and Dr. Darling confirmed that GRIC is in this project, and agreed that GRIC will review and provid October 3, 2005.
	Mr. Richard Narcia, Governor		At this time, no decisions have been made regarding the
	Gila Řiver Indian Community		GRIC provides FHWA with a map and written information
	P.O. Box 97		measures for those areas your community would like to s
	Sacaton, Arizona 85247		a position to insure that GRIC's concerns are given full c information provided would be kept strictly confidential.
	Dear Governor Narcia:		Additionally, if GRIC chooses to participate in future cor
	The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. As part of this effort, FHWA has		Agreement, any comments on the draft PA provided by C final document. If GRIC opts to participate in cultural re a good faith effort to address any concerns of the Commu
	previously invited you to review and comment on several cultural resource reports and on a draft Programmatic Agreement (PA), and has requested your participation in discussions regarding the potential effects of the proposed undertaking on areas of traditional cultural significance, including the South Mountain Range.	75	As more information becomes available regarding the So your tribe/community through continued Section 106 con consultation with your office. If you have any questions of
	Although no written response to previous consultations has been received, on September 20, 2005, a meeting		Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail rgreenspan@azdot.
	was held at the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC) to discuss Traditional Cultural Places (TCPs) and any other concerns your community has regarding historic properties of religious or cultural importance that have		Sincerel
	the potential to be affected by this project. In attendance at the meeting were Barnaby Lewis, Cultural Resource Specialist, GRIC; Andrew Darling, Assistant Coordinator, Cultural Resource Management Program, GRIC;		075
	Katherine Neustadt and Ruth Greenspan, Historic Preservation Team, (ADOT); and Mark Brodbeck, Coordinator, Cultural Resources Section, HDR, Inc.		STE
			Robert I
	The following items were discussed at the meeting:		' Division
	1. The GRIC's Cultural Resource Specialist confirmed that all of South Mountain is viewed by the Akimel		
	O'odham and Pee Posh as an important and sacred place, and that cutting across, or tunneling under, any part of it would be viewed as a desecration. In the opinions of Mr. Lewis and Dr. Darling the only way to mitigate		
	impacts to South Mountain would be to avoid it completely.		Enclosure cc:
	2. It was acknowledged by all in attendance that the only ways to completely avoid South Mountain are:		Barnaby Lewis, Cultural Resource Specialist, Cultural Re
	a) the no-build alternative, and		Community, P.O. Box E, Sacaton, AZ 85247
	b) constructing a segment of the freeway on the GRIC reservation.		J. Andrew Darling, Assistant Coordinator, Cultural Resou
	It was the opinion of Mr. Lewis that a freeway on the northern edge of the reservation would create an "unnatural" barrier that would serve to hinder access to South Mountain for Community members. In addition,		Community, P.O. Box 2140, 192 S. Skill Center Road, R.
	Community members have voiced general objections to having a freeway on the reservation.		Sandra Shade, Director, Department of Transportation, G AZ 85247 SThomas
1	3. There are other TCPs and highly sensitive historic properties, such as the Villa Buena site, within some of		RGreenspan (619E)
	the proposed alignments and in the general project area that have potential to be adversely affected by the		REllis (619E)
	proposed freeway.		SDThomas:cdm
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are of any TCPs north of the Salt River within the study area, but added that uld be consulted to confirm that there are no TCP concerns in that area.

reed that GRIC will provide FHWA and ADOT with a formal response to the regarding TCPs, and agreed that the response would include a map of the would like to see avoided in the event that an alternative other than the nos response will be made by October 3, 2005.

onfirmed that GRIC is interested in participating in continuing consultation on will review and provide comments on the draft Programmatic Agreement by

en made regarding the various alternatives being studied for this project. If ap and written information regarding locations and possible mitigation nmunity would like to see avoided by the proposed freeway, FHWA will be in oncerns are given full consideration in the decision-making process. Any

participate in future consultation as a Concurring Party to the Programmatic draft PA provided by October 3, 2005 will be considered in preparation of the participate in cultural resource consultation at a later date, FHWA would make concerns of the Community.

ailable regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to ntinued Section 106 consultation. We also look forward to continuing ou have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth L. nail rgreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

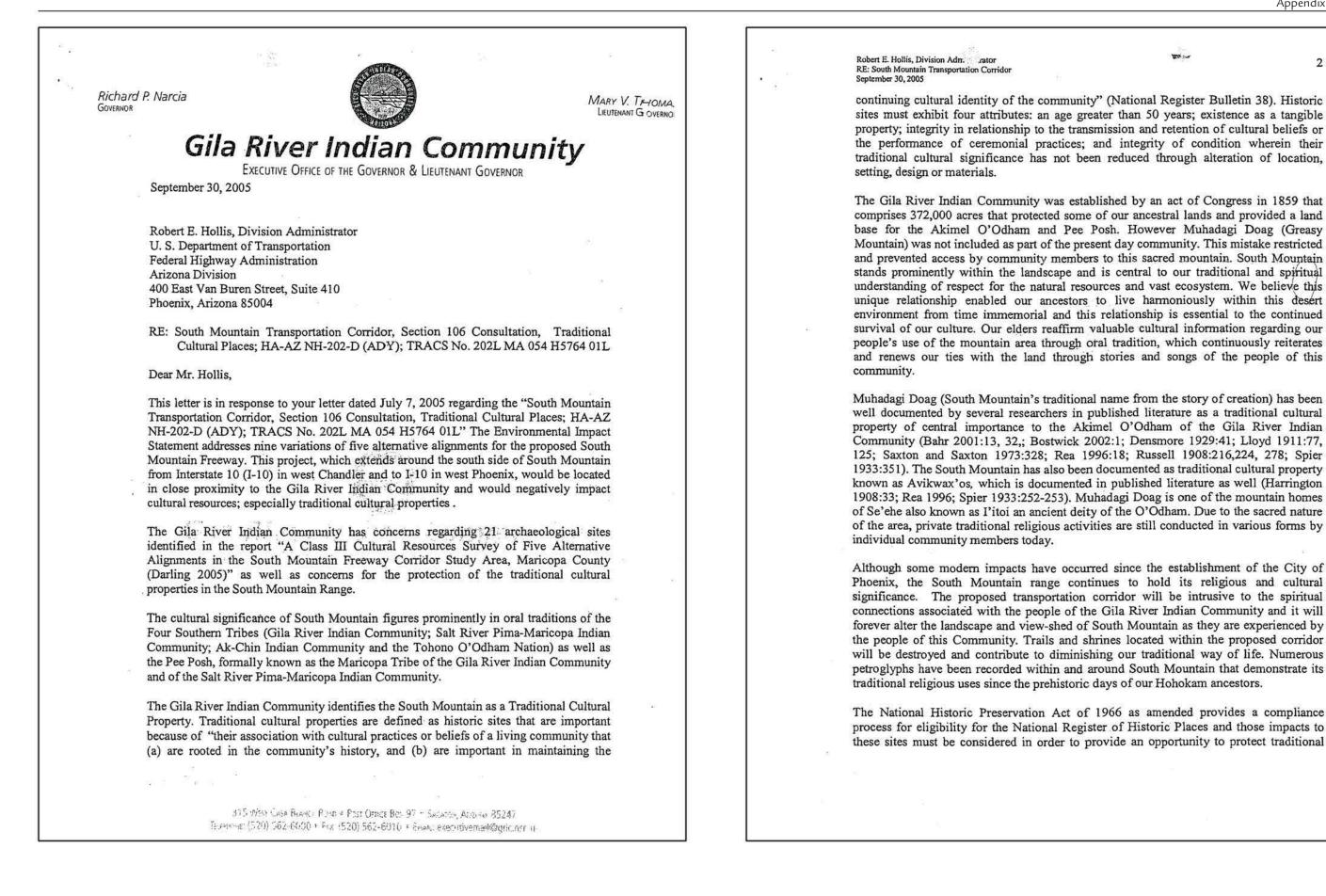
# **STEPHEN D. THOMAS**

Robert E. Hollis · Division Administrator

Specialist, Cultural Resource Management Program, Gila River Indian

rdinator, Cultural Resource Management Program, Gila River Indian S. Skill Center Road, Room 200, Sacaton, AZ 85247 ent of Transportation, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 97, Sacaton,

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sites must exhibit four attributes: an age greater than 50 years; existence as a tangible property; integrity in relationship to the transmission and retention of cultural beliefs or the performance of ceremonial practices; and integrity of condition wherein their traditional cultural significance has not been reduced through alteration of location,

The Gila River Indian Community was established by an act of Congress in 1859 that comprises 372,000 acres that protected some of our ancestral lands and provided a land base for the Akimel O'Odham and Pee Posh. However Muhadagi Doag (Greasy Mountain) was not included as part of the present day community. This mistake restricted and prevented access by community members to this sacred mountain. South Mountain stands prominently within the landscape and is central to our traditional and spiritual understanding of respect for the natural resources and vast ecosystem. We believe this unique relationship enabled our ancestors to live harmoniously within this desert environment from time immemorial and this relationship is essential to the continued survival of our culture. Our elders reaffirm valuable cultural information regarding our people's use of the mountain area through oral tradition, which continuously reiterates and renews our ties with the land through stories and songs of the people of this

well documented by several researchers in published literature as a traditional cultural property of central importance to the Akimel O'Odham of the Gila River Indian Community (Bahr 2001:13, 32,; Bostwick 2002:1; Densmore 1929:41; Lloyd 1911:77, 125; Saxton and Saxton 1973:328; Rea 1996:18; Russell 1908:216,224, 278; Spier 1933:351). The South Mountain has also been documented as traditional cultural property known as Avikwax'os, which is documented in published literature as well (Harrington 1908:33; Rea 1996; Spier 1933:252-253). Muhadagi Doag is one of the mountain homes of Se'ehe also known as I'itoi an ancient deity of the O'Odham. Due to the sacred nature of the area, private traditional religious activities are still conducted in various forms by

Although some modern impacts have occurred since the establishment of the City of Phoenix, the South Mountain range continues to hold its religious and cultural significance. The proposed transportation corridor will be intrusive to the spiritual connections associated with the people of the Gila River Indian Community and it will forever alter the landscape and view-shed of South Mountain as they are experienced by the people of this Community. Trails and shrines located within the proposed corridor will be destroyed and contribute to diminishing our traditional way of life. Numerous petroglyphs have been recorded within and around South Mountain that demonstrate its

The National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 as amended provides a compliance process for eligibility for the National Register of Historic Places and those impacts to these sites must be considered in order to provide an opportunity to protect traditional

2

Robert E. Hollis, Division Adn rator RE: South Mountain Transportation Corridor September 30, 2005

3

cultural properties. The Gila River Indian Community identifies archaeological sites. Villa Buena (AZ T:12:9 ASM) and Pueblo del Alamo (AZ T:12:52 ASM), as traditional cultural properties. Although modern development has impacted the Villa Buena site, in particular, and limited archaeological investigations have been conducted, this site still holds its physical and cultural integrity and its religious and cultural significance has not diminished.

FHWA must take appropriate mitigation measures in adversely affecting the physical integrity of these traditional cultural properties which are sacred sites. In our view cutting out part of the mountain or tunneling for the proposed road project will adversely impact South Mountain. Your full consideration of our compelling cultural connection to South Mountain must be acknowledged.

The Gila River Indian Community (GRIC) appreciates the efforts of the Federal Highway Administration in addressing our concerns and anticipates meaningful consultations in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act on this undertaking. Please call GRIC Cultural Resource Specialist, Barnaby V. Lewis at 1-520-562-3570 should you have any questions or require further information.

Sincerely,

Mary V. Thomas, In Richard Povarcia, Governor 9-3005

Gila River Indian Community

John C. Ravesloot GRIC-CRMP Coordinator CC: Larry Stephenson, GRIC Land Use Planning & Zoning Sandra Shade, GRIC Department of Transportation Kae Neustadt, ADOT Historic Preservation Specialist Ruth Greenspan, ADOT Historic Preservation Specialist Mark Brodbeck, HDR Engineering, Inc. Four Southern Tribes of Arizona

Victor M. Mendez Director

Arizona Department of Transportation

206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Janet Napolitano Governor

August 17, 2005

Joni Rassos, President Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community Route 1, Box 216, 10005 E. Osborn Scottsdale, Arizona 85256

RE: Project No: NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Draft Programmatic Agreement follow-up

Dear President Ramos:

The Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) on behalf of the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) is following up on our recent request for input on the draft Programmatic Agreement (PA) for the South Mountain Corridor freeway project (letter from Hollis, FHWA, July 7, 2005). ADOT/FHWA are in the process of finalizing the South Mountain Corridor PA to address project effects as the environmental documentation continues for the project. A draft PA was circulated in July 2005 along with an invitation to participate in discussions regarding the potential effects of the project on areas of traditional cultural significance, however, at this time, few tribes have opted to participate.

ADOT on behalf of FHWA would like to offer another opportunity for your tribe/community to participate in the PA and in discussions regarding potential effects to areas of traditional cultural significance. Please sign below if you would like to be included as a Concurring Party to the final PA and return to ADOT by September 2, 2005. If your office opts to participate in cultural resource consultation at a later date, ADOT/FHWA would make a good faith effort to address any concerns.

If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me at 602-712-8636 or e-mail slaine@azdot.gov.

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Serelle E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17th Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Signature for Salt River Pima-Maricopa Concurrence

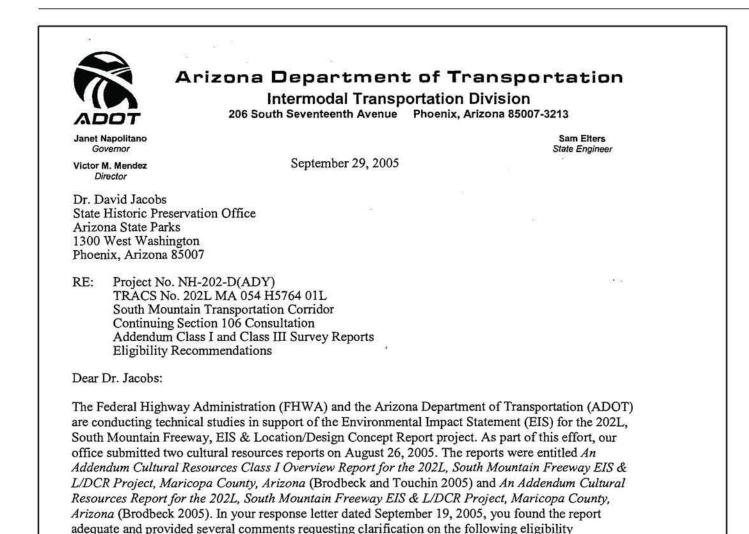
Date

cc: Dezbah Hatathli, Acting Cultural Programs Supervisor, Cultural and Environmental Services Kelly Washington, Acting Cultural Resources Department Director Hans Klose, Community Development Director SThomas (FHWA)

# Intermodal Transportation Division

David P. Jankofsky Deputy Director

0-2-05



• The first comment noted inconsistencies between the eligibility summary in the consultation letter and the Class I report. We have confirmed that a total of 27 previously recorded historic and prehistoric archeological sites were identified in the Class I report. Five of the sites were previously determined eligible, 7 were considered not eligible, 7 had not been previously evaluated, and the eligibility status of 8 sites is unknown.

recommendations:

- The second comment noted that the consultation letter neglected to mention that the Barnes Dairy and the Dad Farmstead are part of the 6100 West Dobbins Road Streetscape. We would like to confirm that the Barnes Dairy is recommended as eligible both individually and as a contributing component of the Dobbins Streetscape. In contrast, while the Dad Farmstead is recommended as not eligible as an individual property, it is recommended eligible as a contributing component of the Dobbins Streetscape.
- Third, Dr. Collins commented that the 6100 West Dobbins Road Streetscape is more appropriately eligible under Criterion A than Criterion D. We concur that the Dobbins Streetscape is eligible under A, rather than D.

Jacobs TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L September 29, 2005 Page 2 of 2

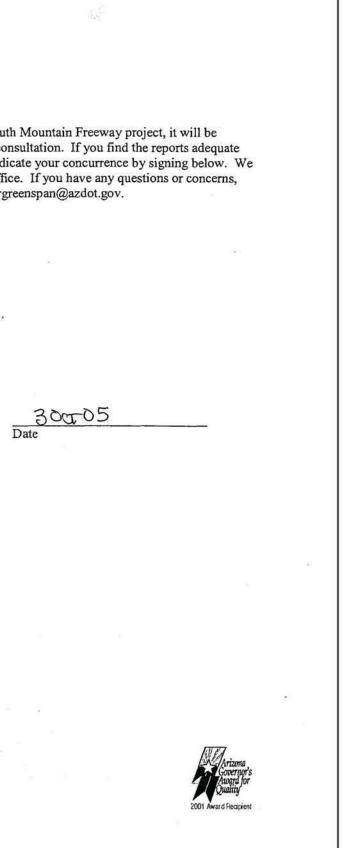
As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. If you find the reports adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. We also look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me at 602-712-6266 or e-mail rgreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

Ruth L. Greenspan Historic Preservation Specialist Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Signature for SHPO Concurrence

cc: SThomas (FHWA) WVachon (FHWA)



ADOT	Intermodal Transporta 206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phot	
Janet Napolitano Governor	83	Sam Elters State Engineer
Victor M. Mendez Director	August 31, 2005	
Dr. Todd Bostwick City of Phoenix Pueblo Grande Mus 4619 E. Washington Phoenix, Arizona 8	seum • ·	
TRACS No. South Mour Continuing	NH-202-D(ADY) . 202L MA H5764 01E ntain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Class I and Class III Survey Reports	
Dear Dr. Bostwick:	8	
are conducting tech South Mountain Fre variations of five al around the south sid	ay Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona De nical studies in support of the Environmental Im eeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report ternative alignments for the proposed South Mo de of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in roject would employ federal funds, it is consider	project. The EIS addresses ten untain Freeway, which would extend n west Chandler and to I-10 in west
administered by the	or the alternative alignments includes private lan Arizona State Land Department (101.4 acres), e City of Phoenix Parks and Recreation (62.32 a	the Bureau of Land Management
Office (SHPO), the Management (BLM Arizona State Land (RID), the Flood Co Transportation, the	parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (AC ), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Burea Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SR ontrol District of Maricopa County, the Maricop City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City a, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehu ian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the	HP), the Bureau of Land u of Reclamation (Reclamation), the P), the Roosevelt Irrigation District a County Department of of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, levi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the

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The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of ten alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (E1, W55, W71, W101WPR, W101WFR, W101W99, W101CPR, W101CFR, W101EPR, and W101EFR) that extend from I-10 west of Phoenix to I-10 in west Chandler, south of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length.

The cultural resources component of the EIS includes four technical studies:

- A Class I overview of the overall study area: "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in concurrences/responses from SHPO (Jacobs, September 19, 2003); BLM (Stone, September 22, 2003); City of Phoenix (Stocklin, September 8, 2003 and Bostwick, September 17, 2003); the Hopi Tribe (Kuwanwisiwma, September 10, 2003); Yavapai Prescott (Jones, September 10, 2003); Reclamation (Heathington, September 11, 2003); SRP (Anduze, November 10, 2003); and BIA (October 27, 2003).
- A Class III survey of the proposed alternative alignments: "A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Darling 2005). Consultation regarding adequacy of the report is on going. To date, concurrence responses have been received from SHPO (Jacobs, July 11, 2005), Bureau of Reclamation (Ellis, July 12, 2005), Bureau of Land Management (Stone, July 26, 2005), City of Phoenix (Bostwick, July 18, 2005), Pueblo of Zuni (Quewakia, July 12, 2005), Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe (Kwiatkowski, July 22, 2005).
- An addendum Class I overview and addendum Class III survey to address the expansion of the overall study area to include portions of the I-10 and State Route 101L freeway corridors and shifts in the alternative alignments (late 2004 and early 2005). The addendum Class I report is titled An Addendum Cultural Resources Class I Overview Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona. The Class III report is titled An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona. Both reports are enclosed for consultation and discussed below.

### Addendum Class I Overview Results

The addendum Class I overview, titled An Addendum Cultural Resources Class I Overview Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck and Touchin 2005), identified 27 previously recorded prehistoric and historic archaeological sites, five historical-period linear sites, and 129 historic building properties (see attached Table A). In addition, historical maps indicate that several prehistoric canal alignments pass through the study area. For the archaeological sites, five are considered eligible to the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion D, five sites are not eligible, nine sites have not been evaluated for eligibility, and the eligibility status of eight sites is unknown due to a lack of available information. Historically



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documented prehistoric canals in the area are viewed as potentially eligible resources that should be investigated if encountered.

The Class I study revealed five historical-period linear sites in the study area. The linear sites are considered eligible overall under Criterion A with contributing and non-contributing segments.

Of the 129 historic building properties, 25 have been previously recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and/or C, 37 have been recommended as not eligible, and 67 have not been evaluated. Seventy-one historic building properties are in the Capital Redevelopment Area in Phoenix, an unnominated residential area with an abundance of historic building properties. Eighteen of the historic building properties are in the Villa Verde Historic District, which is listed on the Phoenix Register of Historic Places. Although the Villa Verde properties were previously recommended as not eligible to the NRHP, they should be re-evaluated within the context of an early Phoenix suburban neighborhood.

The vast majority of cultural resources identified in the addendum Class I study area will not be affected by any of the proposed alternative alignments. Cultural resources in the W55 and W71 alignments include AZ T:11:26 (ASM), AZ T:12:4 (MNA), AZ T:12:5 (MNA), AZ T:12:10 (ASM) (Los Colinas), AZ T:12:38 (ASM), and AZ T:12:178 (ASM) (Los Aumentos). Cultural resources in the W101 alignments include AZ T:7:167 (ASM) (Grand Canal), AZ T:10:83 (ASM) (Roosevelt Canal), AZ T:11:26 (ASM), AZ T:12:4 (MNA), and AZ T:12:178 (Los Aumentos).

### Addendum Class III Survey Results

An addendum survey of shifted alternative alignments, defined in December 2004, and agricultural fields that had been plowed in early 2005 since the time of the initial Class III survey conducted by the GRIC (Darling 2004), was conducted by HDR Engineering, Inc. (HDR). In addition, the addendum Class III survey included documentation of 21 historic sites not included in the initial Class III survey (Darling 2004). The results are reported in a report titled An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck 2005), which is enclosed for your review and comment. One archaeological site and 21 historic sites were identified in the proposed alternative alignments (see attached Table B). The archaeological site is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criterion D. Two historic sites are recommended as eligible under Criterion A. Three historic sites are recommended as eligible under Criterion C. One historic site is recommended as eligible under Criteria A and B. One historic site is recommended as eligible under Criteria A and C. One historic site is recommended as eligible under Criteria A and D. One historic site is recommended as eligible under Criterion A but non-contributing within the proposed alternative alignments. Twelve historic sites are recommended as not eligible.

### Archaeological Sites

• AZ T:12:221 (ASM) is a prehistoric Hohokam artifact scatter. The site is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criterion D for its potential to provide important information on prehistoric settlement and land use in the lower Salt River Valley near the confluence of Gila and Salt rivers.



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### Canals

• The SRP 99<sup>th</sup> Avenue Lateral, located on the east side of South 99<sup>th</sup> Avenue and north of Lower Buckeye Road, is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criterion A as a rare irrigation feature that was once common in the agricultural landscape of the Salt River Valley. The lateral is being converted to an underground pipe in response to the Pecan Promenade and City of Phoenix development projects. SRP and Reclamation are currently in the process of preparing a report for the canal that documents its history and engineering, as a form of mitigation. Upon completion of these projects, the 99<sup>th</sup> Avenue Lateral will no longer be considered a contributing component of the overall SRP irrigation network.

### **Commercial Properties**

- Mother's Restaurant at 5760 West Buckeye Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP due to a lack historical significance and integrity. The original gas station is heavily modified as a result of its conversion to a restaurant in the 1970s. It no longer retains integrity of workmanship and design. Historically, the gas station was in a rural agricultural setting along a two-lane highway. Today, the property has lost its integrity of setting and feeling, as it is in a modern industrial zone with old US 80 (West Buckeye Road) widened to a five-lane urban thoroughfare.
- The Jarvis Marine Repair Shop at 5800 West Buckeye Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP due its age and lack of architectural significance.

### Farms

• The Hudson Farm located at 9300 South 59th Avenue is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criterion A as an exceptional example of a historic farmstead in Laveen. It retains a complete suite of agricultural buildings and structures from the period of significance that are in good condition and well preserved. In addition, the farmstead does not have any intrusive modern buildings or structures that would detract from its historic setting and feeling (other than a large satellite dish which could be easily removed). The farmstead's combination and overall layout of older buildings and structures, along with other contributing elements such as the mature landscaping, palm tree-lined driveways and entrance gates, provides an inclusive picture of what a working farmstead was like in Laveen during the agricultural era period of significance. The property retains integrity of location, workmanship, materials, design, and association. Furthermore, the surrounding agricultural field provides the contextual framework within which the property conveys its historic character as a farmstead. Thus, the agricultural field is an important contributing component that defines and preserves the farmstead's integrity of setting and feeling. It is recommended that the entire 38-acre parcel is eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A as an exceptional example of a historic-period Laveen farmstead. Additionally, the pair of stave silos are recognized as individually eligible to the NRHP under Criterion C, as rare examples of a once common architectural form that was a fundamental component of Laveen's historic agricultural landscape.



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Farmsteads

- The Anderson Farm Tenant Residences at 9901 and 9903 West Van Buren Road are recommended as not eligible to the NRHP due to a lack of historical and architectural significance.
- The Carter Farmstead at 7201 and 7215 West Broadway Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP. The farmstead has lost too many of its primary elements to convey a good sense of its historic character. While it provides a picturesque rural setting, it does not provide an accurate portrayal of its historic composition.
- The Cecil and Mary Colvin Farmstead located at 5139 West Estrella Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP because it has lost too many of its period elements to convey its historic character. The farmhouse is the only primary element remaining from the historic period; however, it lacks integrity and architectural distinction.
- The Dad Farmstead at 6102 West Dobbins Road is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP due to a lack of historical significance, architectural merit, and integrity. Individually, the farmhouse and barn have been modified and lack architectural distinction. Overall, the property fails to convey its original historic character as a working farmstead.
- The Dean Farmstead at 9445 West Broadway Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP due to a lack of historical and architectural significance and diminished integrity of workmanship, design, and materials. The farmhouse is heavily modified through additions and is in a general state of disrepair.
- The Maddux House at 9115 West Broadway Road is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP due to a lack of historical and architectural significance.
- The Parker Farmstead at 3606 South 83<sup>rd</sup> Avenue is recommended as not eligible due to a lack of historical and architectural significance. None of the farmstead's historic period buildings and structures remain, except for the farmhouse built in 1950, which is heavily modified with additions and generally lacks integrity of design, workmanship, and materials.
- The Pitrat Farmstead at 5901 West Elliot Road is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP due to a lack of architectural integrity and historical significance. The historical layout of the farmstead has been lost as a result of property subdivisions and new construction. The house is heavily modified from its original form through multiple additions. Although the property is consistent with a rural agricultural landscape, in its current condition, it no longer conveys an accurate representation of its historical period character.
- The Quinonez House at 9131 West Broadway Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP due to a lack of historical and architectural significance and diminished integrity of workmanship, design, and materials



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 The Sachs-Webster Farmhouse at 7515 West Baseline Road was previously recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion C as an outstanding example of the Pyramid Cottage or Neo-Classical bungalow style house. Not only is the house a rare example of a once common Territorialperiod architectural style, it is also exceptional in that few homes built in Phoenix in the Pyramid Cottage style possess as many of the hallmark attributes as does the Sachs-Webster House.

## Farmsteads with Dairy Components

- The Colvin-Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy located at 6159 West Dobbins Road is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP as a whole because of a lack of integrity and historical significance. However, the dairy "head-to-toe" barn is recommended as individually eligible under Criterion C as a rare example of a once common architectural form that was a characteristic feature in Laveen's historic landscape and an integral component of its local economy. It is one of the few standing family-operated dairy barns in Laveen. It is also recognized as important within the broader context of the Salt River Valley's dairy industry as a surviving example of a dairy head-to-toe barn used during the height of its agricultural era.
- The Hackin Farmstead/Dairy at 10048 South 59<sup>th</sup> Avenue is recommended as not eligible to the NRHP because of a lack of integrity and historical significance. However, the dairy "flat" barn, is recommended as individually eligible under Criterion C as a rare example of a once common form that was a characteristic feature in Laveen's historic landscape and an integral component of its local economy. It is one of the few remaining family-operated dairy barns in Laveen. It is also important within the broader context of the Salt River Valley's dairy industry as a surviving example of a dairy flat barn used during the height of its agricultural era.

### Feedlots

 The C.O. Pitrat & Sons Feedlot in the 6100 Block of West Elliot Road is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP because of a lack of historical and architecture significance. The feedlot is 50 years old; however, most of its operation occurred in modern times. The structures and buildings are poorly preserved and generally lack integrity.

### Highways

 US 80 (AZ FF:9:17 [ASM]) is considered eligible to the NRHP under Criterion A at the national level as one of the first designated transcontinental routes and for its association with the development of the U.S. interstate transportation network. The segment within the study area has been widened and modernized and no longer retains integrity of design, workmanship, and materials. Furthermore, its integrity of setting and feeling are lost with most of the surrounding landscape transformed from rural agricultural to urban commercial/industrial. It is recommended that the segment in the study area is not eligible to the NRHP as a non-contributing component of US 80.



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### Historic Townsites

• The historic Santa Marie Townsite, located at the southwest corner of Lower Buckeye Road and 83<sup>rd</sup> Avenue, is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and B. The unincorporated townsite is a living example of an historic, rural Hispanic agricultural community in the Salt River Valley. Communities such as Santa Maria had an important role in the development and operation of the Valley's agricultural industry throughout the 20<sup>th</sup> century. In addition, the townsite has an association with Khattar Joseph Nackard, an Arizona businessman who had an influential role developing and shaping the State's economic and commercial future. As such, it is recommended that the Santa Marie Townsite is eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A and B.

### Railroads

The Southern Pacific Railroad Wellton-Phoenix-Eloy Main Line (AZ T:10:84 [ASM]) is
recommended as eligible to the NRHP for its association with the development of Arizona's railroad
network. The railroad has been maintained and upgraded over the years and remains an important
component of Arizona's transportation network.

### Streetscapes

• The 6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and D as an example and reflection of the lower Salt River Valley's agricultural past. In contrast to a more common, barren rural streetscape defined by a two-lane road passing between broad, open agricultural fields, the 6100 Block contains a suite of rural agricultural elements that convey a strong sense of what rural life was like in Arizona in the early to mid 1900s; (i.e., it captures more of the human element). Rural streetscapes are becoming increasingly rare in the lower Salt River Valley, as agricultural communities are replaced by urban development. It is recommended that the 6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape is eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and D, not only for its association with Arizona's early agricultural development, but more so for its information potential to provide future Arizonans with an idea of what rural agricultural life was like in the lower Salt River Valley during the early years of statehood.

All sites are located on private land, except for the Sachs-Webster Farmhouse (7515West Baseline Road) – Flood Control District Maricopa County; SRP 99<sup>th</sup> Avenue Lateral – Bureau of Reclamation/Salt River Project; US 80/ AZ FF:9:17 (ASM) – City of Phoenix, and the 6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape – City of Phoenix. FHWA/ADOT is concurrently consulting with these agencies regarding the eligibility of these sites located on their land.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed Class I overview and Class III survey report and information provided in this letter. If you find the reports



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adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. We also look forward to continuing consultation with your office. The final Programmatic Agreement is being completed and will be submitted for signature in September 2005. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail RGreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely. Jule E. haine

Serelle E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Enclosures

with revisions

cc: SThomas (FHWA); WVachon (FHWA)

11-1-05

Alignments	Site	Туре	Location	Jurisdiction	NRHP Eligibility (Criterion)	Management Recommendation
	AZ T:11:26 (ASM)	Hohokam Artifact Scatter	TIN, RIE, S4	ADOT	Not Eligible	None
	AZ T:12:4 (MNA)	Hohokam Artifact Scatter	T1N, R2E, S6	ADOT, Private	Not Eligible	None
W55/W71	AZ T:12:5 (MNA)	Hohokam Artifact Scatter	TIN, R2E, S5	ADOT, Private	Not Eligible	None
	AZ T:12:10 (ASM) Las Colinas	Hohokam Village	T2N, R2E, S36; T1N, R2E, S1, 2, 11	ADOT, Private	Eligible (D)	Avoid, or else mitigat adverse effects
	AZ T:12:38 (ASM)	Hohokam Village	T1N, R2E, S3	ADOT, Private	Eligible (D)	Avoid, or else mitigate adverse effects
	AZ T:12:178 (ASM) Los Aumentos	Hohokam Village	TIN, RIE, S2	ADOT, Private	Eligible (D)	Avoid, or else mitigate adverse effects
100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 - 1100 -	AZ T:7:167 (ASM) Grand Canal	Canal	T2N,R1E, S9, 16	Reclamation	Eligible (A, C)	Avoid, or else mitigate adverse effects
	AZ T:10:83 (ASM) Roosevelt Canal	Canal	TIN, R1E, S3, 4	Private	Eligible (A, C)	Avoid, or else mitigate adverse effects
W101 Alignments1	AZ T:11:26 (ASM)	Hohokam Artifact Scatter	TIN, RIE, S4	ADOT,	Not Eligible	None
	AZ T:12:4 (MNA)	Hohokam Artifact Scatter	TIN, R2E, S6	ADOT, Private	Not Eligible	None
	AZ T:12:178 (ASM) Los Aumentos	Hohokam Village	T1N, R1E, S2	ADOT, Private	Eligible (D)	Avoid, or else mitigate adverse effects

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## Table B. Addendum Class III Survey Report Eligibility and Management Summary.

Name	Address	Туре	Newly (N)/Previously (P) Recorded	Alignment	USGS 7.5' Map	Township, Range, Section	Ownership	NRHP Eligibility Recommendation	Management Recommendation
AZ T:12:221 (ASM)	n/a	Prehistoric Scatter	N	W55	Fowler	T1N, R2E, S31	Private	Eligible (D)	Avoid, or else mitigate
6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape	6100 Block W. Dobbins Rd.	Rural Streetscape	N	W55	Laveen	T1S, R2E, S6,7	Private, Phoenix	Eligible (A,D)	Avoid, or else mitigate
Anderson Farm Tenant Residences	9901 and 9903 W. Van Buren Rd.	Tenant Residents	N	W101 (all)	Tolleson	T1N, R1E, S8	Private	• Not Eligible	None
C. O. Pitrat & Sons Feedlot	6100 Block W. Elliot Rd.	Feedlot	N	W71, W101 (all)	Laveen	T1S, R2E, S18	Private	Not Eligible	None
Carter Farmstead	7201 and 7215 W. Broadway Rd.	Farmstead	N	W71	Fowler	T1N, R1E, S25	Private	Not Eligible	None
Cecil and Mary Colvin Farmstead	5139 W. Estrella Rd.	Farmstead	N	None	Laveen	T1S, R2E, S20	Private	Not Eligible	None
Colvin-Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy	6159 W. Dobbins Rd.	Farmstead/Dairy	N	W55	Laveen	T1S, R2E, S7	Private	Farmstead: Not Eligible; Dairy Barn: Eligible (C); contributing elements to 6100 Block Streetscape	Avoid dairy barn, or else mitigate; avoid portion within 6100 Block Streetscape boundaries, or else mitigate



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Name	Address	Туре	Newly (N)/Previously (P) Recorded	Alignment	USGS 7.5' Map	Township, Range, Section	Ownership	NRHP Eligibility Recommendation	Management Recommendation
Dad Farmstead	6102 W. Dobbins Rd.	Farmstead	N	W55	Laveen	T1S, R2E, S6	Private	Farmstead: Not Eligible; contributing element to 6100 Block Streetscape	Avoid portion within 6100 Block Streetscape boundaries, or else mitigate impacts to streetscape
Dean Farmstead	9445 W. Broadway Rd.	Farmstead	N	W101 (all)	Tolleson	T1N, R1E, S28	Private	Not Eligible	Avoid
Hackin Farmstead/Dairy	100048 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Ave.	Farmstead/Dairy	N	None <sup>2</sup>	Laveen	T1N, R1E, S7	Private	Farmstead: Not Eligible; Dairy Barn: Eligible (C)	Avoid dairy barn, or else mitigate
Hudson Farm	9300 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Ave.	Farm	N	W55	Laveen	T1S, R1E, S7	Private	Farm: Eligible (A); Silos: Eligible (C)	Avoid, or else mitigate
Jarvis Marine Repair Shop	5800 W. Buckeye Rd.	Commercial Building	N	W55	Fowler	T1N, R2E, S8	Private	Not Eligible	None
Maddux House	9115 W. Broadway Rd.	Farmhouse	N	W101 (all)	Tolleson	T1N, R1E, 28	Private	Not Eligible	None
Mother's Restaurant	5760 W. Buckeye Road	Commercial Building	N	W55	Fowler	T1N, R2E, S8	Private	Not Eligible	None
Parker Farmstead	3606 S. 83 <sup>rd</sup> Ave.	Farmstead	N	W101EPR, W101EFR	Fowler	T1N, R1E, S22	Private	Not Eligible	None
Pitrat Farmstead	5901 W. Elliot Rd.	Farmstead	N	None <sup>3</sup>	Fowler	T1S, R2E, S18	Private	Not Eligible	None



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Name	Address	Туре	Newly (N)/Previously (P) Recorded	Alignment	USGS 7.5' Map	Township, Range, Section	Ownership	NRHP Eligibility Recommendation	Management Recommendation
Quinonez House	9131 W. Broadway Rd.	Farmhouse	N	W101 (all)	Tolleson	T1N, R1E, S28	Private	Not Eligible	None
Sachs-Webster Farmhouse	7515 W. Baseline Rd.	Farmhouse	Р	W101 (all)	Tolleson	T1S, R1E, Ss	FCDMC	Eligible (C)	Avoid, or else mitigate
Santa Marie Townsite	Lower Buckeye Rd. and S. 83 <sup>rd</sup> Ave.	Townsite	N	W71	Fowler	T1N, R1E, S24	Private	Eligible (A,B)	Avoid, or else mitigate
SPRR Wellton- Phoenix-Eloy Main Line	UPRR R/W	Railroad	Р.,	All	Fowler, Tolleson	T1N, R1E, S8,9,12; T1N, R2E, S8	UPRR	Eligible (A)	Avoid, or else mitigate
SRP 99 <sup>th</sup> Avenue Lateral	99 <sup>th</sup> Ave. and Lower Buckeye Rd.	Irrigation Canal	Р	W101W99	Tolleson	T1N, R1E, S16	SRP/ Reclamation	Eligible (A)	Avoid, or else mitigate
US 80 (AZ FF:9:17 [ASM])	West Buckeye Road	Highway	Р	All	Fowler, Toleson	T1N, R1E, S8,9,12,13,16,17; T1N, R2E, S8, 17	Phoenix	Eligible (A) (non-contributing)	None

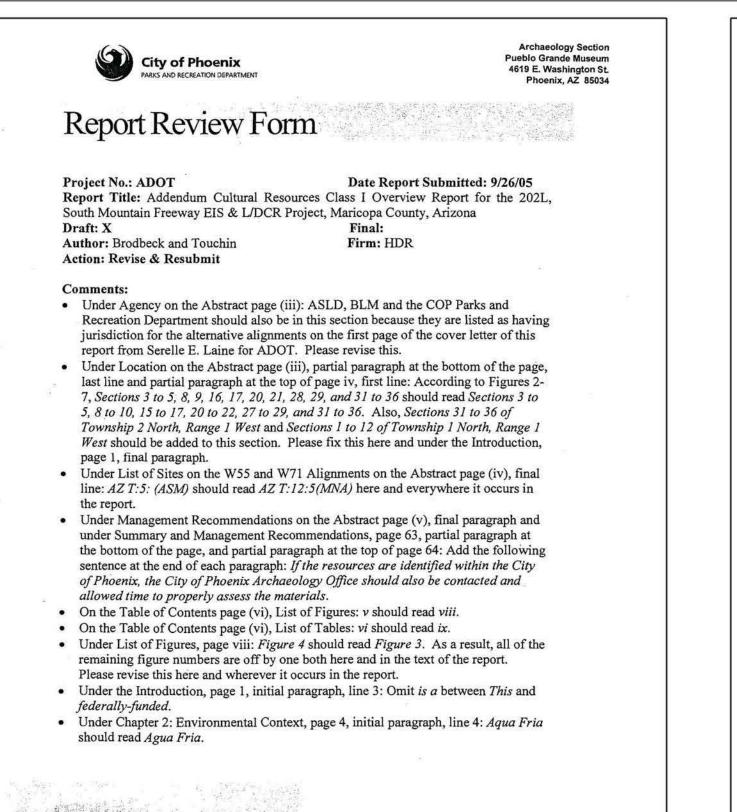
Bostwick

Table Notes:

all the alignments cross the property parcel but do not intersect the farmstead.
 W55 crosses the property parcel but misses the farmstead and dairy barn;
 All the alternative alignment pass within about 100 m of the farmstead but do not directly impact it.



Saving the past for the future



- In Table 1, page 6: Please state whose cultural chronology you are basing the table on (Dean [1991])?
- In Table 1, page 6: You place the Vahki phase before the Pioneer period, yet under Early Formative and Pioneer Periods, page 8, partial paragraph at the bottom of the page, initial sentence, you state that the Vahki phase is a part of the Pioneer period. Please revise this.
- Under Paleo-Indian Period, page 7, line 4: kills sites should read kill sites.
- Under Paleo-Indian Period, page 7, line 10: You state that a single specimen was recovered from the northern edge of the basin. Please clarify which basin you are referring to. Also, for more information on Paleoindian finds in the area, please see:

North, Chris, Michael S. Foster, John M. Lindly and Douglas R. Mitchell 2005 A Newly Discovered Clovis Point from the Phoenix Basin and an Update on Arizona Clovis Point Attributes. Kiva 70(3): 293-307.

- Under Archaic Period, page 7, initial paragraph, line 9: Please move the dash from after assemblages to after sedentism.
- Under Archaic Period, page 8, partial paragraph at the top of the page, first and second lines: Please add the following report to your list of work done on Archaic sites in the Phoenix Basin:

### Hackbarth, Mark R.

- 1998 Archaic and Hohokam Occupation of the Mayo Boulevard Project Area in Northeast Phoenix, Arizona. Pueblo Grande Museum Anthropological Papers No. 8.
- Under Colonial Period, page 10, partial paragraph at the top of the page, line 6: Insert the word a after become.
- Under Colonial Period, page 10, final paragraph, lines 4-5: Doyel (1978), Elson et al. (1995), Haury (1932) and Mitchell (1986) are not in the References Cited section. Please revise this.
- Under Classic Period, page 12, partial paragraph at the top of the page, line 3: Howard (1987) is not in the References Cited section. Please revise this.
- Under Classic Period, page 12, partial paragraph at the top of the page, second complete sentence: For information on the platform mound at Pueblo Grande, please see:
- Downum, Christian and Todd Bostwick 2003 The Platform Mound. In Centuries of Decline during the Hohokam Classic Period at Pueblo Grande, edited by David Abbott, pp. 166-200. University of Arizona Press, Tucson.
- Under Historic Period, page 13, line 2: id divided should read is divided.
- Under The Hispanic Era (A.D. 1694-1853), page 14, partial paragraph at the bottom of the page, initial sentence: It is not clear what group of people are you referring to

when you mention the word Western. Do you mean the Western Apache? Please revise this.

- Under The Hispanic Era (A.D. 1694-1853), page 15, final paragraph, final sentence: Mention the Mexican-American War and the Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo (1848) as well.
- Under Chapter 4: Regulatory Context, page 17, paragraph 2, line 5: Please omit the comma after NHPA and add a period.
- Under Chapter 4: Regulatory Context, page 17, partial paragraph at the bottom of the page, initial line: State Historic Preservation of 1982 seems incomplete. Do you mean State Historic Preservation Act of 1982?
- Under Chapter 5: Results, page 19, paragraph 2, line 2: You state that 76 projects were surveys, yet more than 80 surveys are listed in Table 2. Please revise this.
- Under Chapter 5: Results, page 19, paragraph 4, line 2 and under Chapter 6: Summary and Management Recommendations, page 63, paragraphs 2 and 4: You state that there were 129 historic buildings, yet 130 are listed in Table 7.
- Under Chapter 5: Results, page 19, paragraph 4, sentence 3: You state that five archaeological sites are not eligible, yet seven sites are listed as eligible in Table 5. Also, you state that nine archaeological sites have not been evaluated for eligibility, yet seven sites are listed as not evaluated in Table 5. Please revise this.
- In Table 2, page 20: The Janus Assoc. (1987b) survey is not shown in Figure 5. Please revise this.
- In Table 2, page 21: The Schroeder (1995) survey is not shown in Figure 5. Please revise this. Also, Stubbing and Mitchell should read Stubing and Mitchell.
- In Table 2, page 22: The Hart (1999) survey is not shown in Figure 3. Please revise this.
- In Table 2, page 23: Please indicate which Touchin and Brodbeck (2003) you mean (a or b).
- In Table 3, page 24: The projects listed for the Excavations at Las Colinas, the Clark and Henderson (2001) project and the Boston and Ryan (2002) project are not shown in Figure 5. Also, the Shepard (1998) project is not shown in Figure 3. Please revise this.
- In Table 4, page 25: The Marshall (1996) project is not shown in Figure 5. Please revise this.
- In Table 4, page 25: The location of the Hart (2001a) project should read T2N, R2E, S32.
- On Figure 2, page 26: Four UTMs must be displayed. Please revise this both here and throughout the report.
- On Figure 4, page 28: Hart 2001c should read Hart 2001b.
- On Figure 5, page 29: Hart 2001d should read Hart 2001c.
- In the caption of Table 5, page 32: Previous should read Previously.
- In Table 5, page 32: You mention the site labeled "ASU" and cite our base map as a reference, but this site is not labeled "ASU" on any of our maps. On whose records is this site labeled ASU?
- In Table 5, page 32: According to our records, Midvale-6 and AZ T:12:28b(ASU) are two separate sites. Please revise this.

- In Table 5, page 32: Site AZ T:12:184(ASM) should be placed in the Site Number column for the Fangmeier (2002) project.
- In Table 5, page 33: Marshall (1997c) is not in the References Cited section. Please revise this.
- In Table 5, page 34, References for Las Colinas: Hammack (1981) is Hammack and Sullivan (1981) in the References Cited section. Heathington (1985) is Heathington et al. (1985) in the References Cited section. Finally, Gregory (1988b) is not in the References Cited section. Please revise this.
- In Table 5, page 34: Site AZ T:12:13(PG) is located far from this project area. It is located in T1S R2E S3. There was originally some confusion on the PGM site card (which has been resolved) as to whether this site is located in T1N or T1S, which may have caused it to be erroneously placed in T1N on SHPO inventory 1210.
- In Table 5, page 35, References for AZ T:12:38(ASM): Please include the other report references that were listed in the site file you obtained when you conducted your search at PGM, especially Layhe (1988), Excavations at AZ T:12:38 (ASM). In The 1982-1984 Excavations at Las Colinas: The Site and Its Features.
- In Table 5, page 35: O'Brien et al. 1997 should read O'Brien et al. 1987.
- In Table 6, page 36: Please indicate which Touchin and Brodbeck (2003) you are referring to (a or b).
- On Figure 9, page 47: Many sites are labeled but not displayed. Please revise this both here and in other figures where this occurs.
- On Figure 9, page 47: The site boundary of Los Aumentos does not match that in our database. Please explain any discrepancies in the way that this site is plotted.
- Under Archaeological Sites (NRHP-Ineligible), page 58, paragraph 2, initial sentence: You state that sites AZ T:12:4(MNA) and AZ T:12:5(MNA) have not been formally evaluated for eligibility and are located within the proposed alignments. Since there is federal involvement, these sites will need to be formally evaluated for eligibility if they will be impacted by the project.
- Under References Cited: Please insert spaces between the following reports: ASM (1998) and Basso (1983); McDermott(2003) and McDonald (1974); Rosenberg (1983a) and Rosenberg (1983b);
- Under References Cited, page 69: The Burden (2002) report that was mentioned in the cover letter from ADOT is not in the References Cited Section (A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona).

### **Recommendations:**

Please revise the report accordingly and send one final bound copy of this report to the City of Phoenix Archaeology Office. Please send the appropriate number of final bound copies of this report to the lead federal agency. They will then forward copies to all consulting parties.

Reviewed By: Robert A. Serocki Jr. and Todd W. Bostwick, Ph.D. 145

Collection to be submitted: N/A Remarks:

### Date: 11/1/05

City of Phoenix PARKS AND RECREATION DEPARTMENT Report Review Fo	4	Archaeology Section Pueblo Grande Museum 4619 E. Washington St. Phoenix, AZ 85034	<ul> <li>Under Paleo-Indian Period, page 16, second-to Paleoindian finds in the area, please see:</li> <li>North, Chris, Michael S. Foster, John M. Lind 2005 A Newly Discovered Clovis Point from Arizona Clovis Point Attributes. Kiva 70</li> </ul>
Project No.: ADOT Report Title: An Addendum Cultural Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Marico Draft: X Author: Brodbeck	Date Report Submitted: 9/26 Resources Report for the 202L, South Mo opa County, Arizona Final: Firm: HDR		<ul> <li>Under Archaic Period, page 16, initial paragray after assemblages to after sedentism.</li> <li>Under Archaic Period, page 17, initial paragray report to your list of work done on Archaic site Hackbarth, Mark R.</li> <li>1998 Archaic and Hohokam Occupation of the Northeast Phoenix, Arizona. Pueblo Gra No. 8.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>section because it is listed as a land iv. Please revise this.</li> <li>Under Eligibility and Management paragraph 2, initial line: You mention is historic or prehistoric.</li> <li>Under Eligibility and Management 2 following sentence at the end of eact the City of Phoenix, the City of Pho- and allowed time to properly assess</li> <li>Under Feedlots on the Abstract page 2: architecture should read architect</li> <li>Under Historic Townsites on the Ab page 157: If you will use both Santa township, please explain the different</li> <li>Under Project Background, page 1, shown as 2002 in the References Ci In Table 1.1, page 4: Survey Area 5 Please revise this.</li> <li>On Figure 1.4, page 6: Please include the legend both here and in any figure</li> </ul>	e (viii), line 2 and under Feedlots, page 156, tural. ostract page (ix) and under Historic Townsite Maria and Santa Marie to describe the same nce as you do on page 110. line 14: The publication date for MAG (200) ted section. Please revise this. looks much larger than 10 acres in Figure 1. le the line that identifies quad map boundarie res where it occurs. page 16, lines 4-5: Please enclose the time p	n page his site , final ne within tacted , line es, ne 03) is 5. ies in	<ul> <li>Under Colonial Period, page 19, partial paragrap the word a after become.</li> <li>Under Colonial Period, page 19, final paragrap References Cited section. Please revise this.</li> <li>Under Classic Period, page 21, partial paragrap sentence: For information on the platform mout Downum, Christian and Todd Bostwick 2003 The Platform Mound. In Centuries of D Period at Pueblo Grande, edited by Dav Arizona Press, Tucson.</li> <li>Under Classic Period, page 21, final-paragraph References Cited section. Please revise this.</li> <li>Under Classic Period, page 21, final-paragraph References Cited section. Please revise this.</li> <li>Under The Hispanic Era (A.D. 1694-1853), pag of the page, initial sentence: It is not clear what when you mention the word Western. Do you revise this.</li> <li>Under The Hispanic Era (A.D. 1694-1853), pag Mention the Mexican-American War and the T well.</li> <li>Under Chapter 4: Regulatory Context, page 26, after NHPA and add a period.</li> <li>Under Chapter 4: Regulatory Context, page 26, page, initial line: State Historic Preservation of mean State Historic Preservation Act of 1982?</li> <li>Under Chapter 5: Methodology, page 28, initial referring readers to the Burden (2002) report, referring readers to the Burden (2002) report.</li> </ul>

od, page 16, second-to-last line: For more information on

Foster, John M. Lindly and Douglas R. Mitchell d Clovis Point from the Phoenix Basin and an Update on nt Attributes. *Kiva* 70(3): 293-307.

ge 16, initial paragraph, line 9: Please move the dash from

ge 17, initial paragraph, lines 3-4: Please add the following done on Archaic sites in the Phoenix Basin:

am Occupation of the Mayo Boulevard Project Area in Arizona. Pueblo Grande Museum Anthropological Papers

ge 19, partial paragraph at the top of the page, line 8: Insert

ge 19, final paragraph, line 5: Mitchell (1986) is not in the

e 21, partial paragraph at the top of the page, third complete on the platform mound at Pueblo Grande, please see:

d. In Centuries of Decline during the Hohokam Classic rande, edited by David Abbott, pp. 166-200. University of

e 21, final paragraph, line 12: Sires (1983) is not in the

A.D. 1694-1853), page 23, partial paragraph at the bottom e: It is not clear what group of people are you referring to rd *Western*. Do you mean the Western Apache? Please

A.D. 1694-1853), page 24, final paragraph, final sentence: erican War and the Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo (1848) as

ory Context, page 26, paragraph 2, line 5: Omit the comma

bry Context, page 26, partial paragraph at the bottom of the *toric Preservation of 1982* seems incomplete. Do you

blogy, page 28, initial paragraph, line 3: In addition to rden (2002) report, refer readers to the Addendum Class I mpleted as well (Brodbeck and Touchin 2005).

- Under NRHP Eligibility and Management Recommendations for site AZ T:12:221(ASM), page 33, initial sentence: Please insert the word potentially before eligible. Also, this site needs to be formally evaluated for eligibility.
- On Figure 6.4, page 34: The legend gives an aerial photo date of Summer, 2003, yet there is no aerial photo in this figure. Please revise this.
- Under References Cited, page 159: The Burden (2002) report that was mentioned in the cover letter of this report from Serelle E. Laine for ADOT is not in the References Cited Section (A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona).
- Under References Cited, page 162, Elson et al. (1995): 995 should read 1995.

### **Recommendations:**

21.7

The City of Phoenix Archaeology Office concurs with the recommendation that archaeological and historic sites determined eligible for the NRHP should be avoided if possible. If avoidance is not possible, then any adverse effects should be mitigated. Please revise the report accordingly and send one final bound copy of this report to the City of Phoenix Archaeology Office. Please send the appropriate number of final bound copies of this report to the lead federal agency. They will then forward copies to all consulting parties.

Reviewed By: Robert A. Serocki Jr. and Todd W. Bostwick, Ph.D. Date: 11/1/05

Collection to be submitted: No Remarks: No collections were made.



Janet Napolitan Governor Victor M. Mendez Director

August 17, 2005

Peter Steere, Program Manager Joe Joaquin, Cultural Resource Specialist Tohono O'odham Nation Cultural Affairs Office P.O. Box 837 Sells, Arizona 85634

RE: Project No: NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Draft Programmatic Agreement follow-up

Dear Sirs:

The Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) on behalf of the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) is following up on our recent request for input on the draft Programmatic Agreement (PA) for the South Mountain Corridor freeway project (letter from Hollis, FHWA, July 7, 2005). ADOT/FHWA are in the process of finalizing the South Mountain Corridor PA to address project effects as the environmental documentation continues for the project. A draft PA was circulated in July 2005 along with an invitation to participate in discussions regarding the potential effects of the project on areas of traditional cultural significance, however, at this time, few tribes have opted to participate.

ADOT on behalf of FHWA would like to offer another opportunity for your tribe/community to participate in the PA and in discussions regarding potential effects to areas of traditional cultural significance. Please sign below if you would like to be included as a Concurring Party to the final PA and return to ADOT by September 2, 2005. If your office opts to participate in cultural resource consultation at a later date, ADOT/FHWA would make a good faith effort to address any concerns.

If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me at 602-712-8636 or e-mail slaine@azdot.gov.

quele & have

Serelle E. Laine, Coordinator Historic Preservation Team Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17th Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Signature for Tohono O'odham Concurrence

cc: SThomas (FHWA)

## Arizona Department of Transportation

Intermodal Transportation Division 206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

David P. Jankofsky Deputy Director

1-8-05

Date

		Arizona Division		94 <sup>6</sup> • .
2	US.Department	400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-2264	5	ADOT recommend that South Mou for its association with the broad pa
	of Transportation Federal Highway Administration	November 22, 2005		activity that is rooted in their histor recommendation and fulfill FHWA
		In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ		Mountain TCP as "a tangible prope Gila River Indian Community provi TCP, in order to assist with our env
	÷	NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L		
	* <sub>v</sub>	South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation		Your letter also identifies two archa del Alamo (AZ T:12:52 ASM); how
		Traditional Cultural Places		with cultural practices or beliefs of important in maintaining the contin
	Mr. Richard P. Narcia, Governor			archaeological sites as eligible for the evaluate their status as TCP's. FHW
	Gila River Indian Community			TCP eligibility, so FHWA can proc
	P.O. Box 97 Sacaton, Arizona 85247		12	kept strictly confidential and not inc
				FHWA and ADOT appreciate the e complex issues and are committed t
	Dear Governor Narcia:			issues relating to this project. We ar
	The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the appreciate your letter dated September 30, 2005 respon-			South Mountain TCP so that we car
	cultural places. This consultation is part of the process	of preparing an Environmental Impact Statement		Please review the information provi
	(EIS) for the South Mountain Freeway project. Your le archaeological sites and three areas of traditional cultur		5	appropriate to evaluate the eligibilit T:12:52 ASM) for the National Reg
	Buena site, and the Pueblo del Alamo site. The letter al mitigation measures to address adverse effects to the pl	so requested that FHWA take appropriate		We look forward to continuing cons do not hesitate to call Steve Thomas
	which are considered sacred sites. The purpose of this l	etter is to request more specific information		
	regarding the boundaries and cultural importance of the developed within the context of Section 106 consultation CFR Part 800).			
	Under the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA),	Traditional Cultural Properties (TCP's) are		
	defined as historic sites eligible for inclusion in the Nat cultural practices or beliefs of a living community that			
	are important in maintaining the continuing cultural ide Number 38). Historic sites must exhibit four attributes:			
	tangible property; integrity in relationship to the transm	ission and retention of cultural beliefs or the		
	performance of ceremonial practices; and integrity of consistent of the significance has not been reduced through alteration of	ondition wherein their traditional cultural location, setting, design or materials. A TCP may		a and a second a second a
	be eligible for the National Register under one or more events that have made a significant contribution to the b			Signature for Gila River Indian Con
	lives of persons significant in the past; (C) the embodin	ent of the distinctive characteristics of a type,		cc:
1	period, or method of construction; and (D) history of yi prehistory or history (National Register Bulletin Number	r 38).		Barnaby Lewis, Cultural Resource S 85247
	Your letter dated September 30, 2005 identifies South A the community's history and is important in maintaining			John C. Ravesloot, Coordinator, Cul P.O. Box 2140, Sacaton, AZ 85247
9	O'odham and Pee Posh. In addition, it has been demons	trated that South Mountain has been used by		Sandra Shade, Director, Department
	Akimel O'odham and Pee Posh for religious and cerem retains integrity in terms of condition and the transmiss	on and retention of cultural beliefs. FHWA and		Sacaton, AZ 85247 SThomas, BVachon, KDavis, REllis
	Colorration So to any	BUCKLE UP		SDThomas:cdm
× )	956 599 2000			
	"Childowna start Start			

iver Indian Community Concurrence

that South Mountain is eligible to the National Register as a TCP under Criterion A vith the broad patterns of Akimel O'odham and Pee Posh ceremonial and religious ed in their history and integral to continuation of their cultural identity. To finalize this nd fulfill FHWA's Section 106 obligations, we need to be able define the South 'a tangible property," as defined by the NHPA. Therefore, FHWA requests that the community provide a map marked with the physical boundaries of the South Mountain sist with our environmental issues assessment.

ntifies two archaeological sites as TCP's, Villa Buena (AZ T:12:9 ASM) and Pueblo 2:52 ASM); however, no information is provided about the association of these sites ces or beliefs of the community that are rooted in the community's history and are ining the continuing cultural identity of the community. FHWA recommends the two as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D. Additional research would be required to as TCP's. FHWA recommends that a TCP evaluation be prepared to address the sites' FHWA can proceed appropriately. Any information provided in a TCP study would be ential and not included in any documents released to the public.

appreciate the efforts of the Gila River Indian Community in addressing these are committed to continuing consultation with the Community on these and other is project. We are grateful for your efforts in providing a tangible boundary for the CP so that we can move forward with our legal obligations.

formation provided in this letter. If you agree that a TCP evaluation would be ate the eligibility of Villa Buena (AZ T:12:9 ASM) and Pueblo del Alamo (AZ he National Register as TCP's, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. continuing consultation with your office. If you have any question or concerns, please Il Steve Thomas at 602-379-3645 ext. 117 or email steve.thomas@fhwa.dot.gov.

Sincerely,

# STEPHEN D. THOMAS

Robert E. Hollis **Division Administrator** 

Date

tural Resource Specialist, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box E, Sacaton, AZ

Coordinator, Cultural Resource Management Program, Gila River Indian Community,

tor, Department of Transportation, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 97,

, KDavis, REllis (619E), RGreenspan (619E)

2

U.S. Department of Transportation ederal High

**Arizona** Division 400 East Van Buren Street **One Arizona Center Suite 410** Phoenix, Arizona 85004-2264

November 30, 2005

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D (ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Programmatic Agreement

Mr. Richard P. Narcia, Governor Gila River Indian Community P.O. Box 97 Sacaton, Arizona 85247

Dear Governor Narcia:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are in the process of finalizing the South Mountain Corridor Programmatic Agreement (PA) to address project effects as the environmental documentation continues for the project. A draft PA was circulated in July 2005. At this time, FHWA is following up on our previous request for participation in the PA for the South Mountain Corridor freeway project (letter from Hollis, FHWA, July 7, 2005). FHWA

FHWA would like to offer another opportunity for your tribe/community to participate in the PA. Please sign below if you would like to be included as a Concurring Party to the PA and return to FHWA by December 23, 2005. If your office opts to participate in cultural resource consultation at a later date, FHWA would make a good faith effort to address any concerns you may have. We look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If you have any question or concerns, please do not hesitate to call Steve Thomas at 602-379-3645 x 117 or email: Steve. Thomas@fhwa.dot.gov.

Sincerely,

# STEPHEN D. THOMAS

Date

Robert E. Hollis **Division** Administrator

### Signature for GRIC Concurrence

cc: Barnaby V. Lewis, Cultural Resource Specialist, GRIC, P.O. Box E, Sacaton, AZ 85247 John C. Ravesloot, Coordinator, Cultural Resource Management Program, GRIC, P.O. Box 2140, Sacaton, AZ 85247

Sandra Shade, Director, Department of Transportation, GRIC, P.O. Box 97, Sacaton, AZ 85247 SThomas, RGreenspan (619E), REllis (619E)





Preserving America's Heritage

December 27, 2005

Mr. Robert E. Hollis **Division Administrator** Federal Highway Administration 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, AZ 85004-2264

REF: Proposed South Mountain Transportation Corridor Project Maricopa County, Arizona

Dear Mr. Hollis:

The ACHP received your notification and supporting documentation regarding the adverse effects of the referenced project on properties listed on and eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Based upon the information you provided, we do not believe that our participation in consultation to resolve adverse effects is needed. However, should circumstances change and you determine that our participation is required, please notify us. Pursuant to 36 CFR 800.6(b)(iv), you will need to file the final Memorandum of Agreement and related documentation at the conclusion of the consultation process. The filing of the Agreement with us is required in order to complete the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

require further assistance, please contact Carol Legard, FHWA Liaison, at 202-606-8503.

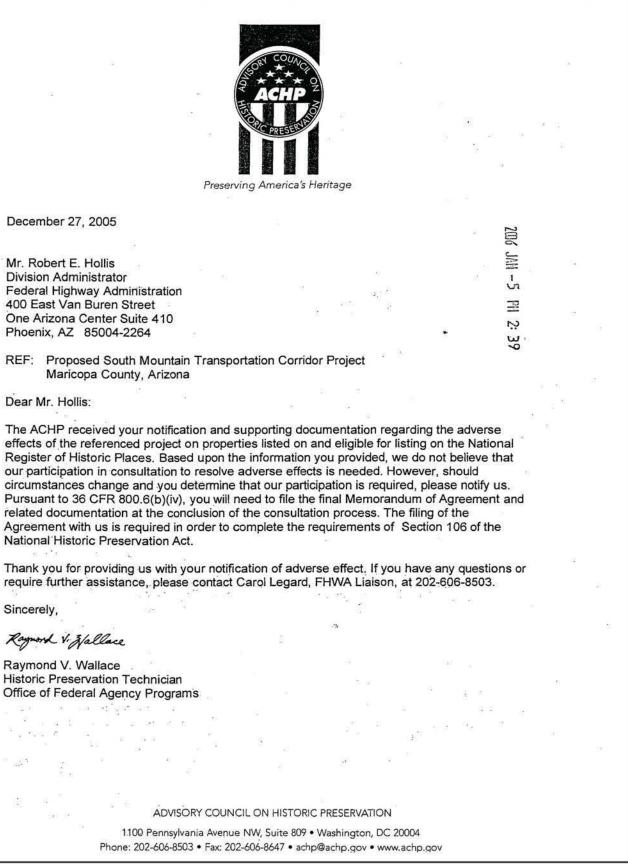
Sincerely,

Raymond V. Z/allace

Raymond V. Wallace Historic Preservation Technician Office of Federal Agency Programs

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION

Phone: 202-606-8503 • Fax: 202-606-8647 • achp@achp.gov • www.achp.gov



	rizona Department	of Transportation
	Intermodal Transpo 206 South Seventeenth Avenue	
ADOT	200 South Seventeenth Avenue	Phoenix, Arizona 85007-5213
Janet Napolitano Governor	<i>4</i>	Sam Elters Deputy Director
Victor M. Mendez Director	January 12, 2006	
Dr. David Jacobs		
State Historic Preserv	vation Office	
Arizona State Parks		
1300 West Washington		
Phoenix, Arizona 850	J07	
TRACS No. 2 South Mounta Continuing Se	H-202-D(ADY) 202L MA H5764 ain Transportation Corridor ection 106 Consultation ey Report Eligibility Recommendations	
Dear Dr. Jacobs:		
are conducting techni South Mountain Free submitted a Class III Community's (GRIC) II Cultural Resource Study Area, Maricopo provided several com Programmatic Agreen	Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona cal studies in support of the Environmenta way, EIS & Location/Design Concept Rep cultural resources survey report on July 1, Cultural Resource Management Program Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in a County, Arizona (Darling 2005). In your ments regarding the treatment of isolated ment being prepared for the project. The p	al Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, port project. As part of this effort, we , 2005 prepared by the Gila River Indian n (CRMP). The report was titled <i>A Class</i> the South Mountain Freeway Corridor r response letter dated July 11, 2005, you occurrences (IO) and on the

### Isolated Occurrences

In your letter you noted that the report grouped IOs into 12 clusters in "areas where numerous artifacts co-occur but in concentrations less than would merit an archaeological site designation (Darling 2005:4-13.)" None of the areas with IOs has high enough artifact densities to meet standard site definition criteria. In fact, the term "cluster" is somewhat misapplied in the report. For example, IO Cluster 4 consists of six artifacts in a roughly 20-acre area; IO 6 has 17 artifacts in a 40-acre area; and, IO Cluster 7 consists of six artifacts in an approximately 15-acre area. The other IO "clusters" have similarly low artifact densities.

In your letter you also pointed out that the report notes that some of the IO Clusters are associated with prehistoric trails and trail sites near South Mountain with the additional note that some of the trails continue to be used by GRIC today. It should be pointed out that not all IOs in the study area are associated with trails, and in fact, at this point the relationships of the IOs with the trails and other cultural uses of South Mountain have not been investigated beyond collecting basic inventory and location information. ADOT and FHWA recognize that while the IOs are not individually considered eligible to the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP), they are an important component to

Jacobs TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5765 01L January 12, 2006 Page 2 of 3

understanding the region's overall cultural pattern of prehistoric and historic use. ADOT and FHWA agree that proper mitigation of impacts to the cultural resources in the South Mountain Freeway corridor should include considerations of "non-site" areas. With this in mind, the IO's that are in proximity to other IOs, or in proximity to defined sites or trails, were called out in the report so that further investigation of them could be considered in any treatment plans that might be developed in the future. However, based on survey data alone, these IOs do not meet the ASM criteria for sites, or the NRHP criteria for historic properties, and we recommend that the site boundaries in the GRIC CRMP report should not be revised to include outlying IOs.

### **Eligibility Recommendations**

Nineteen archaeological sites and two historic canals were identified in GRIC CRMP's Class III report (Darling 2005). The eligibility of the historic canals-AZ T:10:83 (ASM) (Roosevelt Canal) and AZ T:12:154 (ASM) (Western Canal)- are currently being reassessed and will be addressed in an eligibility assessment report being prepared by HDR Engineering's Cultural Resources Section which will be submitted to your office at a later date. Of the archaeological sites, 18 are recommended as eligible to the NRHP and one is recommended as not eligible:

- AZ T:12:9 (ASM) (Villa Buena) and AZ T:12:52 (ASM) are prehistoric Hohokam villages with village structure and the development of irrigation communities south of the Salt River.
- AZ T:11:164 (ASM), AZ T:12:91 (ASM), AZ T:12:127 (ASM) (Baseline Ruin), AZ T:12:202 Criterion D for their potential to provide important information on prehistoric Hohokam social structure of irrigation communities.
- AZ T:12:197 (ASM), AZ T:12:201 (ASM), and AZ T:12:211 (ASM) are trail sites with associated (ASM) is a prehistoric trail site with an associated Hohokam artifact scatter. The sites are including social mobility and transportation networks.
- American in origin). The site is recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for its the Gila and Salt Rivers, including lithic resource procurement and ground stone technology.

existing and/or historically documented public architecture. The sites are recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information on prehistoric Hohokam social organization, settlement, and land use in the lower Salt River Valley, including the

(ASM), AZ T:12:203 (ASM), AZ T:12:204 (ASM), AZ T:12:205 (ASM), and AZ T:12:206 (ASM) are prehistoric Hohokam artifact scatters. The sites are recommended as eligible for the NRHP under organization, settlement, and land use in the lower Salt River Valley, including the development and

features (age and cultural affiliation unknown, but likely Native American in origin). AZ T:12:207 recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information on prehistoric settlement and land use near the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers,

AZ T:12:210 (ASM) is a prehistoric quarry (age and cultural affiliation unknown, but likely Native potential to provide important information prehistoric settlement and land use near the confluence of



Jacobs TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5765 01L January 12, 2006 Page 3 of 3

- AZ T:12:199 (ASM) and AZ T:12:200 (ASM) are historic O'odham artifact scatters. AZ T:12:199 (ASM) is recommended as eligible for the NRHP under Criterion D for its potential to provide important information on historical-period O'odham settlement and land use near the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including the use of upland areas for subsistence and religious practices. AZ T:12:200 (ASM) is recommended as not eligible for the NRHP due to a lack of integrity and information potential.
- AZ T:12:198 (ASM) and AZ T:12:208 (ASM) are prehistoric petroglyph sites with historic components. The sites are considered eligible to the NRHP under Criterion D for their potential to provide important information of prehistoric Hohokam and historic O'odham settlement and land use at the confluence of the Gila and Salt Rivers, including the use of upland areas for religious practices.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. If you agree that (1) the IOs do not qualify as sites and that the boundaries of the existing sites, as defined by the GRIC CRMP (Darling 2005), should not be revised to include outlying IOs, (2) that the proper treatment of affected cultural resources in the APE should include considerations of non-site cultural resources, and (3) if you agree with the National Register eligibility recommendations for the 19 archaeological sites, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. We also look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me at 602-712-6266 or e-mail rgreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

Ruth L. Greenspan Historic Preservation Specialist Environmental & Enhancement Group 205 South 17th Avenue Rm. 213E Mail Drop 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Signature for SHPO Concurrence

Date

cc: SThomas (FHWA); WVachon (FHWA)

Arizona 🖉 🖲 State Parks

Janet Napolitano

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602.542.4188

(520 & 928) area codes

Director's Office Fax:

Tel & TTY: 602.542.4174 www.azstateparks.com

Commissioner

"Manao

January 23, 2006

Dr. Ruth Greenspan Historic Preservation Specialist Environmental and Enhancement Group Arizona Department of Transportation 206 South 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85007-3212

RE: Project No. NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation SHPO-2003-1890 (26970)

Dear Dr. Greenspan:

Thank you for consulting with this office regarding the cultural resources survey report and the eligibility recommendations associated with the South Mountain Transportation Corridor pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act as implemented by 36 CFR Part 800. We have reviewed the submitted letter and eligibility recommendations, and offer the following comments.

The earlier submitted cultural resource report [A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona] by J. Andrew Darling identified 21 sites and 191 Isolated Occurrences (IOs). The current submitted letter [dated January 12, 2006] notes that the eligibility of the two historic canals [AZ T:10:83 (ASM), the Roosevelt Canal, and AZ T:12:154 (ASM), the Western Canal] are being reassessed, and will be addressed later. Of the remaining 19 sites, one [i.e., AZ T:12:200 (ASM)] is recommended as ineligible, and the 18 others [AZ T:11:164 (ASM) and AZ T:12:9, 52, 91, 127, 197, 198, 199, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 210, and 211 (ASM)] are eligible to the National Register of Historic Places [NRHP] under Criterion D. We agree with these eligibility recommendations from a site-by-site consideration, however, consideration needs to be given to a broader context to properly understand the significance of the project area and the surrounding setting.

Our office noted in an earlier letter [dated July 11, 2005] that many of the IOs should be reconsidered as parts of larger entities, such as known prehistoric habitation sites, canals, and avenues of travel. Your letter acknowledges that "ADOT and FHWA recognize that while the IOs are not individually considered eligible to the NRHP, they are an important component to understanding the region's overall cultural pattern of prehistoric and historic use" and that "further investigation of them could be considered in any treatment plans that might be developed in the future." Our office agrees conceptually with this, but we are uncomfortable with your usage of the term "non-site" areas.

and conserving natural, cultural, an "ecreational resources"

Class III Survey Report; Eligibility Recommendations

January 23, 2006 Page 2, Greenspan

Regarding the term "non-site" areas, the National Historic Preservation Act [NHPA] distinguishes five different property types [i.e., building, structure, site, district, and object] in contrast to the systematics to be found with the assignment of numbers by the Arizona State Museum [ASM]. In order for this project to meet federal standards, the National Register classification system should be used. In some cases, IOs may be considered to be contributing elements to structures (trails would be structures), districts, and landscapes. IOs may also be considered as objects, defined as constructions that are primarily artistic in nature or are relatively small in scale and simply constructed; although it may be, by nature or design, movable, an object is associated with a specific setting or environment. Examples of objects would include a boundary marker or milepost marker.

Regarding the project area, it is clear that a broader context [beyond the individual "site" and beyond the physical footprint of the project] needs to be considered to determine the significance of the many identified IOs, perhaps individually undistinguished, and even the purportedly ineligible and individually considered AZ T:12:200 (ASM), a historic O'odham artifact scatter. The property type of "district" and/or the notion of a cultural landscape should be seriously considered when addressing the significance of the "non-site" cultural resources within the South Mountain Transportation Corridor project area and the development of a treatment plan. Tribal input is crucial; the oral traditions of the O'odham identify the South Mountain area [Greasy Mountain?] as a place associated with Elder Brother [I'itoi].

We do appreciate your cooperation with this office in considering the impacts of federal undertakings on cultural resources situated in Arizona, and we look forward to reviewing the revised data recovery report. If you have any questions, please contact me at (602) 542-7140 or electronically via <u>djacobs@pr.state.az.us</u>.

Sincerely,

David Jacobs Compliance Specialist/Archaeologist State Historic Preservation Office

CC: Barnaby Lewis, Gila River Indian Community

### US Department of Transportation Federal Highwa Administration

Mr. Steve Dibble Archaeologist United States Army Corp of Engineers P.O. Box 532711 Los Angeles, California 90053-2325

Dear Mr. Dibble:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix (see attached map).

As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Furthermore, because the South Mountain Freeway would cross jurisdictional waters of the US, there will be United States Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) involvement. Section 106 consultations were initiated for the project in August 2003. At that time, the Corps was inadvertently excluded from the list of participating agencies. It is therefore the purpose of this letter is to provide a summary of the consultations to date along with accompanying reports; to provide the Corps an opportunity to review and comment on the draft Programmatic Agreement (PA) developed for the project; and to inquire as to whether the Corps would prefer to participate in the PA as a Signatory or as a Concurring Party.

Land jurisdiction for the alternative alignments includes private land (5,160.7 acres) and lands administered by the Arizona State Land Department (101.4 acres), the Bureau of Land Management (35.1 acres), and the City of Phoenix Parks and Recreation Department (62.32 acres).

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the



Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-2264

March 7, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HRW-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H576401L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation



Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the Corps, the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the Flood Control District of Maricopa County, the Maricopa County Department of Transportation, the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Ouechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community, the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe. The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation has declined to participate in the PA at this time.

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of five alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors that extend from I-10 west of Phoenix to I-10 in west Chandler, south of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are generally 1000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length.

To date, there have been four cultural resources technical reports prepared for the EIS, which include two Class I overviews and two Class III survey reports:

In 2001, the first phase of the technical studies began with the Gila River Indian Community's Cultural Resource Management Program (GRIC-CRMP) preparing the initial Class I overview of the overall study area. The report is titled "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in responses from SHPO (Jacobs, September 19, 2003); BLM (Stone, September 22, 2003); City of Phoenix, Historic Preservation Office (Stocklin, September 8, 2003); City of Phoenix, Pueblo Grande Museum (Bostwick, September 17, 2003); the Hopi Tribe (Kuwanwisiwma, September 10, 2003); Yavapai Prescott (Jones, September 10, 2003); Reclamation (Heathington, September 11, 2003); SRP (Anduze, November 10, 2003); and BIA (October 27, 2003).

The second phase of the project entailed pedestrian surveys of the proposed alternative alignments. The GRIC-CRMP conducted the Class III survey between November 2003 and March 2004. The results of the survey are presented in a report titled "A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Darling 2005). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in responses from SHPO (Jacobs, January 23, 2006); BLM (Stone, July 26, 2005); BIA (Cantley, August 11, 2005); Reclamation (Czaplicki, July 12, 2005); City of Phoenix, Pueblo Grande Museum (Bostwick, July 18, 2005); and SRP (Anduze, August 8, 2005).

In late 2004 and early 2005, the third phase of the cultural studies included an addendum Class I overview that covered expanded portions of the study area along I-10 and the State Route 101L freeway corridors on the west side of Phoenix. HDR Engineering, Inc. (HDR) prepared the addendum Class I overview. The results were provided in a technical report titled "An Addendum Cultural Resources Class I Overview Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck and Touchin 2005). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in responses from SHPO (Jacobs, October 3, 2005), Reclamation (Czaplicki,

2

3 Sincerely, STEPHEN D. THOMAS ' Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator Date Date

September 19, 2005); SRP (Anduze, September 19, 2005); City of Phoenix, Pueblo Grande Museum (Bostwick, November 1, 2005). Finally, the fourth phase of the cultural resources studies entailed an addendum Class III survey. HDR conducted the survey in early 2005. The survey covered shifted proposed alignments, freshly plowed agricultural fields, and areas with historical resources that had been overlooked during the initial Class III survey (Darling 2005). The results are presented in a report titled "An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2005). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in responses from SHPO (Jacobs, October 3, 2005), Reclamation (Czaplicki, September 19, 2005); SRP (Anduze, September 19, 2005); and City of Phoenix, Pueblo Grande Museum (Bostwick, November 1, 2005). As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed cultural resources technical reports and the draft Programmatic Agreement (PA). If you concur with the adequacy of the reports and their eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing below as indicated. If you agree with the adequacy of the draft PA, please indicate your concurrence by signing below as indicated. In addition, please indicate below whether the Corps would like to participate as a Signatory or Concurring Party to the PA. We look forward to continuing consultation with your office to address project effects as the environmental documentation continues. If you have any questions concerning this submission, please call Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail RGreenspan@azdot.gov. Signature for Corps concurrence with adequacy

of the reports and eligibility recommendations Signature for Corps Concurrence with adequacy of the draft PA

#### **A322** • Appendix 2-1

2 4 US Department of Transportation Federal Highway The Corps prefers to participate in the PA as a Signatory or Consulting Party. (please circle) Enclosures (draft PA and four technical reports) cc: SThomas WVachon, REllis (ADOT 619E) Mr. Steve Ross, Archaeologist RGreenspan (ADOT 619E) Arizona State Land Department Cindy Lester - AZ Area Office, 3636 N Central Ave, Suite 900, Phoenix AZ 85012 (with enclosures) 1616 West Adams Street SDThomas:cdm Phoenix, Arizona, 85007 Dear Mr. Ross: The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Flood Control District of Maricopa County (FCDMC), the Maricopa County Department of Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe. The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of ten alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (E1, W55, W71, W101WPR, W101WFR, W101W99, W101CPR, W101CFR, W101EPR, and W101EFR) that extend from I-10 in west Chandler to I-10 west of Phoenix, south of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1,000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 ANZON DEFE OF TRUSSORTATION miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length. ALEXA DE L'ESANSKEN TATION SAVISION And State Physics - Physics - Physics - Physics 1. S. 1. M

#### **Arizona** Division 400 East Van Buren Street **One Arizona Center Suite 410** Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

June 26, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Addendum Class III Survey Report

(ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for addresses ten variations on three alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, Chandler and to I-10 west of Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a

Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the Transportation (MCDOT), the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain



The cultural resources component of the EIS includes five technical studies:

#### **Previous Consultation:**

• A Class I overview of the overall study area: "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in concurrences/responses from SHPO (Jacobs, September 19, 2003); BLM (Stone, September 22, 2003); City of Phoenix (Stocklin, September 8, 2003 and Bostwick, September 17, 2003); the Hopi Tribe (Kuwanwisiwma, September 10, 2003); Yavapai Prescott (Jones, September 10, 2003); Reclamation (Heathington, September 11, 2003); SRP (Anduze, November 10, 2003); and BIA (October 27, 2003).

2

- A Class III survey of the proposed alternative alignments: "A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Darling 2005). Consultation regarding adequacy of the report is on-going. To date, concurring responses have been received from SHPO (Jacobs, July 11, 2005), Reclamation (Ellis, July 12, 2005), BLM (Stone, July 26, 2005), City of Phoenix (Bostwick, July 18, 2005), Pueblo of Zuni (Quetawki), July 12, 2005), Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe (Kwiatkowski, July 22, 2005).
- An addendum Class I overview and addendum Class III survey to address the expansion of the overall study area to include portions of the I-10 and State Route 101L freeway corridors and shifts in the alternative alignments (late 2004 and early 2005). The addendum Class I report was titled "An Addendum Cultural Resources Class I Overview Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck and Touchin 2005). The Class III report was titled "An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L. South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2005). To date, concurring responses have been received from SHPO (Jacobs, October 3, 2005), Reclamation (Ellis, September 19, 2005), City of Phoenix (Bostwick, November 1, 2005), and SRP (Anduze, September 19, 2005).

#### **Current Consultation:**

A second addendum cultural resources assessment report has been prepared by HDR, Inc. in order to address the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligibility of four properties and clarifies the location of a fifth property relative to the APE. In September 2005, the W55 and W71 were shifted north of the Salt River to avoid potential impact to historic properties. As a result of this shift, two historic residential properties were added to the APE: 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road. Furthermore, two properties in the existing APE required additional evaluation: South Mountain Park/Preserve and specific segments of the Roosevelt Canal (AZ T:10:83 [ASM]) in the alternative alignments. Finally, the location of the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) relative to the APE is addressed. The report, "A Second Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2006), assesses the NRHP eligibility of South Mountain Park/Preserve and the Roosevelt Canal

(Brodbeck 2006). As subconsultants to HDR, architectural historians with EcoPlan Associates (EcoPlan) assessed the two residential properties (Brodbeck 2006, Appendix A). The report is enclosed for your review and comment.

South Mountain Park/Preserve is a municipal park owned by the City of Phoenix and managed by their Parks and Recreation Department. Approximately 32 acres of the 16,000+ acre-park is in the proposed E1 Alignment. FHWA and ADOT recommend that the South Mountain Park/Preserve is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the National Park Service (NPS) and Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) New Deal programs in Phoenix during the Depression era. The park is also recommended as eligible under Criterion C for its overall sensitive design that set historical precedent in planning natural parks and implementing NPS design standards for improvements in wilderness area parks. While the current study focused on the 32 acres within the footprint of the E1 Alternative, further evaluation of the park's entire 16,000+ acres has the potential to establish eligibility under Criterion B for associations with influential NPS architects; under Criterion C for the architectural merit of its buildings and structures, both individually and collectively as a district; and under Criterion D for its collection of prehistoric archaeological sites and historical mining-related sites (components of the park's mining sites may also be eligible under Criterion A pending further study).

River Valley. While previous studies for the South Mountain EIS Study acknowledged that the recommended to be non-contributing components.

The rural residences at 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road were added to the project's APE as a result of alignment shifts referred to above. Both properties are on privatelyowned land. Architectural historians with EcoPlan evaluated the properties' eligibility (Brodbeck 2006, Appendix A). Both properties lack important historical associations and architectural merit, therefore, FHWA and ADOT recommend that neither property is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP.

Finally, the initial Class III survey report for the South Mountain Freeway study (Darling 2005) had identified the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) as an historic property in the APE, in the E1 Alternative at Elliot Road. The Western Canal is owned and managed by Reclamation and SRP. Further study has indicated that this irrigation feature is actually a tail-water drainage ditch and that the Western Canal terminates prior to reaching the APE. FHWA and ADOT recommend that the Western Canal will not be affected by the proposed undertaking.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed cultural resource assessment report and information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing

In its entirety, the Roosevelt Canal-AZ T:10:83 (ASM)-is considered eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the historical development of irrigation districts in lower Salt Roosevelt Canal was NRHP eligible (Burden 2002; Darling 2005), the specific segments within the proposed alternative alignments had not been assessed in terms of whether they are contributing or non-contributing to that eligibility. The Roosevelt Canal intersects the proposed alternative alignment footprints in four locations. The canal segments that cross the W55 and W71 Alternatives south of Van Buren Road retain integrity and are recommended as eligible to the National Register under Criterion A as contributing components. The segments that cross the proposed alternative alignments in the I-10 and the 101L freeway corridors are modern realignments that lack historical integrity, and therefore are

	below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712- 6266 or e-mail <u>rgreenspan@azdot.gov</u> .						
		Sincerely y	ours,				
		STEPH	en d. Thon	/IAS			
		Robert E. H Division A	Iollis dministrator	•			
	Signature for ASLD Concurrence	_	Date			_	
	Signature for holds concurrence		Duto				
	Enclosure cc: SThomas RGreenspan (MD 619E) SDThomas:cdm	<b>.</b>					
-						~	
						•	

The previous letter was also sent to: Mr. Garry Cantley, Western Regional Archaeologist, Bureau of Indian Affairs Ms. Cheryl Blanchard, Archaeologist, Bureau of Land Management Mr. Bryan Lausten, Archaeologist, Bureau of Reclamation Mr. Charlie McClendon, City Manager, City of Avondale Mr. Mike Normand, Transportation Services & Planning Manager, City of Chandler Mr. Ron Short, Deputy Director for Long Range Planning, City of Glendale Dr. Todd Bostwick, Archaeologist, City of Phoenix Ms. Barbara Stocklin, Historic Preservation Officer, City of Phoenix Mr. Ralph Valez, City Manager, City of Tolleson Mr. Larry Hendershot, Flood Control District of Maricopa County Mr. Brian Kenny, Environment Programs Manager, Maricopa County Department of Transportation Mr. Stanley Ashby, Superintendent, Roosevelt Irrigation District Mr. Rick Anduze, Archaeologist, Salt River Project Dr. David Jacobs, Compliance Specialist, State Historic Preservation Office Mr. Steve Dibble, Archaeologist, United States Army Corps of Engineers Ms. Delia M. Carlyle, Chairwoman, Ak-Chin Indian Community Mr. Charles Wood, Chairman, Chemehuevi Indian Tribe Ms. Sherry Cordova, Chairwoman, Cocopah Indian Tribe Mr. Daniel Eddy, Jr., Chairman, Colorado River Indian Tribes

Mr. Ralph Bear, President, Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation
Ms. Nora McDowell, Chairman, Fort Mojave Indian Tribe
Mr. Mike Jackson, Sr., President, Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe
Mr. William Rhodes, Governor, Gila River Indian Community
Mr. Thomas Siyuja, Chairman, Havasupai Tribe
Mr. Leigh Kuwanisiwma, Hopi Tribe
Mr. Gary Tom, Chairman, Kaibab-Band of Paiute Indian Tribes
Dr. Allen Downer, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, Navajo Nation Historic Preservation Department
Ms. Herminia Frias, Chairwoman, Pascua Yaqui Tribe
Mr. Arden Quewakia, Governor, Pueblo of Zuni
Ms. Joni Ramos, President, Salt River Pima- Maricopa Indian Community
Ms. Kathleen Wesley-Kitcheyan, Chairwoman, San Carlos Apache Nation
Ms. Evelyn James, President, San Juan Southern Paiute
Mr. Peter Steere, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, Tohono O'odham Nation
Mr. Joe Joaquin, Cultural Resource Specialist, Tohono O'odham Nation
Mr. Ivan Smith, Chairman, Tonto Apache Tribe
Mr. Dallas Massey, Sr., Chairman, White Mountain Apache Tribe
Mr. Jamie Fullmer, Chairman, Yavapai- Apache Nation
Mr. Ernest Jones, Sr., President, Yavapai- Prescott Indian Tribe

2 U.S.Department of Transportation Federal Highway

Mr. William Rhodes, Governor Gila River Indian Community P.O. Box 97 Sacaton, Arizona 85247

Dear Governor Rhodes:

As you are aware, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from the I-10/202L traffic interchange to I-10 is west Phoenix. This project is a federal action that requires compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. The area of potential effect (APE) is comprised of the alternative alignment corridors.

The proposed alternative alignments being studied for the EIS have potential to affect archaeological sites and natural features on the landscape that may be deemed sacred by Native American tribes and that may qualify for the National Register of Historic Places as traditional cultural properties. The Gila River Indian Community's Cultural Resource Management Program (CRMP) conducted the initial survey of the alternative alignments. The results were presented in a report titled A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona (Darling 2005). In the report, the CRMP identified ten properties as places of cultural importance that could potentially be eligible for the National Register of Historic Places as traditional cultural properties: the South Mountain Range (commonly referred to as "South Mountain"); two prehistoric villages, AZ T:12:9 (ASM) (Villa Buena) and AZ T:12:52 (ASM) (Pueblo del Alamo); two rock art sites, AZ T:12:198 (ASM) and AZ T:12:208 [ASM]), four trail sites, AZ T:12:197 (ASM), AZ T:12:201 (ASM), AZ T:12:207 (ASM), and AZ T:12:211 [ASM]); and one shrine site, AZ T:12:112 (ASM) (Darling 2005). While the CRMP did not formally evaluate these sites as traditional cultural properties in their study, they recommended continued consultations to address the issue and the concerns of the community.

ARRENA METERS AND ARRENA ADD FOR THE SECOND STREET 1,818-11





**Arizona Division** 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

June 28, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D (ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural Places Eligibility Evaluation Report

In response, FWHA and ADOT requested additional information regarding any concerns regarding historic properties of religious or cultural importance to the community, in a letter dated July 7, 2005. FHWA and ADOT appreciate the letter sent in response by former Governor Richard P. Narcia, dated September 30, 2005, which reconfirmed the cultural importance of three of the properties: South Mountain, Villa Buena, and Pueblo del Alamo.

In accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act (36 CFR 800.4), which requires federal agencies to make a reasonable and good faith effort to identify historic properties that could be affected by a project, FHWA and ADOT have prepared the enclosed traditional cultural property assessment report, which evaluates the eligibility of the above mentioned properties for the National Register of Historic Places. The report is titled An Evaluation of Traditional Cultural Properties for the 202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck 2006).

Please review the enclosed traditional cultural property evaluation report, and the information provided in this letter. If you agree with the adequacy of the report and eligibility recommendations, please sign below to indicate your concurrence. We look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If you have any question or concerns, please do not hesitate to call Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or email RGreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

Signature for Tribal Concurrence

Enclosure cc: SThomas RGreenspan (619E) J. Andrew Darling, Coordinator, Cultural Resource Management Program, GRIC, P.O. Box 2140, Sacaton, AZ 85247 (with enclosure) Barnaby V. Lewis, Cultural Resource Specialist, GRIC, P.O. Box E, Sacaton, AZ 85247 (with enclosure) SDThomas:cdm

This letter was also sent to Dr. David Jacobs, Compliance Specialist, State Historic Preservation Office

2

# STEPHEN D. THOMAS

Robert E. Hollis **Division Administrator** 

Date

ofi	Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674 June 28, 2006	t 0 4	historic properties of r FHWA and ADOT ap September 30, 2005,	and ADOT requested add religious or cultural impo opreciate the letter sent in which reconfirmed the a, and Pueblo del Alamo.
	In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D (ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural Places Eligibility Evaluation Report		agencies to make a rea by a project, FHWA ar report which evaluates Historic Places. The re	e National Historic Preser asonable and good faith ef nd ADOT have prepared to s the eligibility of the above eport is titled An Evaluation eportation Corridor EIS &
	Dr. David Jacobs, Compliance Specialist State Historic Preservation Office Arizona State Parks 1300 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007 Dear Dr. Jacobs:		Please review the encl- in this letter. If you ag below to indicate your	osed traditional cultural p ree with the adequacy of t concurrence. We look for or concerns, please do no zdot.gov.
	As you are aware, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from the I-10/202L traffic interchange to I-10 is west Phoenix. This project is a federal action that requires compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. The area of potential effect (APE) is comprised of the alternative alignment corridors.			Sir Ro Div
s t S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	The proposed alternative alignments being studied for the EIS have potential to affect archaeological sites and natural features on the landscape that may be deemed sacred by Native American tribes and that may qualify for the National Register of Historic Places as traditional cultural properties. The Gila River Indian Community's Cultural Resource Management Program (CRMP) conducted the initial survey of the alternative alignments. The results were presented in a report titled A <i>Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona</i> (Darling 2005). In the report, the CRMP identified ten properties as places of cultural importance that could potentially be eligible for the National Register of Historic Places as traditional cultural properties: the South Mountain Range (commonly referred to as "South Mountain"); two prehistoric villages, AZ T:12:9 (ASM) (Villa Buena) and AZ T:12:52 (ASM) (Pueblo del Alamo); two rock art sites, AZ T:12:198 (ASM) and AZ T:12:208 [ASM]), four trail sites, AZ T:12:197 (ASM), AZ T:12:201 (ASM), AZ T:12:207 (ASM), and AZ T:12:211 [ASM]); and one shrine site, AZ T:12:112 (ASM) (Darling 2005). While the CRMP did not formally evaluate these sites as traditional cultural properties in their study, they recommended continued consultations to address the issue and the concerns of the community.		Sacaton, AZ 85247	oncurrence ordinator, Cultural Resou ltural Resource Specialist
15	STORE TO THE SO		.e.	њ:

2 quested additional information regarding any concerns regarding iltural importance to the community, in a letter dated July 7, 2005. etter sent in response by former Governor Richard P. Narcia, dated firmed the cultural importance of three of the properties: South

toric Preservation Act (36 CFR 800.4), which requires federal ood faith effort to identify historic properties that could be affected the prepared the enclosed traditional cultural property assessment of the above mentioned properties for the National Register of *An Evaluation of Traditional Cultural Properties for the 202L, ridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona* (Brodbeck

al cultural property evaluation report, and the information provided dequacy of the report and eligibility recommendations, please sign We look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If blease do not hesitate to call Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or

Sincerely,

## STEPHEN D. THOMAS

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator

Date

tural Resource Management Program, GRIC, P.O. Box 2140,

Specialist, GRIC, P.O. Box E, Sacaton, AZ 85247

Arizona Division 2 400 East Van Buren Street Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1,000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 One Arizona Center Suite 410 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length. US Departmen Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674 of Transportation Federal Highway June 26, 2006 The cultural resources component of the EIS includes five technical studies: In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) Previous Consultation: TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor • A Class I overview of the overall study area: "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Continuing Section 106 Consultation Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002). Previous consultation Second Addendum Class III Survey Report regarding adequacy of the report resulted in concurrences/responses from SHPO (Jacobs, September 19, 2003); BLM (Stone, September 22, 2003); City of Phoenix (Stocklin, Mr. Mike Normand September 8, 2003 and Bostwick, September 17, 2003); the Hopi Tribe (Kuwanwisiwma, Transportation Services & Planning Manager September 10, 2003); Yavapai Prescott (Jones, September 10, 2003); Reclamation City of Chandler (Heathington, September 11, 2003); SRP (Anduze, November 10, 2003); and BIA (October 27, P.O. Box 4008, Mailstop 412 2003). Chandler, Arizona, 85244-4008 • A Class III survey of the proposed alternative alignments: "A Class III Cultural Resource Dear Mr. Normand: Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area. Maricopa County, Arizona" (Darling 2005). Consultation regarding adequacy of the report is The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation on-going. To date, concurring responses have been received from SHPO (Jacobs, July 11, (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for 2005), Reclamation (Ellis, July 12, 2005), BLM (Stone, July 26, 2005), City of Phoenix the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS (Bostwick, July 18, 2005), Pueblo of Zuni (Quetawki), July 12, 2005), Yavapai-Prescott Indian addresses ten variations on three alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, Tribe (Kwiatkowski, July 22, 2005). which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 west of Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a • An addendum Class I overview and addendum Class III survey to address the expansion of the federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review. overall study area to include portions of the I-10 and State Route 101L freeway corridors and shifts in the alternative alignments (late 2004 and early 2005). The addendum Class I report Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation was titled "An Addendum Cultural Resources Class I Overview Report for the 202L, South Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck and Touchin Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), the Arizona State 2005). The Class III report was titled "An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2005). Flood Control District of Maricopa County (FCDMC), the Maricopa County Department of To date, concurring responses have been received from SHPO (Jacobs, October 3, 2005), Transportation (MCDOT), the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City Reclamation (Ellis, September 19, 2005), City of Phoenix (Bostwick, November 1, 2005), and of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah SRP (Anduze, September 19, 2005). Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the **Current Consultation:** Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain A second addendum cultural resources assessment report has been prepared by HDR, Inc. in order to Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe. address the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligibility of four properties and clarifies the location of a fifth property relative to the APE. In September 2005, the W55 and W71 were shifted The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of ten alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors north of the Salt River to avoid potential impact to historic properties. As a result of this shift, two (E1, W55, W71, W101WPR, W101WFR, W101W99, W101CPR, W101CFR, W101EPR, and historic residential properties were added to the APE: 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower W101EFR) that extend from I-10 in west Chandler to I-10 west of Phoenix, south of the greater Buckeye Road. Furthermore, two properties in the existing APE required additional evaluation: South Mountain Park/Preserve and specific segments of the Roosevelt Canal (AZ T:10:83 [ASM]) in the alternative alignments. Finally, the location of the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) relative to the CKLE UP APE is addressed. The report, "A Second Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South

3 Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2006), assesses the NRHP eligibility of South Mountain Park/Preserve and the Roosevelt Canal (Brodbeck 2006). As subconsultants to HDR, architectural historians with EcoPlan Associates (EcoPlan) assessed the two residential properties (Brodbeck 2006, Appendix A). The report is enclosed for your review and comment.

South Mountain Park/Preserve is a municipal park owned by the City of Phoenix and managed by their Parks and Recreation Department. Approximately 32 acres of the 16,000+ acre-park is in the proposed E1 Alignment. FHWA and ADOT recommend that the South Mountain Park/Preserve is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the National Park Service (NPS) and Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) New Deal programs in Phoenix during the Depression era. The park is also recommended as eligible under Criterion C for its overall sensitive design that set historical precedent in planning natural parks and implementing NPS design standards for improvements in wilderness area parks. While the current study focused on the 32 acres within the footprint of the E1 Alternative, further evaluation of the park's entire 16,000+ acres has the potential to establish eligibility under Criterion B for associations with influential NPS architects; under Criterion C for the architectural merit of its buildings and structures, both individually and collectively as a district; and under Criterion D for its collection of prehistoric archaeological sites and historical mining-related sites (components of the park's mining sites may also be eligible under Criterion A pending further study).

In its entirety, the Roosevelt Canal—AZ T:10:83 (ASM)—is considered eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the historical development of irrigation districts in lower Salt River Valley. While previous studies for the South Mountain EIS Study acknowledged that the Roosevelt Canal was NRHP eligible (Burden 2002; Darling 2005), the specific segments within the proposed alternative alignments had not been assessed in terms of whether they are contributing or non-contributing to that eligibility. The Roosevelt Canal intersects the proposed alternative alignment footprints in four locations. The canal segments that cross the W55 and W71 Alternatives south of Van Buren Road retain integrity and are recommended as eligible to the National Register under Criterion A as contributing components. The segments that cross the proposed alternative alignments in the I-10 and the 101L freeway corridors are modern realignments that lack historical integrity, and therefore are recommended to be non-contributing components.

The rural residences at 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road were added to the project's APE as a result of alignment shifts referred to above. Both properties are on privatelyowned land. Architectural historians with EcoPlan evaluated the properties' eligibility (Brodbeck 2006, Appendix A). Both properties lack important historical associations and architectural merit, therefore, FHWA and ADOT recommend that neither property is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP.

Finally, the initial Class III survey report for the South Mountain Freeway study (Darling 2005) had identified the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) as an historic property in the APE, in the E1 Alternative at Elliot Road. The Western Canal is owned and managed by Reclamation and SRP. Further study has indicated that this irrigation feature is actually a tail-water drainage ditch and that the Western Canal terminates prior to reaching the APE. FHWA and ADOT recommend that the Western Canal will not be affected by the proposed undertaking.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed cultural resource assessment report and information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail regreenspan@azdot.gov.

signature for Chandler Concurrence

Enclosure

Sincerely yours,

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator

2 US Department of Transportatio Federal Highwa

Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street **One Arizona Center Suite 410** Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

June 26, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Addendum Class III Survey Report

Mr. Brian Kenny Environment Programs Manager Maricopa County Department of Transportation 2901 West Durango Street Phoenix, Arizona, 85009

Dear Mr. Kenny:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses ten variations on three alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 west of Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the Flood Control District of Maricopa County (FCDMC), the Maricopa County Department of Transportation (MCDOT), the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Pajute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe. 24/2011/12

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of ten alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (E1, W55, W71, W101WPR, W101WFR, W101W99, W101CPR, W101CFR, W101EPR, and W101EFR) that extend from I-10 in west Chandler to I-10 west of Phoenix, south of the greater





Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1,000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length.

The cultural resources component of the EIS includes five technical studies:

#### **Previous Consultation:**

- A Class I overview of the overall study area: "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in concurrences/responses from SHPO (Jacobs, September 19, 2003); BLM (Stone, September 22, 2003); City of Phoenix (Stocklin, September 8, 2003 and Bostwick, September 17, 2003); the Hopi Tribe (Kuwanwisiwma, September 10, 2003); Yavapai Prescott (Jones, September 10, 2003); Reclamation 2003).
- A Class III survey of the proposed alternative alignments: "A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area. Maricopa County, Arizona" (Darling 2005). Consultation regarding adequacy of the report is on-going. To date, concurring responses have been received from SHPO (Jacobs, July 11, 2005), Reclamation (Ellis, July 12, 2005), BLM (Stone, July 26, 2005), City of Phoenix Tribe (Kwiatkowski, July 22, 2005).
- · An addendum Class I overview and addendum Class III survey to address the expansion of the overall study area to include portions of the I-10 and State Route 101L freeway corridors and shifts in the alternative alignments (late 2004 and early 2005). The addendum Class I report was titled "An Addendum Cultural Resources Class I Overview Report for the 202L, South 2005). The Class III report was titled "An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L. To date, concurring responses have been received from SHPO (Jacobs, October 3, 2005), Reclamation (Ellis, September 19, 2005), City of Phoenix (Bostwick, November 1, 2005), and SRP (Anduze, September 19, 2005).

#### Current Consultation:

A second addendum cultural resources assessment report has been prepared by HDR, Inc. in order to address the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligibility of four properties and clarifies the location of a fifth property relative to the APE. In September 2005, the W55 and W71 were shifted north of the Salt River to avoid potential impact to historic properties. As a result of this shift, two historic residential properties were added to the APE: 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road. Furthermore, two properties in the existing APE required additional evaluation: South Mountain Park/Preserve and specific segments of the Roosevelt Canal (AZ T:10:83 [ASM]) in the alternative alignments. Finally, the location of the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) relative to the APE is addressed. The report, "A Second Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South

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South Mountain Park/Preserve is a municipal park owned by the City of Phoenix and managed by their Parks and Recreation Department. Approximately 32 acres of the 16,000+ acre-park is in the proposed E1 Alignment. FHWA and ADOT recommend that the South Mountain Park/Preserve is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the National Park Service (NPS) and Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) New Deal programs in Phoenix during the Depression era. The park is also recommended as eligible under Criterion C for its overall sensitive design that set historical precedent in planning natural parks and implementing NPS design standards for improvements in wilderness area parks. While the current study focused on the 32 acres within the footprint of the E1 Alternative, further evaluation of the park's entire 16,000+ acres has the potential to establish eligibility under Criterion B for associations with influential NPS architects; under Criterion C for the architectural merit of its buildings and structures, both individually and collectively as a district; and under Criterion D for its collection of prehistoric archaeological sites and historical mining-related sites (components of the park's mining sites may also be eligible under Criterion A pending further study).

In its entirety, the Roosevelt Canal-AZ T:10:83 (ASM)-is considered eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the historical development of irrigation districts in lower Salt River Valley. While previous studies for the South Mountain EIS Study acknowledged that the Roosevelt Canal was NRHP eligible (Burden 2002; Darling 2005), the specific segments within the proposed alternative alignments had not been assessed in terms of whether they are contributing or non-contributing to that eligibility. The Roosevelt Canal intersects the proposed alternative alignment footprints in four locations. The canal segments that cross the W55 and W71 Alternatives south of Van Buren Road retain integrity and are recommended as eligible to the National Register under Criterion A as contributing components. The segments that cross the proposed alternative alignments in the I-10 and the 101L freeway corridors are modern realignments that lack historical integrity, and therefore are recommended to be non-contributing components.

The rural residences at 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road were added to the project's APE as a result of alignment shifts referred to above. Both properties are on privatelyowned land. Architectural historians with EcoPlan evaluated the properties' eligibility (Brodbeck 2006, Appendix A). Both properties lack important historical associations and architectural merit, therefore, FHWA and ADOT recommend that neither property is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP.

Finally, the initial Class III survey report for the South Mountain Freeway study (Darling 2005) had identified the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) as an historic property in the APE, in the E1 Alternative at Elliot Road. The Western Canal is owned and managed by Reclamation and SRP. Further study has indicated that this irrigation feature is actually a tail-water drainage ditch and that the Western Canal terminates prior to reaching the APE. FHWA and ADOT recommend that the Western Canal will not be affected by the proposed undertaking.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed cultural resource assessment report and information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail rgreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely yours, Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator Signature for MCDOT Concurrence Sman W. Kenny

Enclosure

4

0 U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway

Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street **One Arizona Center Suite 410** Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

June 26, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Addendum Class III Survey Report

Dr. Todd Bostwick, Archaeologist City of Phoenix Pueblo Grande Museum 4619 East Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona, 85034

Dear Dr. Bostwick:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses ten variations on three alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 west of Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the Flood Control District of Maricopa County (FCDMC), the Maricopa County Department of Transportation (MCDOT), the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navalo Nation, the Pasqua Vaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of ten alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (E1, W55, W71, W101WPR, W101WFR, W101W99, W101CPR, W101CFR, W101EPR, and W101EFR) that extend from I-10 in west Chandler to I-10 west of Phoenix, south of the greater





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#### **Current Consultation:**

A second addendum cultural resources assessment report has been prepared by HDR, Inc. in order to address the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligibility of four properties and clarifies the location of a fifth property relative to the APE. In September 2005, the W55 and W71 were shifted north of the Salt River to avoid potential impact to historic properties. As a result of this shift, two historic residential properties were added to the APE: 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road. Furthermore, two properties in the existing APE required additional evaluation: South Mountain Park/Preserve and specific segments of the Roosevelt Canal (AZ T:10:83 [ASM]) in the alternative alignments. Finally, the location of the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) relative to the APE is addressed. The report, "A Second Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South

Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2006), assesses the NRHP eligibility of South Mountain Park/Preserve and the Roosevelt Canal (Brodbeck 2006). As subconsultants to HDR, architectural historians with EcoPlan Associates (EcoPlan) assessed the two residential properties (Brodbeck 2006, Appendix A). The report is enclosed for your review and comment.

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In its entirety, the Roosevelt Canal-AZ T:10:83 (ASM)-is considered eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the historical development of irrigation districts in lower Salt River Valley. While previous studies for the South Mountain EIS Study acknowledged that the Roosevelt Canal was NRHP eligible (Burden 2002; Darling 2005), the specific segments within the proposed alternative alignments had not been assessed in terms of whether they are contributing or non-contributing to that eligibility. The Roosevelt Canal intersects the proposed alternative alignment footprints in four locations. The canal segments that cross the W55 and W71 Alternatives south of Van Buren Road retain integrity and are recommended as eligible to the National Register under Criterion A as contributing components. The segments that cross the proposed alternative alignments in the I-10 and the 101L freeway corridors are modern realignments that lack historical integrity, and therefore are recommended to be non-contributing components.

The rural residences at 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road were added to the project's APE as a result of alignment shifts referred to above. Both properties are on privatelyowned land. Architectural historians with EcoPlan evaluated the properties' eligibility (Brodbeck 2006, Appendix A). Both properties lack important historical associations and architectural merit. therefore, FHWA and ADOT recommend that neither property is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP.

Finally, the initial Class III survey report for the South Mountain Freeway study (Darling 2005) had identified the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) as an historic property in the APE, in the E1 Alternative at Elliot Road. The Western Canal is owned and managed by Reclamation and SRP. Further study has indicated that this irrigation feature is actually a tail-water drainage ditch and that the Western Canal terminates prior to reaching the APE. FHWA and ADOT recommend that the Western Canal will not be affected by the proposed undertaking.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed

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cultural resource assessment report and information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail rgreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely yours,

Robert E. Hollis

Enclosure

**Division** Administrator

#### Brodbeck, Mark

From: Ruth Greenspan [RGreenspan@azdot.gov] Thursday, July 06, 2006 4:49 PM Sent: Steve Thomas To: Brodbeck, Mark Cc: Subject: S. Mt. consultation - response from CRIT

#### Hi, Steve--

I just got a phone call from Michael Tsosie, who is the director of the Colorado River Indian Tribes Museum, in response to the consultation letter sent for the 2nd Addendum report. He informed me that CRIT would be unable to concur with the consultation, because South Mountain is a TCP for them, and plays an important role in their creation myth. I asked him to please make a written response to the consultation letter outlining their concerns, and assured him that the written response would trigger another round of consultation.

Ruth

Confidentiality and Nondisclosure Notice: This email transmission and any attachments are intended for use by the person(s)/entity(ies) named above and may contain confidential/privileged information. Any unauthorized use, disclosure or distribution is strictly prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by e-mail, and delete or destroy all copies plus attachments.

S. Mt. consultation - response from CRIT

### Brodbeck, Mark

To: Allen, Jack; Edwards, Amy Subject: FW: S. Mt. consultation - response from CRIT

FYI

From: Ruth Greenspan [mailto:RGreenspan@azdot.gov] Sent: Thursday, July 06, 2006 4:49 PM To: Steve Thomas Cc: Brodbeck, Mark Subject: S. Mt. consultation - response from CRIT

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## White Mountain Apache Tribe Historic Preservation Office PO Box 507, Fort Apache, AZ 85941 1(928) 338-3033 / fax: 338-6055

To:Ruth L. Greenspan, ADOT Historic Preservation Specialist.Date:July 07, 2006,Project:South Mountain Transportation Corridor – HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY)

......

The White Mountain Apache Tribal Historic Preservation Office (THPO) appreciates receiving information on the proposed project, dated <u>June 26, 06</u>. In regards to this, please attend to the checked items below.

► There is no need to send additional information – unless project planning or implementation results in the discovery of sites or items having known or suspected Apache cultural affiliations.

□ The proposed Project is located within an area of probable cultural or historical importance to the White Mountain Apache Tribe (WMAT). As part of the effort to identify historical properties that maybe affected by the project we recommend an entnohistorical study and interviews with Apache elders. Ramon Riley, the Cultural Resource Director is the contact person at (928) 338-4625.

□ The proposed project is located within or adjacent to a known historic property of cultural or historical importance to the WMAT and will most likely result in adverse affects to said property. Please refrain from further steps in project planning or implementation.

**NOTES:** We have finally received and reviewed the information in regards to the conducted technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway and we have determined that the project poses no threat to the White Mountain Apache Tribe's (WMAT) Traditional Cultural Properties and/or important religious places in the APE. Please feel free to address any further question(s) and/or concerns regarding the project with our office. We perceive no problems and the proposed projects may proceed as planned.

We look forward to continued collaboration in the protection and preservation of places of cultural and historical significance.

Sincerely,

Mark T. Altaha Tribal Historic Preservation Officer White Mountain Apache Tribe US. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

> Mr. Rick Anduze, Archaeologist Salt River Project P.O. Box 52025, Mailstop PAB 352 Phoenix, Arizona, 85072-2025

Dear Mr. Anduze:

1 ...

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses ten variations on three alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 west of Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the Flood Control District of Maricopa County (FCDMC), the Maricopa County Department of Transportation (MCDOT), the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Fort Orta Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian, Tribe.

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of ten alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (E1, W55, W71, W101WPR, W101WFR, W101W99, W101CPR, W101CFR, W101EPR, and W101EFR) that extend from I-10 in west Chandler to I-10 west of Phoenix, south of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1,000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length.



Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

June 26, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Addendum Class III Survey Report



The cultural resources component of the EIS includes five technical studies:

#### **Previous Consultation:**

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- A Class III survey of the proposed alternative alignments: "A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Darling 2005). Consultation regarding adequacy of the report is on-going. To date, concurring responses have been received from SHPO (Jacobs, July 11, 2005), Reclamation (Ellis, July 12, 2005), BLM (Stone, July 26, 2005), City of Phoenix (Bostwick, July 18, 2005), Pueblo of Zuni (Quetawki), July 12, 2005), Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe (Kwiatkowski, July 22, 2005).
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#### **Current Consultation:**

A second addendum cultural resources assessment report has been prepared by HDR, Inc. in order to address the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligibility of four properties and clarifies the location of a fifth property relative to the APE. In September 2005, the W55 and W71 were shifted north of the Salt River to avoid potential impact to historic properties. As a result of this shift, two historic residential properties were added to the APE: 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road. Furthermore, two properties in the existing APE required additional evaluation: South Mountain Park/Preserve and specific segments of the Roosevelt Canal (AZ T:10:83 [ASM]) in the alternative alignments. Finally, the location of the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) relative to the APE is addressed. The report, "A Second Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2006), assesses the NRHP eligibility of South Mountain Park/Preserve and the Roosevelt Canal

(Brodbeck 2006). As subconsultants to HDR, architectural historians with EcoPlan Associates (EcoPlan) assessed the two residential properties (Brodbeck 2006, Appendix A). The report is enclosed for your review and comment.

South Mountain Park/Preserve is a municipal park owned by the City of Phoenix and managed by their Parks and Recreation Department. Approximately 32 acres of the 16,000+ acre-park is in the proposed E1 Alignment. FHWA and ADOT recommend that the South Mountain Park/Preserve is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the National Park Service (NPS) and Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) New Deal programs in Phoenix during the Depression era. The park is also recommended as eligible under Criterion C for its overall sensitive design that set historical precedent in planning natural parks and implementing NPS design standards for improvements in wilderness area parks. While the current study focused on the 32 acres within the footprint of the E1 Alternative, further evaluation of the park's entire 16,000+ acres has the potential to establish eligibility under Criterion B for associations with influential NPS architects; under Criterion C for the architectural merit of its buildings and structures, both individually and collectively as a district; and under Criterion D for its collection of prehistoric archaeological sites and historical mining-related sites (components of the park's mining sites may also be eligible under Criterion A pending further study).

In its entirety, the Roosevelt Canal—AZ T:10:83 (ASM)—is considered eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the historical development of irrigation districts in lower Salt River Valley. While previous studies for the South Mountain EIS Study acknowledged that the Roosevelt Canal was NRHP eligible (Burden 2002; Darling 2005), the specific segments within the proposed alternative alignments had not been assessed in terms of whether they are contributing or non-contributing to that eligibility. The Roosevelt Canal intersects the proposed alternative alignment footprints in four locations. The canal segments that cross the W55 and W71 Alternatives south of Van Buren Road retain integrity and are recommended as eligible to the National Register under Criterion A as contributing components. The segments that cross the proposed alternative alignments in the I-10 and the 101L freeway corridors are modern realignments that lack historical integrity, and therefore are recommended to be non-contributing components.

The rural residences at 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road were added to the project's APE as a result of alignment shifts referred to above. Both properties are on privatelyowned land. Architectural historians with EcoPlan evaluated the properties' eligibility (Brodbeck 2006, Appendix A). Both properties lack important historical associations and architectural merit, therefore, FHWA and ADOT recommend that neither property is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP.

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As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed cultural resource assessment report and information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing

0 below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-U.S. Department 6266 or e-mail rgreenspan@azdot.gov. of Transportation Federal Highway Sincerely yours, Robert E. Hollis **Division** Administrator Mr. Leigh Kuwanwisiwma Hopi Tribe P.O. Box 123 Signature for SRP Concurrence Kykotsmovi, Arizona, 86039 Dear Mr. Kuwanwisiwma: Enclosure federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe. miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length.

#### Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

#### June 26, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Addendum Class III Survey Report

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses ten variations on three alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 west of Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the Flood Control District of Maricopa County (FCDMC), the Maricopa County Department of Transportation (MCDOT), the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain

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The cultural resources component of the EIS includes five technical studies:

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- A Class I overview of the overall study area: "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in concurrences/responses from SHPO (Jacobs, September 19, 2003); BLM (Stone, September 22, 2003); City of Phoenix (Stocklin, September 8, 2003 and Bostwick, September 17, 2003); the Hopi Tribe (Kuwanwisiwma, September 10, 2003); Yavapai Prescott (Jones, September 10, 2003); Reclamation (Heathington, September 11, 2003); SRP (Anduze, November 10, 2003); and BIA (October 27, 2003).
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As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed cultural resource assessment report and information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing

below. At this time, FHWA is once again inquiring whether you have any concerns regarding historic properties of religious or cultural importance to your community within the project area. If you have such concerns, any information you might provide within 30 days of receipt of this letter would be considered in the project planning. If your office opts to participate in cultural resource consultation at a later date, FHWA would make a good faith effort to address any concerns. However, such consultation would not necessitate a reconsideration of this determination of project effect. We also look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail rgreenspan@azdot.gov. Sincerely yours, Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator 6/3/06 Date Signature for Hopi Concurrence 2006 Enclosure JUL Ξ 7 12

U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highwa Mr. Larry Hendershot Flood Control District of Maricopa County 2801 West Durango Street Phoenix, Arizona, 85009 Dear Mr. Hendershot: The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses ten variations on three alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 west of Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe, Lat. 100008414 Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1,000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5

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Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

June 26, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Addendum Class III Survey Report

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In its entirety, the Roosevelt Canal—AZ T:10:83 (ASM)—is considered eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the historical development of irrigation districts in lower Salt River Valley. While previous studies for the South Mountain EIS Study acknowledged that the Roosevelt Canal was NRHP eligible (Burden 2002; Darling 2005), the specific segments within the proposed alternative alignments had not been assessed in terms of whether they are contributing or non-contributing to that eligibility. The Roosevelt Canal intersects the proposed alternative alignment footprints in four locations. The canal segments that cross the W55 and W71 Alternatives south of Van Buren Road retain integrity and are recommended as eligible to the National Register under Criterion A as contributing components. The segments that cross the proposed alternative alignments in the I-10 and the 101L freeway corridors are modern realignments that lack historical integrity, and therefore are recommended to be non-contributing components.

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As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed cultural resource assessment report and information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing

below. If you have any question 6266 or e-mail <u>rgreenspan@azd</u>		, STL	2 1span at 602-712-	10	US Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration
Signature for FCD Concurrence Environmental Program		7-06-06 Date	2006 JUL 12 1.: 12: 12		<ul> <li>Ms. Kathleen Wesley-Kitcheyan, Chair San Carlos Apache Tribe P.O. Box 0 San Carlos, Arizona, 85550</li> <li>Dear Chairperson Wesley-Kitcheyan:</li> <li>The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS &amp; Location addresses ten variations on three alternative alignmy which would extend around the south side of South Chandler and to I-10 west of Phoenix. As this proj federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.</li> <li>Potential consulting parties for this project inclue Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the U.S. A Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project Flood Control District of Maricopa County ( Transportation (MCDOT), the City of Avondale, to of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin India Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort Mi Fort Yurna-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Trib Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham N</li> </ul>
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Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

June 26, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HA-A7, NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 011, South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Addendum Class III Survey Report

A) and the Arizona Department of Transportation support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, South Mountain from Interstate 10 (1-10) in west is project would employ federal funds, it is considered a

include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation gement (BLM), the Burcau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the J.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), the Arizona State roject (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the nty (FCDMC), the Maricopa County Department of dale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City in Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah ort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the daian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi e Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the pa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the am Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

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As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed cultural resource assessment report and information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing

**A342** • Appendix 2-1

"Manan 4 1 4 below. At this time, FHWA is once again inquiring whether you have any concerns regarding July 19, 2006 historic properties of religious or cultural importance to your community within the project area. If you have such concerns, any information you might provide within 30 days of receipt of this letter would be considered in the project planning. If your office opts to participate in cultural resource consultation at a later date, FHWA would make a good faith effort to address any concerns. However, such consultation would not necessitate a reconsideration of this determination of project effect. We Robert E. Hollis, Division Administrator also look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If you have any questions or concerns, Federal Highway Administration, Arizona Division Arizona please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail rgreenspan@azdot.gov. State Parks U.S. Department of Transportation One Arizona Center, Suite 410 Sincercly yours, 400 E. Van Buren Street Phoenix, AZ 85004-0674 STEPHEN D. THOMAS Attention: Stephen Thomas Janet Napolitano Governor Robert E. Hollis RE: HA-AZ; NH-202-D(ADY); Division Administrator State Parks TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L; **Board Members** South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Chair William C. Porter SHPO-2003-1890 (29666) Kingman Signature for SQAT Concurrence Dear Mr. Hollis: William Cordasco Flagstaff Enclosurc Thank you for consulting with the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) Janice Chilton CC. Vernelda Grant, Tribal Archaeologist, P.O. Box 0, San Carlos, Arizona 85550 (enclosure) Payson SThomas William C. Scalzo RGreenspan (MD 619E) Phoenix SDThomas:cdm **Reese Woodling** and have the following comments. Tucson The submitted report [A Second Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the Elizabeth Stewart Tempe Mark Winkleman of Historic Places (NRHP) of four properties in the area of potential effect State Land Commissioner Kenneth E. Travous **Executive Director Arizona State Parks** Western Canal [AZ T:12:154 (ASM)]. 1300 W. Washington Phoenix, AZ 85007 Tel & TTY: 602.542.4174 www.azstateparks.com 800.285.3703 from (520 & 928) area codes not with the CCC. The CCC constitutes just a small portion of the park. General Fax: Additionally, we agree with the FHWA/ADOT recommendations regarding 602.542.4180 Director's Office Fax: Criteria B, C, and D. 602.542.4188

and conserving natural, cultural, ar ecreational resources"

regarding the alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway and submitting materials for review and comment pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act as implemented by 36 CFR Part 800. Dr. Bill Collins, Deputy SHPO/Historian, and I have reviewed the submitted materials

202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona] addresses the eligibility for inclusion in the National Register (APE), and also discusses the location of the Western Canal, previously believed to fall with the APE. We concur with the FHWA/ADOT recommendations regarding the two rural residential properties [6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road], the Roosevelt Canal [AZ T:10:83 (ASM)], and the

We also agree with the recommendation that the South Mountain Park/Preserve is eligible for inclusion to the NRHP under Criterion A, but suggest restating the eligibility in association with the development of parks and recreation in Phoenix [also in the West generally for the unique emphasis on mountain preserves] and eligibility of the South Mountain Park/Preserve for inclusion to the NRHP under

July 19, 2006 Page 2, Hollis

If you have any questions, please contact me at (602) 542-7140 or electronically at <u>djacobs@pr.state.az.us</u>.

Sincerely,

David Jacobs Compliance Specialist/Archaeologist State Historic Preservation Office

108 <sub>31</sub>

CC: Ruth Greenspan, ADOT

0 US Department of Transportation Federal Highway

Mr. Charlie McClendon City Manager Avondale City Hall 11465 West Civic Center Drive, Suite 200 Avondale, Arizona, 85323

Dear Mr. McClendon:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses ten variations on three alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 west of Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the Flood Control District of Maricopa County (FCDMC), the Maricopa County Department of Transportation (MCDOT), the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of ten alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (E1, W55, W71, W101WPR, W101WFR, W101W99, W101CPR, W101CFR, W101EPR, and W101EFR) that extend from I-10 in west Chandler to I-10 west of Phoenix, south of the greater



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June 26, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Addendum Class III Survey Report



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Sincerely yours.

Robert E. Hollis

Division Administrator

ignature for Avondale Concurrence

Enclosure

Mr. Bryan Lausten, Archaeologist Bureau of Reclamation Phoenix Area Office 6150 West Thunderbird Road Glendale, Arizona, 85306

Dear Mr. Lausten:

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A second addendum cultural resources assessment report has been prepared by HDR, Inc. in order to address the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligibility of four properties and clarifies the location of a fifth property relative to the APE. In September 2005, the W55 and W71 were shifted north of the Salt River to avoid potential impact to historic properties. As a result of this shift, two historic residential properties were added to the APE: 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road. Furthermore, two properties in the existing APE required additional evaluation: South Mountain Park/Preserve and specific segments of the Roosevelt Canal (AZ T:10:83 [ASM]) in the alternative alignments. Finally, the location of the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) relative to the APE is addressed. The report, "A Second Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South

Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2006), assesses the NRHP eligibility of South Mountain Park/Preserve and the Roosevelt Canal (Brodbeck 2006). As subconsultants to HDR, architectural historians with EcoPlan Associates (EcoPlan) assessed the two residential properties (Brodbeck 2006, Appendix A). The report is enclosed for your review and comment.

South Mountain Park/Preserve is a municipal park owned by the City of Phoenix and managed by their Parks and Recreation Department. Approximately 32 acres of the 16,000+ acre-park is in the proposed E1 Alignment. FHWA and ADOT recommend that the South Mountain Park/Preserve is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the National Park Service (NPS) and Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) New Deal programs in Phoenix during the Depression era. The park is also recommended as eligible under Criterion C for its overall sensitive design that set historical precedent in planning natural parks and implementing NPS design standards for improvements in wilderness area parks. While the current study focused on the 32 acres within the footprint of the E1 Alternative, further evaluation of the park's entire 16,000+ acres has the potential to establish eligibility under Criterion B for associations with influential NPS architects; under Criterion C for the architectural merit of its buildings and structures, both individually and collectively as a district; and under Criterion D for its collection of prehistoric archaeological sites and historical mining-related sites (components of the park's mining sites may also be eligible under Criterion A pending further study).

In its entirety, the Roosevelt Canal—AZ T:10:83 (ASM)—is considered eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the historical development of irrigation districts in lower Salt River Valley. While previous studies for the South Mountain EIS Study acknowledged that the Roosevelt Canal was NRHP eligible (Burden 2002; Darling 2005), the specific segments within the proposed alternative alignments had not been assessed in terms of whether they are contributing or non-contributing to that eligibility. The Roosevelt Canal intersects the proposed alternative alignment footprints in four locations. The canal segments that cross the W55 and W71 Alternatives south of Van Buren Road retain integrity and are recommended as eligible to the National Register under Criterion A as contributing components. The segments that cross the proposed alternative alignments in the I-10 and the 101L freeway corridors are modern realignments that lack historical integrity, and therefore are recommended to be non-contributing components.

The rural residences at 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road were added to the project's APE as a result of alignment shifts referred to above. Both properties are on privatelyowned land. Architectural historians with EcoPlan evaluated the properties' eligibility (Brodbeck 2006, Appendix A). Both properties lack important historical associations and architectural merit, therefore, FHWA and ADOT recommend that neither property is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP.

Finally, the initial Class III survey report for the South Mountain Freeway study (Darling 2005) had identified the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) as an historic property in the APE, in the E1 Alternative at Elliot Road. The Western Canal is owned and managed by Reclamation and SRP. Further study has indicated that this irrigation feature is actually a tail-water drainage ditch and that the Western Canal terminates prior to reaching the APE. FHWA and ADOT recommend that the Western Canal will not be affected by the proposed undertaking.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed

2

cultural resource assessment report and information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail <u>rgreenspan@azdot.gov</u>.

Sincerely yours,

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator 5

Signature for Reclamation Concurrence

....

8-1-06 Date

Enclosure

#### **Ruth Greenspan**

From: Sent: To: Subject:

4

Amalia Reyes [Amalia.Reyes@ Tuesday, August 01, 2006 2:15 Ruth Greenspan South Mountain Freeway

648

Ms.Greenspan,

The Pascua Yaqui Tribe has received the docu

HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H576401L South Mountain Transportation Corridor

The tribe has no concerns with the freeway c any questions, please contact me at he addre

Thank you.

Amalia A.M. Reyes Resource Coordinator Education Administration Division amalia.reyes@pascuayaqui-nsn.gov (520) 879-5742 Fax: (520) 883-5049

) pascuayaqui-nsn.gov] 5 PM	14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 -	o necessoria
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corridor project. ess below.	If you have	
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#### **A348** • Appendix 2-1

<u></u>	"Managing and conserving natural, cultural, and recreational resources"
Ĕ.	August 1, 2006
	Robert E. Hollis, Division Administrator
	Federal Highway Administration, Arizona Division
	U.S. Department of Transportation
	One Arizona Center, Suite 410
Arizona	400 E. Van Buren Street
State Parks	Phoenix, AZ 85004-0674
	1 HOCHIK, FIZ. 85004-0074
12	Attention: Stephen Thomas
	RE: HA-AZ; NH-202-D(ADY);
	TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L;
Janet Napolitano	South Mountain Transportation Corridor
Governor	Continuing Section 106 Consultation
State Parks	Traditional Cultural Places; Eligibility Evaluation Report
Board Members	SHPO-2003-1890 (29666)
Chair	
William C. Porter Kingman	Dear Mr. Hollis:
William Cordasco	Thank you for consulting with the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO)
Flagstaff	regarding the alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway
Janice Chilton	and submitting materials for review and comment pursuant to Section 106 of the
Payson	National Historic Preservation Act as implemented by 36 CFR Part 800. We
Milliam C. Saalaa	have reviewed the submitted materials and have the following comments.
William C. Scalzo Phoenix	
	The submitted report [An Evaluation of Traditional Cultural Properties for the
Reese Woodling Tucson	202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa
Tucson	County, Arizona] addresses the eligibility for inclusion in the National Register
Elizabeth Stewart	of Historic Places (NRHP) of ten properties in the area of potential effect (APE).
Tempe	Two obvious comments regarding eligibility are as follows:
Mark Winkleman	
State Land	First, the historic wagon road associated with AZ T:12:112 (ASM) in the report's
Commissioner	text and figures should be assigned an ASM linear site number [although it
Kenneth E. Travous	actually is a structure in National Register terminology]. Figure 8 on page 52
Executive Director	labels it as the road to Phoenix, however, since additional petroglyphs are located
Arizona State Parks	along this transportation corridor about 100 meters to the northeast, it seems
1300 W. Washington Phoenix, AZ 85007	reasonable that it also served as a prehistoric route to what is now Phoenix. It is noted on page 53 that the petroglyph at the location of AZ T:12:112 (ASM) is
Tel & TTY: 602.542.4174	problematic in terms of association, and states it is possible the petroglyph is a franker for a prehistoric trail, a precursor of the historic wagon road. As hinted at
www.azstafeparks.com	in the report, the petroglyph at AZ T:12:112 (ASM) appears to be associated with
800.285.3703 from (520 & 928) area codes	both the travel route and the shrine [both strategically placed on the landscape].
General Fax:	Coconding there are some message is not the light lite and interaction The
602.542.4180	Secondly, there are some process issues with eligibility and integrity. There
Director's Office Fax:	appears to be a conflation of the determination of eligibility and effect
602.542.4188	determination; Section 106 is a linear process with assessing eligibility occurring before assessing impacts. The determination of being eligible for inclusion in the
3.	
2	NRHP includes the entire site; if there is agreement that any portion of the site is

August 1, 2006 Page 2, Hollis

eligible, then the site as a whole is eligible. The discussions regarding, for instance AZ T:12:9 (ASM) aka Villa Buena, should be revisited. Regarding that site, issues of integrity should consider the perspective of the associated native peoples; the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC) letter to FHWA dated September 30, 2005, clearly states that [they believe] the site retains integrity [cf. page 46 of report].

Our office is very interested in the tribal response to the traditional cultural property assessment report that evaluates the eligibility for the NRHP, and look forward to receiving copies of their response. We also look forward to reviewing an amended traditional cultural property assessment report.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (602) 542-7140 or electronically at <u>djacobs@pr.state.az.us</u>.

Sincerely,

David Jacobs Compliance Specialist/Archaeologist State Historic Preservation Office

CC: Ruth Greenspan, ADOT

U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway

Mr. Ernest Jones, Sr., President Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe 530 East Merritt Prescott, Arizona, 86301-2038

Dear President Jones:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses ten variations on three alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 west of Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the Flood Control District of Maricopa County (FCDMC), the Maricopa County Department of Transportation (MCDOT), the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

The Area of Potential Effect (APE) is comprised of ten alternative (overlapping) freeway corridors (E1, W55, W71, W101WPR, W101WFR, W101W99, W101CPR, W101CFR, W101EPR, and W101EFR) that extend from I-10 in west Chandler to I-10 west of Phoenix, south of the greater





Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

June 26, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Addendum Class III Survey Report

2 Phoenix metropolitan area. Alternative corridors are 1,000-ft (304.8-m) wide and range from 21.5 miles (34.6 km) to 23.6 miles (38.0 km) in length. The cultural resources component of the EIS includes five technical studies: **Previous Consultation:** • A Class I overview of the overall study area: "A Class I Overview of the South Mountain Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Burden 2002). Previous consultation regarding adequacy of the report resulted in concurrences/responses from SHPO (Jacobs, September 19, 2003); BLM (Stone, September 22, 2003); City of Phoenix (Stocklin, September 8, 2003 and Bostwick, September 17, 2003); the Hopi Tribe (Kuwanwisiwma, September 10, 2003); Yavapai Prescott (Jones, September 10, 2003); Reclamation (Heathington, September 11, 2003); SRP (Anduze, November 10, 2003); and BIA (October 27, 2003). • A Class III survey of the proposed alternative alignments: "A Class III Cultural Resource Survey of Five Alternative Alignments in the South Mountain Freeway Corridor Study Area, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Darling 2005). Consultation regarding adequacy of the report is on-going. To date, concurring responses have been received from SHPO (Jacobs, July 11, 2005), Reclamation (Ellis, July 12, 2005), BLM (Stone, July 26, 2005), City of Phoenix (Bostwick, July 18, 2005), Pueblo of Zuni (Quetawki), July 12, 2005), Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe (Kwiatkowski, July 22, 2005). • An addendum Class I overview and addendum Class III survey to address the expansion of the overall study area to include portions of the I-10 and State Route 101L freeway corridors and shifts in the alternative alignments (late 2004 and early 2005). The addendum Class I report was titled "An Addendum Cultural Resources Class I Overview Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck and Touchin 2005). The Class III report was titled "An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2005). To date, concurring responses have been received from SHPO (Jacobs, October 3, 2005), Reclamation (Ellis, September 19, 2005), City of Phoenix (Bostwick, November 1, 2005), and SRP (Anduze, September 19, 2005).

**Current Consultation:** A second addendum cultural resources assessment report has been prepared by HDR, Inc. in order to address the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligibility of four properties and clarifies the location of a fifth property relative to the APE. In September 2005, the W55 and W71 were shifted north of the Salt River to avoid potential impact to historic properties. As a result of this shift, two historic residential properties were added to the APE: 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road. Furthermore, two properties in the existing APE required additional evaluation: South Mountain Park/Preserve and specific segments of the Roosevelt Canal (AZ T:10:83 [ASM]) in the alternative alignments. Finally, the location of the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) relative to the APE is addressed. The report, "A Second Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South

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South Mountain Park/Preserve is a municipal park owned by the City of Phoenix and managed by their Parks and Recreation Department. Approximately 32 acres of the 16,000+ acre-park is in the proposed E1 Alignment, FHWA and ADOT recommend that the South Mountain Park/Preserve is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the National Park Service (NPS) and Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) New Deal programs in Phoenix during the Depression era. The park is also recommended as eligible under Criterion C for its overall sensitive design that set historical precedent in planning natural parks and implementing NPS design standards for improvements in wilderness area parks. While the current study focused on the 32 acres within the footprint of the E1 Alternative, further evaluation of the park's entire 16,000+ acres has the potential to establish eligibility under Criterion B for associations with influential NPS architects; under Criterion C for the architectural merit of its buildings and structures, both individually and collectively as a district; and under Criterion D for its collection of prehistoric archaeological sites and historical mining-related sites (components of the park's mining sites may also be eligible under Criterion A pending further study).

In its entirety, the Roosevelt Canal-AZ T:10:83 (ASM)-is considered eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A for its associations with the historical development of irrigation districts in lower Salt River Valley. While previous studies for the South Mountain EIS Study acknowledged that the Roosevelt Canal was NRHP eligible (Burden 2002; Darling 2005), the specific segments within the proposed alternative alignments had not been assessed in terms of whether they are contributing or non-contributing to that eligibility. The Roosevelt Canal intersects the proposed alternative alignment footprints in four locations. The canal segments that cross the W55 and W71 Alternatives south of Van Buren Road retain integrity and are recommended as eligible to the National Register under Criterion A as contributing components. The segments that cross the proposed alternative alignments in the I-10 and the 101L freeway corridors are modern realignments that lack historical integrity, and therefore are recommended to be non-contributing components.

The rural residences at 6304 West Dobbins Road and 7316 West Lower Buckeye Road were added to the project's APE as a result of alignment shifts referred to above. Both properties are on privatelyowned land. Architectural historians with EcoPlan evaluated the properties' eligibility (Brodbeck 2006, Appendix A). Both properties lack important historical associations and architectural merit, therefore, FHWA and ADOT recommend that neither property is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP.

Finally, the initial Class III survey report for the South Mountain Freeway study (Darling 2005) had identified the Western Canal (AZ T:12:154 [ASM]) as an historic property in the APE, in the E1 Alternative at Elliot Road. The Western Canal is owned and managed by Reclamation and SRP. Further study has indicated that this irrigation feature is actually a tail-water drainage ditch and that the Western Canal terminates prior to reaching the APE. FHWA and ADOT recommend that the Western Canal will not be affected by the proposed undertaking.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the enclosed

cultural resource assessment report and information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. At this time, FHWA is once again inquiring whether you have any concerns regarding historic properties of religious or cultural importance to your community within the project area. If you have such concerns, any information you might provide within 30 days of receipt of this letter would be considered in the project planning. If your office opts to participate in cultural resource consultation at a later date, FHWA would make a good faith effort to address any concerns. However, such consultation would not necessitate a reconsideration of this determination of project effect. We also look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail rgreenspan@azdot.gov.

Chegory 7. Dessee Signature for Yavapai-Prescott Concurrence

Enclosure Greg Glassco, Director, Cultural Research Program, 530 East Merritt, Prescott, Arizona 86301-2038 (enclosure) SThomas RGreenspan (MD 619E) SDThomas:cdm

Sincerely yours,

STEPHEN D. THOMAS

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator

August 14, 2006

2 US Department of Transportation Federal Highway

Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

June 26, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HA-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Second Addendum Class III Survey Report

Ms. Barbara Stocklin City of Phoenix Historic Preservation Officer 200 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona, 85003

Dear Ms. Stocklin:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses ten variations on three alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 west of Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

Potential consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the Salt River Project (SRP), the Roosevelt Irrigation District (RID), the Flood Control District of Maricopa County (FCDMC), the Maricopa County Department of Transportation (MCDOT), the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pasqua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

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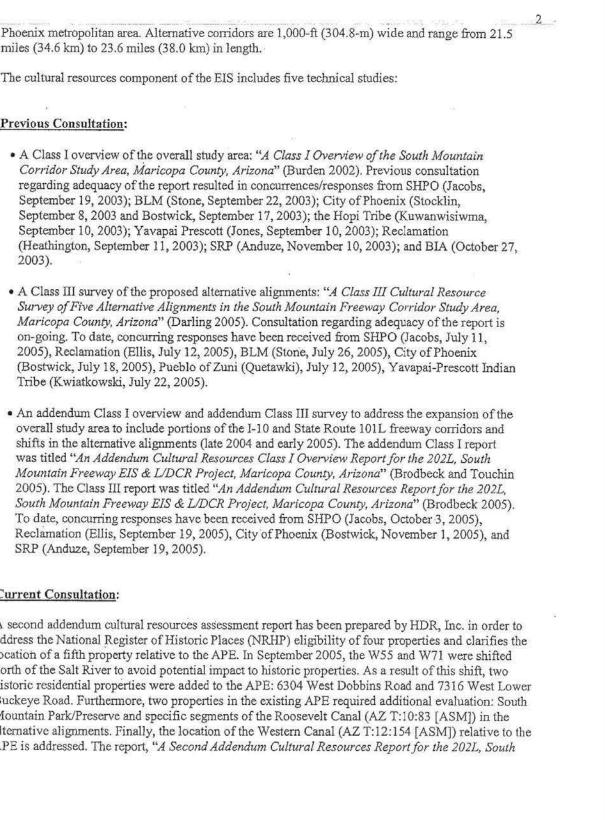
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cultural resource assessment report and information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with the eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or e-mail rgreenspan@azdot.gov.

Son COP HP Planner Signature for Historic Preservation Office Concurrence

Enclosure

Sincerely yours,

**Division** Administrator

# GILA RIVER INDIAN COMMUNITY

Executive Office of the Governor & Lieutenant Governor

William R. Rhodes Covernor



Jennifer Allison-Ray Lieutenant Governor

September 25, 2006

Robert E. Hollis, Division Administrator U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street, Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004

RE: South Mountain Transportation Corridor, Section 106 Consultation, Traditional Cultural Places; HA-AZ NH-202-D (ADY); TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L

Dear Mr. Hollis,

The Gila River Indian Community (GRIC) has received HDR Engineering, Inc. Cultural Resource Report 06-01, titled "An Evaluation of Traditional Cultural Properties for the 202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck 2006). The GRIC Cultural Resource Management Program is presently reviewing this report and wishes to present an evaluation of the document to the GRIC Cultural Resource Standing Committee prior to submission to the Federal Highway Administration.

We understand that in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act (36 CFR 800.4), which requires federal agencies to make a reasonable and good faith effort to identify historic properties that could be affected by a proposed project. The aforementioned report was prepared for the Arizona Department of Transportation and evaluates the eligibility of historic properties identified in our letter of July 7, 2005.

The Gila River Indian Community wishes to maintain participation in discussions regarding the potential effects to such resources that could result from the South Mountain Freeway project. We anticipate forwarding a formal response to the submitted report in mid October 2006.

525 West Gu u Ki · P.O. Box 97 · Sacaton, Arizona 85247 Telephone: 520-562-9840 · Fax: 520-562-9849 · Email: executivemail@gric.nsn.us

The GRIC appreciates the efforts of the Federal Highway Administration in addressing our concerns and anticipates meaningful consultations in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act on this undertaking. Please call GRIC Cultural Resource Specialist, Barnaby V. Lewis at 1-520-562-3570 should you have any questions or require further information.

Sincerely,

William R. Rhodes, Governor Gila River Indian Community

Andrew Darling GRIC-CRMP Assistant Coordinator CC: Errol Blackwater, GRIC Land Use Planning & Zoning Doug Torres, GRIC Department of Transportation Steve Thomas, Environmental Program Manager, FHWA Arizona Division Kae Neustadt, ADOT Historic Preservation Specialist Ruth Greenspan, ADOT Historic Preservation Specialist Mark Brodeck, HDR Engineering, Inc.

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Department	Arizona Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674	·
ansportation leral Highway ninistration	December 11, 2006	The BIA declined to participate in the PA (telephone converse Cantley [BIA], August 3, 2005). The Hopi Tribe deferred pa would like to continue to be consulted on any cultural resour [Hopi] to Neustadt [ADOT], December 11, 2003). The Y-PI
	In Reply Refer To: HOP-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L	not wish to be a party to the PA, and that they defer to the So aboriginal Yavapai territory (Kwiatkowski [Y-PIT] to Hollis
	SR 202L; South Mountain Final Programmatic Agreement	Revisions to the draft PA were requested by SHPO (Jacobs [ Reclamation (Ellis [Reclamation] to Neustadt [ADOT], Dece and Reclamation have been addressed in the final PA.
Ms. Cheryl Blanchard, Archaeologist Bureau of Land Management Phoenix Field Office 21605 North 7 <sup>th</sup> Ave. Phoenix, Arizona 85027-2099		At this time, FHWA is submitting the final PA for signature. information provided in this letter. If you find the PA adequ please obtain the appropriate signature and return the docum feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or email
Dear Ms. Blanchard:		Sincerely,
As you are aware, the Federal Highway Administr	ation (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (State Route 202L) between Interstate 10 (I-10) west of	STEPHEN
Phoenix to I-10 south of Phoenix. As this project is undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Becaus jurisdiction is unknown at this time. Consulting pa Arizona State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) Arizona State Land Department, the Bureau of Lan the Army Corps of Engineers, the Bureau of Indian Department of Transportation, the Flood Control I the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the Cit Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hop	(State Route 2021) between Intenstate 16 (176) west of is qualified for federal-aid funding, it is considered an se an alternative has not been chosen for the highway, land arties for this project have included FHWA, ADOT, the ), the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), nd Management, the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), an Affairs (BIA), the Salt River Project, Maricopa County District of Maricopa County, the Roosevelt Irrigation District, by of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the be, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the , the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian bi (Hopi)Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, eblo of Zuni (Zuni), the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian	Robert E. H Division A Enclosure cc: SThomas RGreenspan (619E) SDThomas:cdm
Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San	a Juan Southern Paiute Tribe, the Tohono O'odham Nation, che Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-	
potential effects of the project on historic propertie	Programmatic Agreement (PA) be developed to address es. SHPO concurred with this recommendation (Jacobs Drafts of the PA were submitted to consulting parties in ust, 2005.	
In 2004 the ACHP encouraged FHWA to develop without ACHP participation, but requested to be in future. In September 2005 a revised draft PA was	a PA in consultation with SHPO and other consulting parties	

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cobs [SHPO] to Laine [ADOT], July 11, 2005) and by , December 18, 2003). The changes requested by SHPO

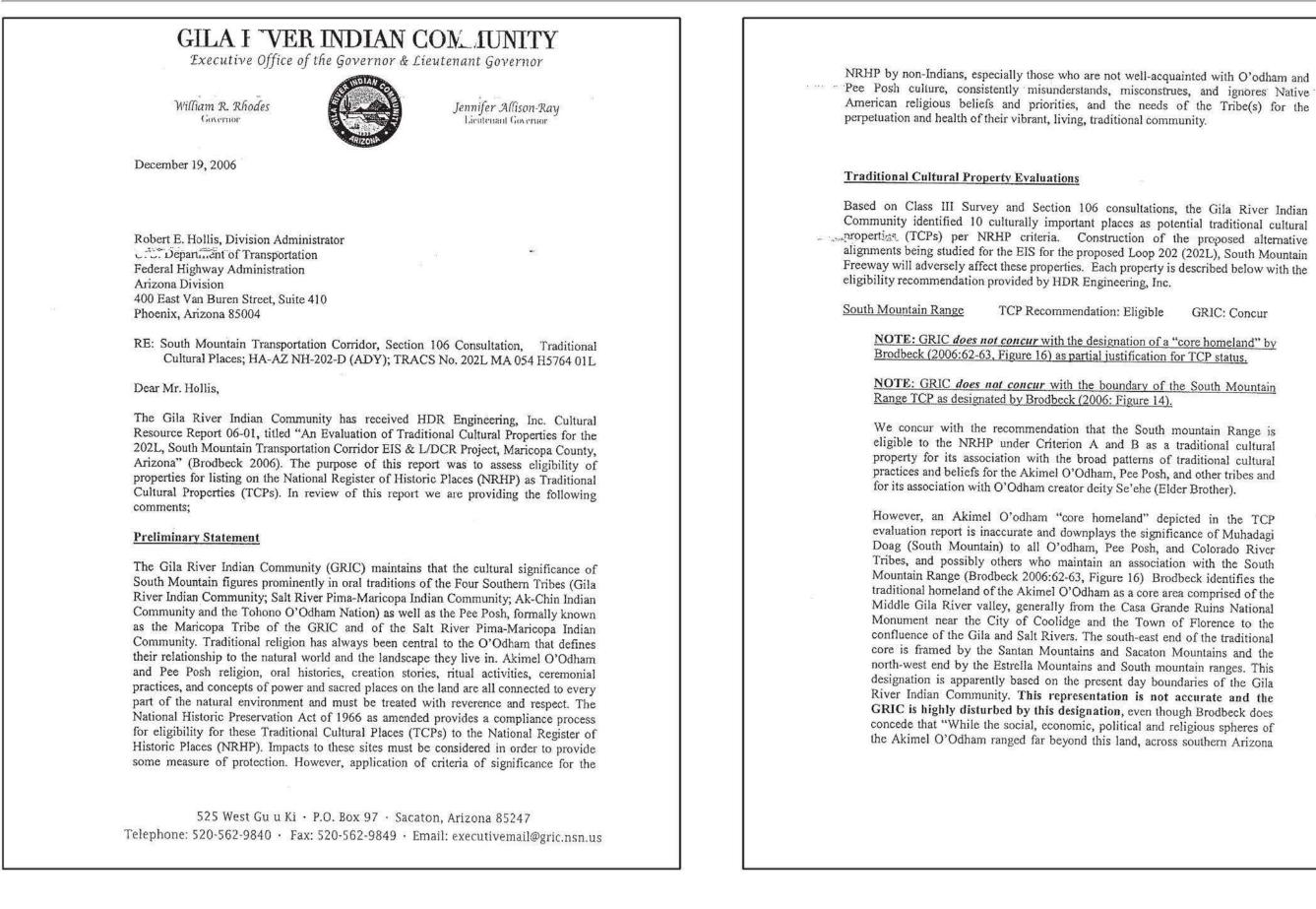
ature. Please review the enclosed PA and the adequate, and wish to participate as a concurring party, ocument. If you have any questions or concerns, please email <u>rgreenspan@azdot.gov</u>.

# HEN D. THOMAS

rt E. Hollis ion Administrator

The previous letter was also sent to: Mr. Steve Ross, Archaeologist, Arizona State Land Department Mr. Bruce Ellis, Chief, Environmental Resource Management Division, Bureau of Reclamation Mr. Robert B. Stevens, Environmental Programs Manager, Flood Control District of Maricopa County Mr. Charlie McClendon, City Manager, City of Avondale Mr. Mike Normand, Transportation Services and Planning Manager, City of Chandler Mr. Ron Short, Deputy Director for Long Range Planning, City of Glendale Mr. Todd Bostwick, Archaeologist, City of Phoenix Ms. Barbara Stocklin, Historic Preservation Officer, City of Phoenix Mr. Ralph Velez, City Manager, City of Tolleson Mr. Brian Kenny, Environmental Programs Manager, Maricopa County Department of Transportation Mr. Stanley Ashby, Superintendent, Roosevelt Irrigation District Mr. Rick Anduze, Archaeologist, Salt River Project Ms. Lydia Lopez-Cruz, Archaeologist, United States Army Corps of Engineers Ms. Delia M. Carlyle, Chairwoman, Ak-Chin Indian Community Mr. Charles Wood, Chairman, Chemehuevi Indian Tribe Ms. Sherry Cordova, Chairwoman, Cocopah Tribe Mr. Daniel Eddy, Jr., Chairman, Colorado River Indian Tribes Mr. Raphael Bear, President, Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation

Ms. Nora McDowell, Chairwoman, Fort Mojave Indian Tribe Mr. Mike Jackson, Sr., President, Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe Mr. William Rhodes, Governor, Gila River Indian Community Mr. Thomas Siyuja, Chairman, Havasupai Tribe Mr. Leigh Kuwanwisiwma, Cultural Preservation Office, Hopi Tribe Ms. Loretta Jackson, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, Hualapai Tribe Mr. Gary Tom, Chairwoman, Kaibab-Paiute Tribe Dr. Alan Downer, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, Navajo Nation Historic Preservation Department Ms. Herminia Frias, Chairwoman, Pascua Yaqui Tribe Mr. Arlen Quetawki, Governor, Pueblo of Zuni Ms. Joni Ramos, President, Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community Ms. Kathleen Wesley-Kitcheyan, Chairwoman, San Carlos Apache Nation Ms. Evelyn James, President, San Juan Southern Paiute Mr. Peter Steere, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, Tohono O'odham Nation Mr. Joe Joaquin, Cultural Resource Specialist, Tohono O'odham Nation Mr. Ivan Smith, Chairwoman, Tonto Apache Tribe Mr. Ronnie Lupe, Chairwoman, White Mountain Apache Tribe Mr. Jamie Fullmer, Chairwoman, Yavapai-Apache Nation



GRIC: Concur

and as far as northern Mexico and southern California...the land of their ancestors (the Hohokam), the place of their origin, and the nexus of their spiritual landscape" (2006:62).

We firmly recommend that reference to a "core homeland" and Figure 16 be stricken from the report. If reference to traditional aboriginal lands is necessary to the discussion, we suggest this designation be represented by the 1970 Indian Claims Commission (ICC) Aboriginal Lands title that identifies lands that had been continuously and exclusively used by the Akimel O'Odham (Pima) and the Pee Posh (Maricopa). The ICC ruling placed under aboriginal title an area in excess of over three million acres, far exceeding the reservation lands currently occupied by the peoples of the GRIC today. As a territory, these lands describe the tangible world of the Akimel O'Odham (Pima) and Pee Posh (Maricopa) cultures living in the GRIC, in which religious beliefs, ideology, and life-ways make sense, have place and shape a vibrant heritage and worldview. It should be kept in mind, however, that the aboriginal lands identified by the ICC for Gila River do not include the interests of other Tribes (such as the Colorado River Tribes or the remaining members of the Four Southern Tribes of Arizona) who may be concerned about the status of South Mountain.

#### South Mountain Range TCP boundary

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We **do not concur** with the TCP boundary based on the geology of the mountain. We also do not agree that the boundary as recommended for the purposes of the TCP study is sensitive to its cultural importance and is inclusive of its traditional uses.

GRIC representatives at an on-site consultation on February 9, 2006 related that creating a boundary around Muhadagi Doag is inconsistent with O'Odham worldviews and Muhadagi Doag is a continuum of life and not an individual entity that can be isolated and analyzed. We understand that potential traditional cultural properties must be evaluated with reference to the National Register Criteria for Evaluation [36 CFR Part 60] in order to determine whether South Mountain is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP. The potential entity evaluated must be a "tangible property' and have some form of definition. The GRIC for the purpose of Section 106 consultation recommends that the boundary be a minimum of one mile radius from the base of the geological bedrock formations that protrude from the surrounding alluvial fans or *bajadas*, above the valley floor.

Villa Buena (AZ T:12:9 ASM) GRIC: Do Not Concur TCP Recommendation: Not Eligible

**NOTE:** GRIC does not concur and recommends that the Villa Buena site is a TCP under NRHP criteria. The portion of the site located within the proposed South Mountain corridor may be considered noncontributing to the status of the site as a TCP overall (under criterion A). However, this portion in the corridor is eligible under Criterion D for its information potential.

We do not concur with the recommendation for the Villa Buena archaeological site. The GRIC identifies the Villa Buena (AZ T:12:9 ASM) archaeological site, which has shrines, ballcourts, and platform mounds, as a traditional cultural property and feels that it is a TCP under NRHP criteria. The assessment clearly was applied only to the portion of the site in the current proposed South Mountain Corridor located outside the reservation boundary. We believe that the report should specify this and that the portion of the site evaluated for the proposed South Mountain alignment is not representative of the total site's eligibility. Although modern development has impacted the portion of the Villa Buena site outside the reservation, this site still holds its physical and cultural integrity and modern impact outside the GRIC does not diminish the site's religious and cultural significance.

#### Pueblo Del Alamo (AZ T:12:52 ASM) T GRIC: Concur (in general)

GRIC concurs generally with the ineligible TCP determination of the Pueblo del Alamo archaeological site based on NRHP criteria. The GRIC, however, believes the Pueblo Del Alamo (AZ T:12:52 ASM) archaeological site to be a spiritual, religious, and cultural place of significance to the Tribe. The ineligible determination was based on a lack of integrity of surface features. Based on traditional religious beliefs, the site is sacred and holds its sacredness within the earth because the site penetrates the entire earth in its spiritual realm. We understand that modern development has impacted the site but, even if recent developments obscure surface manifestations, subsurface features may still be present and future archaeological investigations may contribute to a revision of site status as a TCP under NRHP criteria. We find the statement (on page 85), "...it is not eligible as a traditional cultural property because in its current condition it no longer conveys its relevant relationship" to be very offensive. In our view the determination of eligibility does not diminish the site's religious and cultural significance to the Community, even though surface preservation may suggest otherwise.

#### AZ T: 12:198 (ASM) – Petroglyph site TC GRIC: Concur

We concur that this site is eligible under Criterion A as a contributing component of the South Mountain TCP overall and that it is individually eligible to the NRHP under Criterion D as an archaeological site.

TCP Recommendation: Not Eligible

TCP Recommendation: Eligible

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#### AZ T:12:197 (ASM) - Trail TCP Recommendation: Eligible **GRIC:** Concur

We concur that this site is eligible under Criterion A as a contributing component of the South Mountain TCP overall and that it is also considered individually eligible to the NRHP under Criterion D as an archaeological site with important information potential.

AZ T:12:208 (ASM) - Petroglyph site TCP Recommendation: Not Eligible GRIC: Concur (in general)

We concur that the site is no longer an eligible TCP under NRHP criteria due to vandalism and looting. However, it continues to be a contributing feature to the overall TCP status of South Mountain and it should be recognized that this site retains cultural significance for Indian communities, despite the highly diminished integrity of the petroglyphs. Furthermore, the site remains eligible under Criterion D for its association with prehistoric lithic procurement and quarrying.

AZ T:12:201 (ASM); AZ T:12:207 (ASM) ; and AZ T:12:211 (ASM) - Trail Sites TCP Recommendation: Not Eligible GRIC: Concur (in general)

We concur that these three trail sites are eligible under criterion D and may not be TCPs. It should be recognized that some trails may be eligible TCPs under Criterion A and B but this should be determined on a case by case basis.

Active Shrine AZ T:12:112 (ASM) TCP Recommendation: Eligible GRIC: Concur

We concur that the shrine is eligible to the NRHP under Criterion A as a TCP and under Criterion D as an archeological site.

#### Management Recommendation:

The GRIC notes that this report only provides eligibility recommendations for TCP status for the sites considered. However, this is only a first step towards effective management. It is clear, but never acknowledged, that construction of the proposed South Mountain Freeway alignment will adversely impact TCPs. No substantive management recommendations, such as avoidance, for example, or other strategies for mitigation, are provided in the TCP evaluation by Brodbeck/HDR Engineering, Inc. It is our understanding that management recommendations for TCPs are required in the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS), which apparently exists in draft but has not been received for review by the GRIC Cultural Resource Specialist Office. However, such issues need to be considered in close consultation with the GRIC and other concerned Native American communities.

#### Conclusion

We reiterate at that the landscape view of Muhadagi Doag (South Mountain) will be forever altered by a transportation corridor that will be intrusive to the spiritual connections associated with the people of the Gila River Indian Community. We are highly concerned that the proposed transportation project will cause the destruction of sacred places and spaces, archeological sites, trails, and shrines located within the proposed corridor. The presence of Muhadagi Doag, the home of ancient deity Se'ehe evokes solemn reverence among the people of the GRIC and any alteration of the Muhadagi Doag will contribute to diminishing our traditional way of life.

The GRIC appreciates the efforts of the Federal Highway Administration meaddressing our concerns that must be resolved through the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) 106 Consultation process. We anticipate continued and meaningful consultations on this federal undertaking. Please call GRIC Cultural Resource Specialist, Barnaby V. Lewis at 1-520-562-3570 should you have any questions or require further information.

Sincerely,

R. pla 12-19-06

William R. Rhodes, Governor Gila River Indian Community

cc J. Andrew Darling GRIC-CRMP Coordinator Errol Blackwater, GRIC Land Use Planning & Zoning Doug Torres, GRIC Department of Transportation Kae Neustadt, ADOT Historic Preservation Specialist Ruth Greenspan, ADOT Historic Preservation Specialist Mark Brodbeck, HDR Engineering, Inc.



**Arizona** Division 400 East Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

December 20, 2006

In Reply Refer To: HOP-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L SR 202L; South Mountain Final Programmatic Agreement

Mr. John Madsen Curator of Archaeology, Repatriation Coordinator Arizona State Museum P. O. Box 210026 Tucson, Arizona 85721-0026

Dear Mr. Madsen:

As you are aware, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are planning to construct a loop highway (State Route 202L) between Interstate 10 (I-10) west of Phoenix to I-10 south of Phoenix. As this project is qualified for federal-aid funding, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Because an alternative has not been chosen for the highway, land jurisdiction is unknown at this time. Consulting parties for this project have included FHWA, ADOT, the Arizona State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), Arizona State Land Department, the Bureau of Land Management, the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the Army Corps of Engineers, the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), the Salt River Project, Maricopa County Department of Transportation, the Flood Control District of Maricopa County, the Roosevelt Irrigation District, the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe (Hopi), the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pascua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni (Zuni), the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Tribe, the San Juan Southern Paiute Tribe, the Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe (Y-PIT).

Previous consultation with SHPO recommended a Programmatic Agreement (PA) be developed to address potential effects of the project on historic properties. SHPO concurred with this recommendation (Jacobs [SHPO] to Hollis [FHWA] September 9, 2003). Drafts of the PA were submitted to consulting parties in December, 2003, June, 2004, and in July and August, 2005.

In 2004 the ACHP encouraged FHWA to develop a PA in consultation with SHPO and other consulting parties without ACHP participation, but requested to be informed if any criteria for ACHP involvement were met in the future. In September 2005 a revised draft PA was sent to ACHP, and they again responded that they did not feel their participation was necessary (Wallace [ACHP] to Hollis [FHWA]).





2 The BIA declined to participate in the PA (telephone conversation between Serelle Laine [ADOT] and Garry Cantley [BIA], August 3, 2005). The Hopi Tribe deferred participation in the PA to the GRIC, but said they would like to continue to be consulted on any cultural resource reports relating to the project (Kuwanwisiwma [Hopi] to Neustadt [ADOT], December 11, 2003). The Y-PIT responded to consultation by saying that they do not wish to be a party to the PA, and that they defer to the Southern Tribes, as this project occurs entirely outside aboriginal Yavapai territory (Kwiatkowski [Y-PIT] to Hollis [FHWA], July 22, 2005).

Revisions to the draft PA were requested by SHPO (Jacobs [SHPO] to Laine [ADOT], July 11, 2005) and by Reclamation (Ellis [Reclamation] to Neustadt [ADOT], December 18, 2003). The changes requested by SHPO and Reclamation have been addressed in the final PA.

At this time, FHWA is submitting the final PA for signature. Please review the enclosed PA and the information provided in this letter. If you find the PA adequate, and wish to participate as a concurring party, please obtain the appropriate signature and return the document. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or email rgreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

Robert E. Hollis **Division** Administrator

#### Enclosure

cc: SThomas RGreenspan (619E) SDThomas:cdm

The previous letter was also sent to:

Dr. David Jacobs, Compliance Specialist, State HisotoricPreservation Office Mr. Bruce Ellis, Chief, Environmental Resource Management Division, Bureau of Reclamation

## STEPHEN D. THOMAS

December 28, 2006 Arizona State Parks Phoenix, AZ 85004-0674 HOP-AZ, NH-202-D(ADY) RE: Governor State Parks Chair Kingman Dear Mr. Hollis: Flagstaff Payson Phoenix Tucson Tempe State Land Sincerely, Tel & TTY: 602.542.4174

www.azstateparks.com 800.285.3703 from (520 & 928) area codes

> General Fax: 602.542.4180

Director's Office Fax: 602.542.4188 "Managing and conserving natural, cultural, and recreational resources"

Robert E. Hollis, Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration U.S. Department of Transportation One Arizona Center, Suite 410 400 E. Van Buren Street

Attention: Stephen Thomas

Janet Napolitano

**Board Members** 

William C. Porter

William Cordasco

**Janice Chilton** 

William C. Scalzo

Reese Woodling

Elizabeth Stewart

Mark Winkleman Commissioner

Kenneth E. Travous **Executive Director** 

**Arizona State Parks** 1300 W. Washington Phoenix, AZ 85007

State Historic Preservation Office

Cc: Ruth Greenspan, ADOT

TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L SR 202L; South Mountain Section 106 Consultation Final Programmatic Agreement SHPO-2003-1890 (31612)

Enclosed is the Programmatic Agreement (PA) for the Federal Highway Administration project to construct a loop highway (State Route 202L) between Interstate 10 (I-10) west of Phoenix to I-10 south of Phoenix in Maricopa County. It was signed by James Garrison, the Arizona State Preservation Officer, on December 28, 2006. The document should be filed with the Advisory Council according to 36 CFR § 800.6(b)(1)(iv). We would appreciate receiving a copy of the complete signature page for our files.

We look forward to reviewing and commenting on the project's treatment plans according to stipulations of the PA. We appreciate your continuing cooperation with our office in complying with the requirements of historic preservation. Please contact me at (602) 542-7140 or electronically at djacobs@pr.state.az.us if you have any questions or concerns.

David Jacobs Compliance Specialist/Archaeologist

Enclosure

January 8, 2007

U.S. Department of Transportation - Federal Highway Administration Arizona Division 400 E. Van Buren Street One Arizona Center, Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

#### Re: HOP-AZ, NH-202(ADY), TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L SR 202 L – South Mountain Final Programmatic Agreement

Dear Mr. Robert Hollis:

I have signed the enclosed Programmatic Agreement on behalf of the City of Phoenix as a concurring party.

If you need additional information, please contact me by telephone at (602) 261-8699 or by fax at (602) 534-4571.

Sincerely,

Guland

Barbara Stocklin Historic Preservation Officer

Attachment

cc: Todd Bostwick, City Archaeology Office

200 West Washington Street, 17th Floor • Phoenix, Arizona 85003 • 602-261-8699 FAX: 602-534-4571 Recycled Paper

City	of	Phoenix
HISTORIC	C PRES	ERVATION OFFICE

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P.O. Box 52025 Phoenix, AZ 85072-2025 (602) 236-5900 www.srpnet.com

16 January 2007

Mail Station: PAB352 Phone: (602) 236-2804 Fax: (602) 236-3407 Email: raanduze@srpnet.com

2 Robert E. Hollis JAN Division Administrator, Arizona Division 3 USDT Federal Highway Administration 400 East Van Buren Street 5 One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix, AZ 85004-0674 2 N

RE: HOP-AZ; NH-202-D(ADY); TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L; SR 202L; South Mountain Final Programmatic Agreement

Dear Mr. Hollis:

The Salt River Project (SRP) does want to be included as a Concurring Party to the South Mountain Final Programmatic Agreement. I have enclosed the document provided to SRP and signed by Ray Hedrick, Manager, Siting and Studies, Environmental Services.

Sincerely,

Richard

Richard A. Anduze Environmental Scientist/Archaeologist

File: LEG 1-1-2

ARIZONA DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION INTERMODAL TRANSPORTATION DIVISION ENVIRONMENTAL & ENHANCEMENT GROUP

JAN 1 9 2007

EC 13152.017

US Department of Transportation Federal Highway

Mr. William Rhodes, Governor Gila River Indian Community P.O. Box 97 Sacaton, Arizona 85247

Dear Governor Rhodes:

We are in receipt of your letter of December 19, 2006 in response to the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA's) consultation regarding the report, "An Evaluation of Traditional Cultural Properties for the 202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2006). The report is being revised in response to your comments, and the revised document will be sent to you for review and further comment.

In the interim, we want to ensure that the interests of the Community continue to be taken into account as design alternatives are developed and considered for this proposed project. As part of this process, we would like for the design consultants to be able to consider all options for minimizing impacts to those properties that are of cultural significance to your Community. In order for the design team to take into consideration alternatives that would avoid the active shrine site, AZ T:12:112(ASM), it would be necessary for them to be aware of the area to be avoided.

We are therefore requesting your permission to disclose the general location of the shrine to the project manager, the prime design consultant, and a small number of support personnel in order to request that they develop design alternatives that would avoid the shrine, allow continued access, and minimize indirect impacts to it. If permission to identify areas of avoidance were given, we would divulge only the general location of the property, and not provide any specific information regarding the nature of the property or its significance.

Thank you for your consideration of this request. If you agree to allow disclosure of the general location of the active shrine, AZ T:12:112 (ASM), to a limited number of people involved in the design process, please sign below to indicate your concurrence. We look forward to continuing



**Arizona** Division 400 East Van Buren Street **One Arizona Center Suite 410** Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674

January 18, 2007

In Reply Refer To: HOP-AZ NH-202-D (ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation · Traditional Cultural Places Eligibility Evaluation Report

ARIZONA DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION INTERMODAL TRANSPORTATION DIVISION ENVIRONMENTAL & ENHANCEMENT GROUP

## JAN 1 9 2007,



		<u>Greenspan@azdot.gov</u> . Sincerely,	121			
				18		
		STEPHEN D. T	HUMAS		2	
		Robert E. Hollis Division Administrat	tor		а Т	
				*8		
Signature for Triba	al Concurrence	Date		-		
cc:					a 4	
SThomas RGreenspan (M D	(10E)					
J. Andrew Darling	, Coordinator, Cultur	al Resource Management	Program, GRIC, I	P.O. Box 2140,		
Sacaton, AZ 8524	7					
Barnaby V. Lewis SDThomas:cdm	, Cultural Resource S	Specialist, GRIC, P.O. Box	E, Sacaton, AZ 8	5247		
515 1 11011145.00111						
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P.O. Box 17779, Fountain Hills, AZ 85269-7779 Phone (480) 816-7180 Fax (480) 789-7249

#### January 16, 2007

Federal Highway Administration Attn: Steve Thomas Arizona Division 400 E. Van Buren Street One Arizona Center Suite 410 Phoenix Arizona

RE: Programmatic Agreement -Loop 202 S. Mountain Ext.

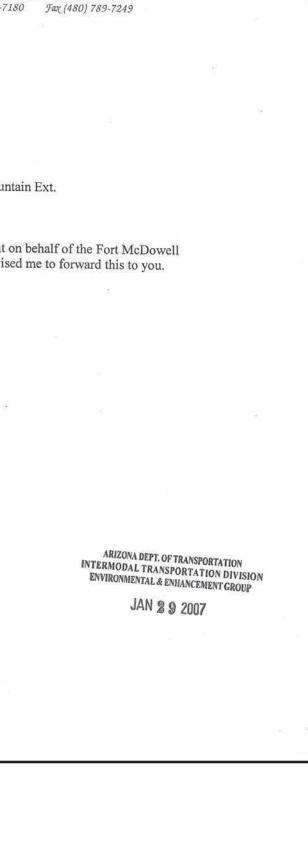
Dear Steve Thomas:

President Bear has signed the attached Agreement on behalf of the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation ("Nation"). Ruth Greenspan advised me to forward this to you.

Sincerely:

1 homens Morically

Thomas J. Moriarty Office of the General Counsel Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation





February 22, 2007

Mr. Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration, Arizona Division 400 E. Van Buren Street, One Arizona Center #410 Phoenix AZ 85004-0674

SR202 South Mountain Final Programmatic Agreement Re: TRACS # 202L MA 054 H5764 01L

Dear Mr. Hollis:

The City of Chandler is in receipt of your letter dated December 11, 2006 regarding the Final Programmatic Agreement for the referenced project. Since no construction is anticipated to occur within the City's jurisdiction as part of this project, the City does not wish to sign the Agreement. However, the City would like to be consulted throughout the environmental planning, design and construction process.

Thank you for your cooperation. Should you have any questions, please contact me at (480) 782-3431, or email me at Samuel.Hanna@chandleraz.gov.

Sincerely yours,

Samuel Hanna, Ph.D., P.E. Senior Transportation Engineer

Daniel W. Cook, Acting Public Works Director cc: Mike Normand, Acting Assistant Public Works Director/Transportation & Operations Ruth Greenspan, ADOT Environmental Planning Group 205 S. 17th Ave., Room #213, MD 619E, Phoenix AZ 85007

Mailing Address Mail Stop 402 PO Box 4008 Chandler, Arizona 85244-4008

Printed on recycled paper 0

Public Works Department Transportation Telephone (480) 782-3425 Fax (480) 782-3415 www.chandleraz.gov

I ocation 215 East Buffalo Street Chandler, Arizona 85225



Arizona Department of Transportation Intermodal Transportation Division 206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Janet Napolitano Governor Victor M. Mendez Director

May 15, 2007

Dr. David Jacobs, Compliance Specialist State Historic Preservation Office Arizona State Parks 1300 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Project No NH-202-D(ADY) RE: TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation Jackson Farmstead Eligibility

Dear Dr. Jacobs:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses variations on three alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix. One of the alignments, the W55 alignment, was recently shifted to avoid an industrial facility at the southwest corner of 51st Avenue and Van Buren Street. As a result of this shift, an historic farmstead located at 5727 West Van Buren Street, referred to herein as the Jackson farmstead, is now in the project's area of potential effects (APE) and requires evaluation.

As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review. The Jackson farmstead is on private property in the City of Phoenix. Consulting parties for this assessment include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), and the City of Phoenix Historic Preservation Office. Due to the scope and nature of this component of the project, no tribal consultations will occur.

EcoPlan & Associates, Inc., as subconsultant to HDR Engineering, Inc., evaluated the eligibility of the Jackson farmstead for listing on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). The results of the assessment are reported in a technical memorandum, dated December 4, 2006 (Dorigo 2006), which is enclosed for your review.

Based on Dorigo's evaluation, FHWA/ADOT recommend the Jackson farmstead is not eligible for inclusion the NRHP due to a general lack of historical and architectural significance. Its

Sam Elters State Engineer

#### **A364** • Appendix 2-1

Jacobs TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L Project No NH-202-D(ADY) May 15, 2007 Page 2 of 2

setting has lost its rural character and the current property is only a fraction of the original farmstead. The property fails to convey the character of a historical farmstead in the context of the agricultural development of the Salt River valley. Furthermore, because of their lack of historical and architectural significance, the two remaining houses on the property, individually, are also recommended not eligible for the NRHP.

Please review the enclosed report and the information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with FHWA/ADOT's eligibility recommendation, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me at 602-712-6626 or e-mail rgreenspan@azdot.gov.

Date

Sincerely,

Ruth L. Greenspan Historic Preservation Specialist Environmental Planning Group 205 S.17th Avenue, Room 213E / MD 619E Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Signature for SHPO Concurrence

Enclosure

cc: SThomas (FHWA)

This letter was also sent to: Ms. Liz Wilson, Historic Preservation Officer, City of Phoenix U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway

Administration

ARIZONA DIVISION

May 24, 2007

Ms. Carol Legard Historic Preservation Specialist Advisory Council on Historic Preservation 1100 Pensylvania Avenue NW, Suite 809 Washington, D.C. 20004

Dear Ms. Legard:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses nine variations of five alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

FHWA originally consulted with your office regarding the draft Programmatic Agreement (PA) in August 2003, and again in September, 2005. In response to both consultations, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (Council) declined to participate in the PA. Pursuant to 36 CFR 800.6(b)(iv), at this time FHWA is submitting the final PA to the Council to complete the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. If there is any additional information that you require, or if you have any questions or comments, please Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or electronically at RGreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

Enclosure (Programmatic Agreement) cc: SThomas ,RGreenspan (619E), MHollowell (619E) SDThomas:cdm MOVING THE = AMERICAN ECONOMY

400 East Van Buren Street, Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674 602-379-3646

#### In Reply Refer To: HOP-AZ

NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Draft Programmatic Agreement

## STEPHEN D. THOMAS

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator U.S. Department

of Transportation

Administration

**Federal Highway** 

#### ARIZONA DIVISION

June 13, 2007

400 East Van Buren Street, Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674 602-379-3646

> In Reply Refer To: HOP-AZ

NH-202-D(ADY) Project No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural Places Eligibility Evaluation Report

Mr. William Rhodes, Governor Gila River Indian Community P.O. Box 97 Sacaton, Arizona 85247

Dear Governor Rhodes:

As you are aware, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) and Location/Design Concept Report for the proposed Loop 202 (SR 202L), South Mountain Freeway. The DEIS addresses variations of alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from the Interstate 10 (I-10) and SR 202L traffic interchange to I-10 in western Phoenix. This project is a federal action that requires compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. The area of potential effects (APE) consists of the alternative alignment corridors.

The proposed alternative alignments being studied for the DEIS have the potential to affect archaeological sites and natural features on the landscape that are deemed sacred by Native American tribes and that may qualify for the National Register of Historic Places as traditional cultural properties (TCPs). In accordance with the regulations of the National Historic Preservation Act (36 Code of Federal Regulations [C.F.R.] Part 800.4), which requires federal agencies to make a reasonable and good faith effort to identify historic properties that could be affected by a proposed project, FHWA and ADOT conducted an eligibility evaluation of TCPs in the APE for alternative alignments of the proposed undertaking.

The results of the TCP evaluation were reported in *An Evaluation of Traditional Cultural Properties for the 202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona* (Brodbeck 2006). FHWA and ADOT appreciate the Gila River Indian Community's (Community) comments on the report, sent on December 19, 2006, and we



are in the process of revising the TCP evaluation report accordingly. The purpose of this letter is to ask for additional input on the boundary for the South Mountain TCP.

FHWA and ADOT recognize that creating any type of boundary around *Muhadagi Doag* (South Mountain) is inconsistent with O'odham and Pee Posh worldviews and that *Muhadagi Doag* is part of a continuum of life interwoven with far-reaching social, cultural, spiritual, and physical landscapes. Furthermore, we appreciate the Community's understanding that potential traditional cultural properties must be evaluated with reference to the National Register of Historic Places Criteria for Evaluation (36 C.F.R. Part 60) to determine if *Muhadagi Doag* is eligible for the National Register, and that this requires delineating a boundary to define it as a tangible property.

In the draft TCP eligibility report (Brodbeck 2006), the boundary for the *Muhadagi Doag* TCP was initially based on geologic features, and defined the mountain range through a series of disjointed bedrock protrusions (see enclosed map). Per your response, we understand that this boundary was not fully sensitive to its cultural importance as viewed by the Community and not adequate for Section 106 purposes because it was not inclusive of all of its traditional uses. We appreciate your suggestion to use a one mile radius from the base of the geological bedrock formations to provide a boundary that is culturally sensitive to and inclusive of traditional uses. As shown in the enclosed figure, when this boundary is mapped out it includes a combination of natural desert, agricultural fields, and built-out urban areas, such as residential subdivisions and the I-10/US 60 traffic interchange.

To assess the National Register eligibility of the *Muhadagi Doag* TCP, FHWA and ADOT propose using a boundary that is inclusive of its traditional uses and balanced with the surrounding built urban environment. The revised proposed boundary minimizes the inclusion of surrounding urban areas, such as housing subdivisions and freeway corridors, where no traditional uses of the South Mountain TCP are known to exist. In keeping with the Community's suggestions, this proposed boundary includes surrounding natural and less-developed areas where traditional activities and access to the mountain are maintained.

In the Southern Foothills area, there are areas where modern urban development falls within the proposed TCP boundary. These instances are ones where the built environment is fully surrounded by natural, undeveloped areas. The boundary was drawn to include those areas in order to capture the fullest possible extent of culturally sensitive traditional use areas directly associated with the TCP.

Please review the information provided in this letter and the enclosed map showing our proposed revised boundary for the *Muhadagi Doag* TCP. If you agree with the use of this proposed boundary for the National Register eligibility assessment, please sign below to indicate your concurrence.

At this time we would also like to reiterate our request of January 18, 2007 regarding AZ T:12:112(ASM), the active shrine site. FHWA and ADOT are committed to investigating strategies to minimize potential impacts to historic properties and TCPs. In a letter dated January 18, 2007 we requested permission to disclose the general location of AZ T:12:112(ASM) to the project manager, the prime design consultant, and a small number of support personnel so that they might investigate design alternatives that would avoid the shrine, allow continued access,

and minimize indirect impacts to it. To date, we have not received a response. The draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) will be made public soon, and as you pointed out in your December 19, 2006 letter, that document will include management recommendations to mitigate any potential adverse effects to TCPs, including the active shrine. We are requesting your input in investigating potential measures to minimize harm to the shrine, and requesting permission to involve the engineering design team in this effort.

Your December 19, 2006 letter also pointed out the need for mitigation strategies to be considered in close consultation with the Community and other concerned Native American communities. We, too, recognize the need for close consultation regarding potential mitigation strategies and other issues of mutual concern relating to the proposed South Mountain Freeway. As there are a number of issues that have thus far not been effectively resolved through our written consultations, we propose some meetings between the Community, FHWA, and ADOT. We recognize that formal decisions are unlikely to be made in such a forum, but feel that face-toface meetings would allow for an exchange of ideas and concerns and identify issues that could be brought back to our respective Community/agencies for discussion and consideration.

We look forward to continued consultation with you. If you have any question or concerns, please do not hesitate to call Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or email <u>RGreenspan@azdot.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

# STEPHEN D. THOMAS

3

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator

Signature for GRIC Concurrence

Date

#### Enclosure

cc: Jennifer Allison-Ray, Lieutenant Governor, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 97, Sacaton, Arizona 85247 David White, Community Manager, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 97, Sacaton, Arizona 85247 Barnaby Lewis, Cultural Resource Specialist, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 2140, Sacaton, Arizona 85247 J. Andrew Darling, CRMP Coordinator, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 2140, Sacaton, Arizona 85247 SThomas WVachon KDavis MHollowell (EM02) RGreenspan (EM02) MBruder (614E) SDThomas:cdm

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	GILA RIVER INDIAN CO	)
	Executive Office of the Governor & Lier	11
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	William R. Rhodes	
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	July 2, 2007	
	July 2, 2007	
	Debest R. Hallis Division Advisidantes	
	Robert E. Hollis, Division Administrator U. S. Department of Transportation	
	Federal Highway Administration	
	Arizona Division	
	400 East Van Buren Street, Suite 410	
	Phoenix, Arizona 85004	
		1
	RE: South Mountain Transportation Corridor, Section	
	Cultural Places, Eligibility Report; HOP-AZ NH-20	12
	MA 054 H5764 01L	1
	Dear Mr. Hollis,	최
	Dom Hu. Homis,	
	The Gila River Indian Community (GRIC) in response to	y
	in which you requested additional input on the boundary	fe
	Mountain) TCP. We appreciate that you recognize th	
	regarding potential mitigation strategies in close consulta	at
	concerned Native American communities,	
	We appreciate that the FHWA acknowledges that the	e
	(Brodbeck 2006), defined the boundary for the Muhadagi	
	features is not fully sensitive to the cultural importance as	
	adequate for Section 106 purposes because it was not in	
	uses. In review of the information provided in your let	
	revised boundary map for the Muhadagi Doag TCI	
	consultation before its submission for the purposes o	f
	assessment.	
	We understand that the draft Environmental Impact St	at
	public soon, and pleased that DEIS will include man	
	mitigate any potential adverse effects to TCPs, including the	he
	WI	114
	We agree that some meetings between the GRIC, FHWA,	
	at the earliest possible time to discuss your request for per	
	location of AZ T:12:112 (ASM), active shrine area i alternatives that would avoid the shrine, allow continued	
	and me sin inc, and would avoid the sin inc, anow continued	11
	525 West Gu u Ki • P.O. Box 97 • Sacato	п

## COMMUNITY ieutenant Governor

Jennifer Allison-Ray Lieutenant Governor

on 106 Consultation, Traditional -202-D (ADY); Project No. 202L

to your letter dated June 13, 2007 ary for the Muhadagi Doag (South the need for close consultation sultation with the GRIC and other

the draft TCP eligibility report agi Doag TCP based on geological as viewed by the GRIC and is not t inclusive of all of its traditional letter and the enclosed proposed TCP. The GRIC wishes further of National Register eligibility

Statement (DEIS) will be made nanagement recommendations to g the active shrine.

VA, and ADOT must be scheduled permission to disclose the general a in order to investigate design ued access, and minimize indirect

aton, Arizona 85247

impacts to the shrine. We request consideration in inviting the State Historic Preservation Office to the proposed meeting as we discuss issues that have not been resolved through written communications.

The GRIC appreciates the efforts of the Federal Highway Administration in addressing our grave concerns that must be resolved through the National Historic Preservation Act 106 Consultation process. We anticipate continued and meaningful consultations on this federal undertaking. Please call GRIC Cultural Resource Specialist, Barnaby V. Lewis at 1-520-562-6713 should you have any questions or require further information.

Sincerely,

pel 72501

William R. Rhodes, Governor Gila River Indian Community

cc J. Andrew Darling GRIC-CRMP Coordinator Errol Blackwater, GRIC Land Use Planning & Zoning Doug Torres, GRIC Department of Transportation Kae Neustadt, ADOT Historic Preservation Specialist Ruth Greenspan, ADOT Historic Preservation Specialist Mark Brodbeck, HDR Engineering, Inc.

> ARIZONA DEPT, OF TRANSPORTATION INTERMODAL TRANSPORTATION DIVISION ENVIRONMENTAL & ENHANCEMENT GROUP

> > JUL 27 2007

**U.S. Department** of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

ARIZONA DIVISION

Mr. William Rhodes, Governor Gila River Indian Community P.O. Box 97 Sacaton, Arizona 85247

Dear Governor Rhodes:

In previous consultation regarding the potential effects of the proposed SR 202L (South Mountain Freeway) on historic properties and other places of concern to the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), it was suggested that some informal meetings between representatives of GRIC, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT), and the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) should take place in order to address possible mitigation strategies relating to a proposed freeway option. Following receipt of your letter of July 2, 2007, several informal meetings and conversations have held between various representatives of the GRIC Cultural Resource Specialist's Office (CRSO), GRIC Cultural Resource Management Program (CRMP), the FHWA, the ADOT Historic Preservation Team (HPT), the SHPO, and the City of Phoenix Archaeology Section (COP-AS). As a result of these various meetings, FHWA and ADOT have been pursuing two possible strategies to help mitigate potential adverse effects of the proposed freeway on the Muhadagi Doag (South Mountain) Traditional Cultural Property (TCP) and other places of traditional significance to your community.

Previous consultation regarding the Muhadagi Doag TCP addressed attempts to define a boundary that could be used to satisfy FHWA's Section 106 (of the National Historic Preservation Act) responsibilities and afford protection to Muhadagi Doag. As a result of this consultation, FHWA recognizes that the traditional use areas of Muhadagi Doag extend on the south and southwest beyond the northern boundary of the Community, and that any of the build alternatives of the proposed freeway would have an adverse effect on the Muhadagi Doag TCP. During consultation



Suite 410 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0674 602-379-3646

April 22, 2008

In Reply Refer To: HOP-AZ

NH-202-D(ADY) Project No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Section 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural Places Mitigation Measures it was also recognized that although some areas of Muhadagi Doag, such as the southwest ridges, clearly active traditional use areas, fully defining a meaningful boundary for the TCP as a whole will require a more detailed study of traditional uses and cultural significance of Muhadagi Doag. Rather than define an arbitrary boundary until such time as a more meaningful boundary can be identified, FHWA proposes to formally acknowledge that any of the build alternatives of the proposed freeway would impact the southern and southwestern portion of Muhadagi Doag, and would have an adverse effect on the TCP. At this time, FHWA would like to proceed with consultation addressing specific mitigation measures to address that adverse effect.

One such mitigation measure discussed at some of the above-referenced meetings is for FHWA and ADOT to provide funds for GRIC CRMP to conduct a detailed study of traditional uses and cultural significance of Muhadagi Doag. The City of Phoenix is currently working on a National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligibility study of the archaeological and historical sites within South Mountain Park/Preserve. The City of Phoenix Archaeologist, the GRIC CRMP Coordinator, and the GRIC CRSO have expressed interest in working together and expanding the on-going study to include an evaluation of the Muhadagi Doag TCP. FHWA and ADOT are willing to consider funding GRIC's participation in this proposed study. If this potential mitigation measure is something that you are interested in pursuing, we request that you provide a brief scope of work and budget for the proposed study, to ensure a common understanding about exactly what proposal is being considered.

Additionally, FHWA and ADOT are currently investigating design options to minimize impacts to the active shrine site, AZ T:12:112(ASM) and a rock art site, AZ T:12:198(ASM). We would like to meet with members of your Community to present and discuss some of these possible options.

If you are interested in pursuing these potential mitigation measures, we look forward to receiving a proposal for a study of the Muhadagi Doag TCP, and to meeting with you to discuss possible avoidance measures. We look forward to continued consultation with you. If you have any question or concerns, please do not hesitate to call Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or email RGreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

## STEPHEN D. THOMAS

Robert E. Hollis **Division** Administrator

Signature for GRIC Concurrence

Date

CC:

2

Jennifer Allison-Ray, Lieutenant Governor, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 97, Sacaton, Arizona 85247 David White, Community Manager, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 97, Sacaton, Arizona 85247 Barnaby Lewis, Cultural Resource Specialist, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 2140, Sacaton, Arizona 85247 J. Andrew Darling, CRMP Coordinator, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 2140, Sacaton, Arizona 85247 SThomas WVachon **KDavis** MHollowell (EM02) RGreenspan (EM02) MBruder (EM01)

MBurdick (118A) SDThomas:cdm



#### **RESOLUTION NO. GR-41-07**

A RESOLUTION DESIGNATING THE SOUTH MOUNTAIN RANGE (Muhadag, Avikwaxós) AS A SACRED PLACE AND TRADITIONAL CULTURAL PROPERTY OF THE GILA RIVER INDIAN COMMUNITY.

- WHEREAS, the Gila River Indian Community Council ("the Community Council") is the governing body of the Gila River Indian Community ("the Community"); and
- WHEREAS, the Community Council on January 6, 1982, did adopt Ordinance No. GR-01-82 under Title XV of the Gila River Indian Community Law and Order Code in which "filt is...declared as a matter of Community policy and legislative determination, that the public interests of the Pima-Maricopa people and the interests of all other persons living within the jurisdiction of the Gila River Indian Community require that the Community adopt a means whereby all sites, location, structures, and objects of sacred, historical or scientific interest or nature will be protected from desecration, destruction, theft, or other interference."; and
- WHEREAS, the Community Council through Resolution GR-15-89 did approve the Policy Statement of the Four Southern Tribes (Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, Ak Chin Indian Community, Tohono O'odham Nation, and the Gila River Indian Community) which outlines the Four Tribes intent to protect, promote, and preserve cultural affinity to the HuHuKam; and
- WHEREAS, the Community Council has always held the preservation of historical, archaeological, cultural, religious sites as a high priority and recognizes the need to protect the cultural heritages of the Akimel O'Odham (Pima) and the Pee Posh (Maricopa); and
- WHEREAS, the identification and authentication of sacred places / traditional cultural properties is the sole responsibility of the federally recognized tribe according to its unique culture; and
- WHEREAS, the Community does recognize certain locations to be sacred places / traditional cultural properties based on the unique cultural and spiritual beliefs of the Akimel O'Odham (Pima) and the Pee Posh (Maricopa); and

GILA RIVER INDIAN COMMUNITY **RESOLUTION GR-41-07** PAGE 2 OF 2

- (Pima) and the Pee Posh (Maricopa); and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Community Council hereby strongly opposes any alteration of the South Mountain Range for any purpose would be a violation of the cultural and religious beliefs of the Gila River Indian Community and would have a negative cumulative affect on the continuing lifeways of the people of the Gila River Indian Community.

- necessary to effectuate this resolution.

Pursuant to authority contained in Article XV, Section 1, (a) (7), (9), (18), and Section 4 of the amended Constitution and Bylaws of the Gila River Indian Community, ratified by the Tribe January 22, 1960, and approved by the Secretary of the Interior on March 17, 1960, the foregoing Resolution was adopted on the 4th of April, 2007, at a Regular Community Council Meeting held in District 3, Sacaton, Arizona at which a quorum of 10 Members were present by a vote of: 9 FOR; 0 OPPOSE; 1 ABSTAIN; 5 ABSENT; 2 VACANCIES.

ATTEST:

WHEREAS, all, but not limited to, of the places referenced in the oral traditions of the Akimel O'Odham (Pima) and the Pee Posh (Maricopa) are culturally and spiritually significant to the continuing life ways of the Akimel O'Odham

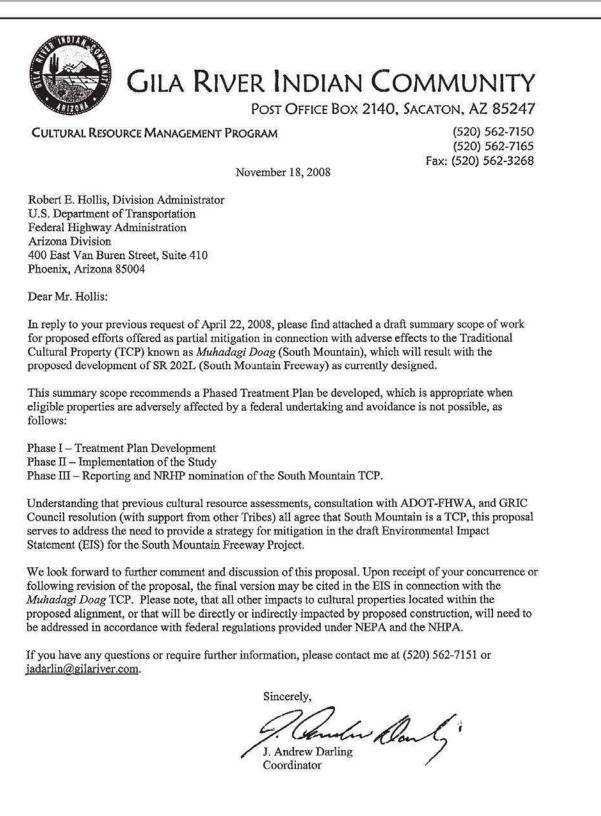
WHEREAS, the Muhadag (Pima language) also known as (a.k.a.) Avikwaxós (Maricopa language), a.k.a. Greasy Mountain (English language), and geographically known as the South Mountain, South Mountain Range, or Salt River Mountains (Range) figures prominently in oral traditions of both the Akimel O'Odham (Pima) and the Pee Posh (Maricopa)

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Community Council hereby does acknowledge and recognize that the South Mountain Range in its entirety is a sacred place / traditional cultural property and must be kept inviolate.

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, that the Governor, or in his absence, the Lieutenant Governor, is hereby authorized to sign and execute such documents as are

#### CERTIFICATION

GILA RIVER INDIAN COMMUNITY



0 **U.S. Department** 

of Transportation

Administration

Federal Highway

ARIZONA DIVISION

January 13, 2009

Mr. William Rhodes, Governor Gila River Indian Community P.O. Box 97 Sacaton, Arizona 85247

Dear Governor Rhodes:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) is in receipt of the November 18, 2008 draft summary scope of work that you provided in response to our consultation of April 22, 2008. The summary recommends development of a Phased Treatment Plan for a study of the traditional uses and cultural significance of the Traditional Cultural Property (TCP) known as Muhadagi Doag (South Mountain). This study would complement and expand upon ongoing studies that contribute to the overall knowledge base of Muhadagi Doag and would serve as the basis of an evaluation of Muhadagi Doag's eligibility for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) as a TCP. Financial support of this study by FHWA and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) would constitute partial mitigation to resolve potential adverse effects to Muhadagi Doag as a result of the development of the proposed South Mountain Freeway.

FHWA and ADOT find the proposal acceptable, with the following clarifications. If you agree with these bullets, please sign the concurrence line at the end of this letter. The next step after your concurrence, would be for ADOT and Gila River Indian Community (Community) to enter into a Joint Project Agreement.

- FHWA's role in consultation regarding the study and its deliverables will be limited to the potential effects of the proposed South Mountain Freeway on the Muhadagi Doag TCP as required by Section 106 (of the National Historic Preservation Act), Section 4(f) (of the Department of Transportation Act of 1966, as amended), and the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA).
- The process of nominating the Muhadagi Doag TCP to the NRHP will be undertaken by the Community.
- FHWA and ADOT will be invited to participate in the public component of the work sessions.
- FHWA and ADOT will be invited to participate in the development of the Management Plan.
- With the exception of culturally sensitive documents, or portions of documents, the deliverables resulting from this study will be available to FHWA and ADOT for use in fulfilling FHWA's responsibilities under NEPA, Section 106, and Section 4(f) with regards to the proposed South Mountain Freeway or any other current or future projects.
- The funding of the Muhadagi Doag TCP study is a mitigation measure to resolve adverse effects of the proposed South Mountain Freeway. Therefore, if the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for

NOTING THE-AMERICAN ECONOMY

4000 North Central Avenue, Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-1906 602-379-3646

In Reply Refer To: HOP-AZ

NH-202-D(ADY) 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation

the proposed project were to be cancelled or put on hold prior to the implementation of the proposed TCP study, financial support of the study would also be cancelled or put on hold until such time as the EIS were to move forward again.

Additionally, FHWA and ADOT have responded to the request made at our meeting on November 18, 2008 to investigate an elevated split design to minimize impacts to the active shrine site, AZ T:12:112(ASM). A design has been developed and efforts are underway to coordinate a presentation of that design to your Community.

We look forward to your response to our comments regarding the proposed study of the Muhadagi Doag TCP, and to discussing the proposed avoidance measures. If you have any question or concerns, please do not hesitate to call Ruth Greenspan at 602-712-6266 or email RGreenspan@azdot.gov.

Sincerely,

# STEPHEN D. THOM'S

2

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator

Signature for GRIC Concurrence

Date

CC:

Jennifer Allison-Ray, Lieutenant Governor, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 97, Sacaton, Arizona 85247

David White, Community Manager, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 97, Sacaton, Arizona 85247

Barnaby Lewis, Cultural Resource Specialist, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 2140, Sacaton, Arizona 85247

J. Andrew Darling, CRMP Coordinator, Gila River Indian Community, P.O. Box 2140, Sacaton, Arizona 85247 SThomas

AHansen AValle

KDavis MHollowell (EM02) RGreenspan (EM02) MBruder (EM01) MBurdick (118A) SDThomas:cdm

**U.S.Department** of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

ARIZONA DIVISION

April 28, 2010

Mr. William Rhodes, Governor Gila River Indian Community P.O. Box 97 Sacaton, Arizona 85247

Dear Governor Rhodes:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) initiated consultation regarding a proposed study of the Muhadagi Doag TCP (Hollis [FHWA] to Rhodes [Gila River Indian Community] January 13, 2009). FHWA found the proposal acceptable, pending clarification and elaboration of a few points before formal approval. The consultation letter also addressed the request made at the November 18, 2008 meeting to investigate an elevated split design to minimize impacts to the active shrine site, AZ T:12:112(ASM). A design has been developed and efforts are underway to coordinate a presentation of that design to your Community. A copy of the consultation is enclosed to assist you in your review.

FHWA would like to offer another opportunity for the Gila River Indian Community to respond to comments regarding the proposed study of the Muhadagi Doag TCP, and to discuss the proposed avoidance measures. We look forward to continuing consultation with your office. If



4000 North Central Avenue, Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 602-379-3646 Fax: 602-382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

> In Reply Refer To: NH-202-D (ADY) HOP-AZ

NH-202-D (ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01L South Mountain Transportation Corridor Continuing Section 106 Consultation "no adverse effect"

#### **A372** • Appendix 2-1

	NGREWS THIS IN AND A SUBJECT A
2 you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at 602-712-8636 or email <u>Ldavis2@azdot.gov</u> .	JUL 1 2010 GILA RIVER INDI
Sincerely yours,	William R. Rhodes
STEPHEN D. THOMAS	Governor
Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator	June 23, 2010
Enclosure	
ee: J. Andrew Darling, Coordinator, Cultural Resource Management Program, GRIC, P.O. Box 2140, Sacaton, AZ 85247 (with enclosures) Barnaby V. Lewis, Cultural Resource Specialist, GRIC, P.O. Box E, Sacaton, AZ 85247 (with enclosures) SThomas TDeitering AHansen MFrye KDavis LDavis (EM02) SDThomas.cdm	<ul> <li>Robert Hollis, Administrator, Arizona Division U.S. Department of Transportation (FHWA) 4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500</li> <li>Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500</li> <li>Re: HOP-AZ, NH-202-D(ADY)</li> <li>Project No. 202L MA 054 H5764 011.</li> <li>South Mountain Transportation Corridor, Section Mitigation Measures.</li> <li>Dear Mr. Hollis:</li> <li>In reply to your letter dated April 28, 2010 regation (GRIC CRMP) has prepared the attac Cultural Property and Adverse Effects of Transportation Technical Team. A digital (stational device of the current proposal has been reviewed and approved by Transportation Technical Team. A digital (stational Department of Transportation - ADOT)</li> <li>Please be advised that the current proposal only adverse effects posed by the Pecos alignment to individual sites and the mountain (Muhadagi D preparation and finalization of the Environ requirements under such federal acts as the Nat protection and preservation of cultural properties within the proposal also acknowledges the of a consideration of alternate corridors may require presented.</li> <li>The attached proposal also acknowledges the of form of overpasses for the avoidance and proceed proposal also the avoidance and proceed proposal and that implementation of their</li> </ul>

# AN COMMUNITY

rnor & Lieutenant Governor



Joseph Manuel Licutenant Governor

on 106 Consultation, Traditional Cultural Places,

arding potential effects of the proposed SR 202L ian Community Cultural Resource Management ched proposal for the *Evaluation of Traditional isportation Corridor Development* posed by the ignment of the South Mountain Freeway. This the GRIC Community Council and the GRIC soft copy) was submitted to Matthew Burdick ) via electronic mail on January 19, 2010.

y addresses partial measures for the mitigation of to Traditional Cultural Property (TCP) including *Doag* – South Mountain) and may be used in the amental Impact Statement (EIS). All other tional Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) for the es including data recovery of archaeological sites are project and are not addressed by the attached the project developments, design changes and re further adjustment or revision to the plan as

engineering solutions provided by ADOT in the otection of sensitive cultural sites as acceptable design and construction will require further

97 · Sacaton, Arizona 85147 -9849 · Email: executivemail@gric.nsn.us consultation in the event these go forward. This includes especially the implementation of proposed massive cuts through the western ridges of Muhadagi Doag and earthworks required for construction of the Pecos alignment, which will significantly impact the mountain and the surrounding cultural landscape.

Finally this proposal identifies the important and significant overlap of wildlife and culture corridors and the significance of all plants and animals in the traditional culture of the Akimel O'odham and Pee Posh of this Community. In this respect, we value the strong connection between the environment, the land, traditional places, and all living things, not just people. To this end, the attached proposal recognizes the intimate connection of TCPs to the environment in general, which certainly will be affected permanently through the construction of this major transportation facility.

The Gila River Indian Community looks forward to continuing consultation through its newly established Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, Barnaby V. Lewis (THPO), especially on the draft EIS once it is assembled. If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to call Dr. J. Andrew Darling, Coordinator, Cultural Resource Management Program at (520) 562-7151 or Barnaby V. Lewis (THPO) at (520) 562-7152.

Sincerely,

for 6-25-10

Lt. Governor Joseph Manuel, Chair Transportation Technical Team

Attachment: South Mountain Freeway Survey Proposal

Governor William R. Rhodes CC: Chief of Staff Greg Mendoza Community Managers (5) Transportation Technical Team File

#### U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

ARIZONA DIVISION

Mr. John Holt, Environmental Manager Western Area Power Administration 615 South 43rd Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85009

Dear Mr. Holt:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix. The project would be built entirely on new right-of-way (ROW). As this project employs federal funds, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Because alternatives are still under development, land ownership of the project area is not yet known.

Consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, Arizona State Historic Preservation Office, Arizona State Land Department, Arizona State Museum, Army Corps of Engineers, Bureau of Land Management, Bureau of Reclamation, Western Area Power Administration (Western), Salt River Project, Maricopa County Department of Transportation, Flood Control District of Maricopa County, Roosevelt Irrigation District, City of Avondale, City of Chandler, City of Glendale, City of Phoenix, City of Tolleson, Ak-Chin Indian Community, Chemehuevi Tribe, Cocopah Tribe, Colorado River Indian Tribe, Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, Fort Mojave Tribe, Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, Gila River Indian Community, Havasupai Tribe, Hopi Tribe, Hualapai Tribe, Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, Navajo Nation, Pascua Yaqui Tribe, Pueblo of Zuni,



September 16, 2010

4000 North Central Avenue, Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 602-379-3646 Fax: 602-382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

> In Reply Refer To: 202-C-200 HOP-AZ

202-C-200 TRACS No. 202L MA 54.0 H5764 01C 202L, South Mountain Freeway, DCR and EIS Continuing Section 106 Consultation Revised Programmatic Agreement

Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, San Carlos Apache Nation, San Juan Southern Paiute, Tohono O'odham Nation, Tonto Apache Tribe, White Mountain Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Apache Nation.

In 2007, a Programmatic Agreement (PA) was executed for the project; however, Western had not been included. Western has transmission lines that intersect the proposed freeway alignments and asked FHWA to be included in the PA. Therefore, per Stipulation 14 of the PA, FHWA has revised the PA to include Western as a concurring party. Additionally, FHWA and ADOT are taking this opportunity to invite the Gila River Indian Community to participate as a concurring party at this time.

A copy of the revised PA is enclosed for your review and comment. If Western would like to participate, please sign the enclosed PA and return it to ADOT within 30 days. Upon receipt of Western's signature on the PA and of the Gila River Indian Community's signature, if they choose to participate at this time. FHWA will forward the updated PA through continued Section 106 consultations.

As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the information provided in this letter. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at (602) 712-8636 or by e-mail at LDavis2@azdot.gov

Sincerely yours,

May E. Fry

Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator

Enclosure



**Department of Energy** Western Area Power Administration Desert Southwest Customer Service Region P.O. Box 6457 Phoenix, AZ 85005-6457

OCT 2 5 2010 -----

Robert E. Hollis, District Administrator Arizona Department of Transportation 4000 North Central Avenue, Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500

RE: Programmatic Agreement for the Federal Highway Administration and Arizona Department of Transportation South Mountain Freeway Project, Mohave County.

Dear Mr. Hollis:

The Western Area Power Administration (Western) has received the Programmatic Agreement (PA) regarding the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) which was developed for the proposed South Mountain Freeway Project. The signed agreement is enclosed with the letter.

Western supports the Federal Highway Administration and the Arizona Department of Transportation in their section 106 responsibilities related to the project. Western's participation in the PA supports our requirements under the National Historic Preservation Act related to the requirement to move our transmission lines to accommodate the construction of this project.

Western looks forward to participating in future meetings and reviewing related documents for the PA. Thank you for inviting us to sign the PA.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact Mary Barger at (602) 605-2524 or call me at (602) 605-2592.

Enclosure

DCT 2 8 2010

Sincerely,

Joh R. Halt

John R. Holt Environmental Manager

SHAD- 2003-1890 (8927)

U.S. Department of Transportation **Federal Highway** Administration

ARIZONA DIVISION February 1, 2011

4000 North Central Avenue, Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 602-379-3646 Fax: 602-382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

> In Reply Refer To: NH-202-D(ADY) FFB 0 3 201HOP-AZ

ARIZONA STATE PARENES, 8

NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 54.0 H5764 01L 202L, South Mountain Freeway DCR and EIS Continuing Section 106 Consultation Revised Alignment Near Dobbins Road

Dr. David Jacobs, Compliance Specialist State Historic Preservation Office Arizona State Parks 1300 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Dear Dr. Jacobs:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway (SMF), EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix. The project would be built entirely on new right-of-way (ROW). As this project employs federal funds, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

This project has been the subject of extensive prior consultation (SHPO-2003-1890). This letter requests concurrence only on the approach of mitigating impacts to historic properties in the area of the proposed SMF's intersection with Dobbins Road (see attached map). Land ownership in this portion of the project area is mostly private. Alternative alignments of the proposed SMF are being considered. The 1985 Phoenix General Plan Map had a proposed transportation corridor near 59th Avenue. ADOT's 1988 SMF Design Concept Report and Environmental Assessment presented a preferred alignment corridor along 61st Avenue. That same year, the Phoenix Planning Commission recommended and City Council approved, an alignment shift in the General Plan to a 61st Avenue alignment. It remained on this alignment until comprehensive cultural resources investigations revealed several properties were eligible for listing on the



National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). As a res alternative alignment on 63<sup>rd</sup> Avenue was developed In 2010, the City of Phoenix (COP) provided information to the SMF project team that the 63<sup>rd</sup> Avenue alignment conflicted with proposed land uses in the area. Three rezoning cases and one special permit were approved by the COP assuming the 61<sup>st</sup> Avenue alignment. One of these cases, approved in 2009, was for the location of a hospital and healthcare campus. This facility would be directly in the path of the 63<sup>rd</sup> Avenue alignment. As a result of these conflicts, the COP has asked FHWA to consider a proposed alignment of the SMF on 61<sup>st</sup> Avenue.

NRHP-eligible properties would be impacted by the alignment of the South Mountain Freeway along 61<sup>st</sup> Avenue. These include:

- 1. The Colvin-Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy located at 6159 West Dobbins Road was determined not eligible to the NRHP as a whole because of a lack of integrity and historical significance. However, the dairy "head-to-toe" barn is recommended as eligible to the NRHP under Criterion C because it is one of the few standing family-operated dairy barns in Laveen.
- 2. The Hudson Farm located at 9300 South 59th Avenue was determined eligible to the NRHP under Criterion A as an exceptional example of a historic farmstead in Laveen, with the surrounding agricultural field an important contributing component that defines and preserves the farmstead's integrity of setting and feeling.
- 3. The 6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape was determined eligible to the NRHP under Criteria A and D as an example and reflection of the lower Salt River Valley's agricultural past.

Potential impacts to NRHP-eligible properties by the alignment of the SMF along 61<sup>st</sup> Avenue include:

- The Barnes dairy barn would be destroyed by the proposed project.
- A sixteen-acre strip of the western side of the Hudson Farm would be taken by the proposed SMF. A portion of the agricultural field would be used to construct the proposed freeway.
- The 6100 Block West Dobbins Road Streetscape would be destroyed by the proposed project.

It is important to note that the City of Phoenix has designated this area as the core area of "downtown" Laveen. Landowners in the area have expressed a desire to develop their properties for commercial and/or residential uses. Therefore, it is highly likely that development actions by private land owners would also lead to the destruction of these resources. Although the property owners would have to comply with City of Phoenix historic preservation ordinances, it is still likely that destruction with limited documentation of these properties would occur.

To mitigate the potential impacts from the SMF and to offer a greater level of protection to these resources than would otherwise be provided, ADOT, FHWA, and the COP's Historic Preservation Office are considering the following approach. The final details of mitigation are

sult of these investigations,	in 200	05 an	É
to avoid these resources.			

still being developed (including the level of documentation of the resources) and may be influenced by comments received from the public. However, the approach includes:

- The Colvin-Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy and the West Dobbins Road Streetscape would be subjected to additional documentation and a possible interpretive exhibit/display.
- The Hudson Farm property:
  - 1. Documentation on the property and proposal for listing on the NRHP
  - Protection of the farmstead complex through a conservation easement on the remaining parcel. The language of the conservation easement would be developed in consultation with the COP, ADOT, and the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO).
  - 3. Convey the property to private or public ownership for reuse
  - 4. Conduct a public involvement meeting in the vicinity of these resources to solicit input from the public.

Please review the information provided in this letter. If you agree with the proposed approach to mitigating impacts to these three historic properties, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at (602) 712-8636 or by e-mail at <u>LDavis2@azdot.gov</u>.

Sincerely yours,

Mary E. Fry

ZKarla S. Petty Division Administrator

Signature for SHPO concurrence NH-202-D(ADY)

CC: Linda Divis, ADOT

Enclosure

Date



ARIZONA DIVISION February 7, 2011

Mr. William Rhodes, Governor Gila River Indian Community P.O. Box 97 Sacaton, Arizona 85247

Dear Governor Rhodes:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix. The project would be built entirely on new right-of-way (ROW). As this project employs federal funds, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Because alternatives are still under development, land ownership of the project area is not yet known.

Consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, Arizona State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), Arizona State Land Department, Arizona State Museum, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Bureau of Land Management, Bureau of Reclamation, Western Area Power Administration, Salt River Project, Maricopa County Department of Transportation, Flood Control District of Maricopa County, Roosevelt Irrigation District, City of Avondale, City of Chandler, City of Glendale, City of Phoenix, City of Tolleson, Ak-Chin Indian Community, Chemehuevi Tribe, Cocopah Tribe, Colorado River Indian Tribe, Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, Fort Mojave Tribe, Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), Havasupai Tribe, Hopi Tribe, Hualapai Tribe, Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, Navajo Nation, Pascua Yaqui Tribe, Pueblo of Zuni, Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, San Carlos Apache Nation, San Juan Southern Paiute, Tohono O'odham Nation, Tonto Apache Tribe, White Mountain Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Apache Nation.

In accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act (36 CFR 800.4), which requires federal agencies to make a reasonable and good faith effort to identify historic properties that could be affected by a project, FHWA and ADOT prepared a traditional cultural property assessment titled *An Evaluation of Traditional Cultural Properties for the 202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona* (Brodbeck 2006), which was sent to your office for review June 2006



3

4000 North Central Avenue, Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 602-379-3646 Fax: 602-382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

> In Reply Refer To: 202-C-200 HOP-AZ

202-C-200 TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01C 202L, South Mountain Freeway, DCR and EIS Continuing Section 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural Properties

(Hollis [FHWA] to Rhodes [GRIC] June 28, 2006). GRIC responded in September 2006 notifying FHWA that their Cultural Resource Management Program (CRMP) was reviewing the traditional cultural properties (TCP) evaluation report and that a formal response would be forthcoming (Rhodes [GRIC] to Hollis [FHWA] September 25, 2006). In December 2006, GRIC provided their formal response which included National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligibility concurrences and comments on the proposed boundary for the South Mountain TCP (Rhodes [GRIC] to Hollis [FHWA] December 19, 2006). While the GRIC generally concurred with the NRHP eligibility recommendations provided in the TCP report, there were three points where they did not concur: (1) the designation of a O'odham core homeland, (2) the proposed boundary for the South Mountains TCP, and (3) the NRHP eligibility recommendation for Villa Buena site (AZ T:12:9 [ASM]).

Since then, FHWA and ADOT have continued an open dialog with GRIC's cultural resources staff regarding the identification and evaluation of traditional cultural properties as they pertain to the South Mountain freeway project. During this time, the TCP report has been revised per GRIC comments: (1) the report no longer uses the concept of a core O'odham homeland; (2) FHWA, ADOT, and GRIC have agreed to defer delineation of TCP boundary for the South Mountains until a more detailed and comprehensive study of its traditional uses and cultural significance can be conducted, therefore the boundary proposed in the earlier version of the report has been removed; and, (3) the NRHP eligibility recommendation for the Villa Buena site has been changed to be inclusive of the entire site. With regards to the later, the Villa Buena site (AZ T:12:9 [ASM]) is now recommended eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A and D. The site is recommended eligible under Criterion A as a traditional cultural property for its associations with traditional cultural practices of the GRIC. The site is also recommended eligible under Criterion D for its information potential as an archaeological site. The portions of the site off the reservation in agricultural fields, including the portions within the proposed action alternative alignments, do not retain qualities that contribute to its eligibility as a traditional cultural property. A copy of the revised report is enclosed for your review and comment.

Please review the information provided in this letter and the revised TCP report. If you find the revised TCP report adequate and agree with FHWA's eligibility recommendations, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. As more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at (602) 712-8636 or by e-mail at LDavis2@azdot.gov.

Sincerely your Karla S. Petty Division Administrator

Signature for GRIC Concurrence 202-C-200 Enclosures

cc:

Date

J. Andrew Darling, Coordinator, Cultural Resource Management Program, GRIC, P.O. Box 2140, Sacaton, AZ 85247 (with enclosures) Barnaby V. Lewis, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, GRIC, P.O. Box 2140, Sacaton, AZ 85247 (with enclosures)

2 U.S. Department

2

of Transportation **Federal Highway** Administration

August 8, 2011

Dr. David Jacobs, Compliance Specialist State Historic Preservation Office Arizona State Parks 1300 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Dear Dr. Jacobs:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are planning geotechnical borings at the W59 Alternative crossing of the Union Pacific Railroad (UPRR) for the proposed South Mountain Freeway in west Phoenix, Maricopa County. As this project is qualified for federal funding, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. This geotech work occurs on private land. Consulting parties for this undertaking include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) and UPRR. Due to the limited scope and nature of work, tribal consultation is not warranted.

The scope of this project would involve excavating ten 8-inch diameter borings approximately 100 feet deep near the intersection of 59th Avenue and the UPRR tracks, which run east-west about halfway between Van Buren Street and Buckeye Road. Access to the boring locations would be from 59th Avenue along the UPRR access roads and adjacent parking lots. No new right of way (ROW) or temporary construction easements are anticipated for this project. The area of potential effects (APE) is defined as 50 feet around the borings and access routes. A copy of the geotechnical boring plan is enclosed to assist you in your review.

The UPRR right-of-way portion of the APE has been previously surveyed by SWCA, Environmental Consultants, Inc. (SWCA) in conjunction with a separate undertaking. The results are reported in "Archaeological Survey for a Proposed Fiber Optic Cable Line from Yuma to Phoenix" (Doak 1999). The historic Wellton-Phoenix-Eloy Main Line of the South Pacific Railroad (AZ T:10:84 [ASM]) was identified in the project area. The railroad's eligibility for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) was evaluated as part of the South Mountain Freeway project by HDR Engineering, Inc (HDR). The results are reported in "An

4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 (602) 379-3646 Fax: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

> In Reply Refer To: NH-202-D(ADY) HOP-AZ

NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01C South Mountain Freeway UPRR OP - TROE Continuing Section 106 Consultation Geotechnical Investigations

ARIZONA DIVISION

Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck and Pratt 2005). FHWA recommended that the railroad was eligible for NRHP listing under Criterion A. SHPO previously concurred with the adequacy of the report and eligibility determination (Jacobs [SHPO] to Greenspan [ADOT] SHPO concurrence October 3, 2005).

The remainder of the APE has recently been surveyed by HDR. The survey results are reported in "A Class III Cultural Resources Survey for Geotechnical Investigations for the South Mountain Freeway W59 Alternative UPRR OP, City of Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2011), and are enclosed here for your review and comment. No new sites were identified in the project area.

AZ T:10:84 (ASM), the historic Wellton-Phoenix-Eloy Main Line, is located within the APE but will not be affected by the project. Therefore, FHWA has determined that a finding of "no adverse effect" is appropriate for this undertaking.

Please review the enclosed report, geotechnical plans, and the information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with FHWA's determination of project effect, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at 602-712-8636 or email <u>LDavis2@azdot.gov</u>.

Sincerely yours,

Mena I ata

Karla S. Petty Division Administrator

Signature for SHPO Concurrence NH-202-D(ADY)

Date

Enclosures

2

U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

2

August 8, 2011

ARIZONA DIVISION

Mr. Dino Orbiso Manager Environmental Field Operations Union Pacific Railroad 2401 East Sepulveda Boulevard Long Beach, California 90810

Dear Mr. Orbiso:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are planning geotechnical borings at the W59 Alternative crossing of the Union Pacific Railroad (UPRR) for the proposed South Mountain Freeway in west Phoenix, Maricopa County. As this project is qualified for federal funding, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. This geotech work occurs on private land. Consulting parties for this undertaking include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) and UPRR. Due to the limited scope and nature of work, tribal consultation is not warranted.

The scope of this project would involve excavating ten 8-inch diameter borings approximately 100 feet deep near the intersection of 59th Avenue and the UPRR tracks, which run east-west about halfway between Van Buren Street and Buckeye Road. Access to the boring locations would be from 59th Avenue along the UPRR access roads and adjacent parking lots. No new right of way (ROW) or temporary construction easements are anticipated for this project. The area of potential effects (APE) is defined as 50 feet around the borings and access routes. A copy of the geotechnical boring plan is enclosed to assist you in your review.

The UPRR right-of-way portion of the APE has been previously surveyed by SWCA, Environmental Consultants, Inc. (SWCA) in conjunction with a separate undertaking. The results are reported in "Archaeological Survey for a Proposed Fiber Optic Cable Line from Yuma to Phoenix" (Doak 1999). The historic Wellton-Phoenix-Eloy Main Line of the South Pacific Railroad (AZ T:10:84 [ASM]) was identified in the project area. The railroad's eligibility for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) was evaluated as part of the South Mountain Freeway project by HDR Engineering, Inc (HDR). The results are reported in "An Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR

4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 (602) 379-3646 Fax: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

In Reply Refer To: NH-202-D(ADY) HOP-AZ

NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01C South Mountain Freeway UPRR OP - TROE Continuing Section 106 Consultation Geotechnical Investigations Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck and Pratt 2005). FHWA recommended that the railroad was eligible for NRHP listing under Criterion A. SHPO previously concurred with the adequacy of the report and eligibility determination (Jacobs [SHPO] to Greenspan [ADOT] SHPO concurrence October 3, 2005).

The remainder of the APE has recently been surveyed by HDR. The survey results are reported in "A Class III Cultural Resources Survey for Geotechnical Investigations for the South Mountain Freeway W59 Alternative UPRR OP, City of Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2011), and are enclosed here for your review and comment. No new sites were identified in the project area.

AZ T:10:84 (ASM), the historic Wellton-Phoenix-Eloy Main Line, is located within the APE but will not be affected by the project. Therefore, FHWA has determined that a finding of "no adverse effect" is appropriate for this undertaking.

Please review the enclosed report, geotechnical plans, and the information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with FHWA's determination of project effect, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at 602-712-8636 or email LDavis2@azdot.gov.

Sincerely yours,

Meena J.ata

Karla S. Petty Division Administrator

Signature for UPRR Concurrence NH-202-D(ADY)

Enclosures

Date

2

4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500 ARIZONA DIVISION Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 (602) 379-3646 Fax: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm August 8, 2011 In Reply Refer To: NH-202-D(ADY) HOP-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01C South Mountain Freeway UPRR OP - TROE Continuing Section 106 Consultation Geotechnical Investigations RECEIVED AUG 0 9 2011 ANIZINA STATE PARTS/S.H.P.O Ond

U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

SHRD 2003-1890/93752 Dr. David Jacobs, Compliance Specialist State Historic Preservation Office Arizona State Parks 1300 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007 Dear Dr. Jacobs: The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are planning geotechnical borings at the W59 Alternative crossing of the Union Pacific Railroad (UPRR) for the proposed South Mountain Freeway in west Phoenix, Maricopa County. As this project is qualified for federal funding, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. This geotech work occurs on private land. Consulting parties for this undertaking include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) and UPRR. Due to the limited scope and nature of work, tribal consultation is not warranted. The scope of this project would involve excavating ten 8-inch diameter borings approximately 100 feet deep near the intersection of 59th Avenue and the UPRR tracks, which run east-west about halfway between Van Buren Street and Buckeye Road. Access to the boring locations would be from 59th Avenue along the UPRR access roads and adjacent parking lots. No new right of way (ROW) or temporary construction easements are anticipated for this project. The area of potential effects (APE) is defined as 50 feet around the borings and access routes. A copy of the geotechnical boring plan is enclosed to assist you in your review. The UPRR right-of-way portion of the APE has been previously surveyed by SWCA, Environmental Consultants, Inc. (SWCA) in conjunction with a separate undertaking. The results are reported in "Archaeological Survey for a Proposed Fiber Optic Cable Line from Yuma to Phoenix" (Doak 1999). The historic Wellton-Phoenix-Eloy Main Line of the South Pacific Railroad (AZ T:10:84 [ASM]) was identified in the project area. The railroad's eligibility for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) was evaluated as part of the South Mountain Freeway project by HDR Engineering, Inc (HDR). The results are reported in "An

Appendix 2-1 • A379

#### **A380** • Appendix 2-1

Addendum Cultural Resources Report for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck and Pratt 2005). FHWA recommended that the railroad was eligible for NRHP listing under Criterion A. SHPO previously concurred with the adequacy of the report and eligibility determination (Jacobs [SHPO] to Greenspan [ADOT] SHPO concurrence October 3, 2005).

The remainder of the APE has recently been surveyed by HDR. The survey results are reported in "A Class III Cultural Resources Survey for Geotechnical Investigations for the South Mountain Freeway W59 Alternative UPRR OP, City of Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2011), and are enclosed here for your review and comment. No new sites were identified in the project area.

AZ T:10:84 (ASM), the historic Wellton-Phoenix-Eloy Main Line, is located within the APE but will not be affected by the project. Therefore, FHWA has determined that a finding of "no adverse effect" is appropriate for this undertaking.

Please review the enclosed report, geotechnical plans, and the information provided in this letter. If you find the report adequate and agree with FHWA's determination of project effect, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at 602-712-8636 or email LDavis2@azdot.gov.

Sincerely yours,

menazata

Karla S. Petty Division Administrator

Signature for SHPO Concurrence NH-202-D(ADY)

2

AUG 12 2011

Enclosures CC: Linda Davis, ADST



#### TRIBAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE

August 17, 2011

Karla S. Petty, Division Administrator U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration, Arizona Division 4000 North Central Avenue, Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500

#### Dear Ms. Petty,

The Gila River Indian Community Tribal Historic Preservation Office (GRIC-THPO) has received HDR Engineering, Inc. Cultural Resource Report 06-01, Submittal Number 5, titled "An Evaluation of Traditional Cultural Properties for the 202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona" (Brodbeck 2011). The report reevaluates the National Register eligibility status of Traditional Cultural Properties that have been recorded and identified within the proposed 202L corridor. Comments by Gila River Indian Community (GRIC) Governor Rhodes have been incorporated into the reevaluation. Governor Rhodes submitted his review to the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) on December 19, 2009.

The GRIC maintains and reinforces the cultural significance of South Mountain to the Four Southern Tribes (Gila River Indian Community; Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community; Ak-Chin Indian Community and the Tohono O'Odham Nation) together with the Pee Posh (Maricopa). O'Odham oral history and religion defines our life and relationship to the natural world and the cultural landscape. Akimel O'Odham and Pee Posh oral histories, religion, creation stories, ceremonial activities and practices, and the concepts of power and sacred places are inseparably tied to every part of the natural environment. Sacred places and Traditional Cultural Places (TCPs) must be treated with reverence and respect. South Mountain is an O'Odham TCP. The National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 as amended provides the guidelines to nominate and place TCPs on the National Register of Historic Places. Impacts to Register eligible properties must be considered for all federal undertakings. Application of criteria of significance has often been applied in an inconsistent, incorrect manner. Archaeologists tend to apply the criteria without supporting oral history data (neglect of gathering oral histories) and without understanding of the people, their religion, and their culture.

# GILA RIVER INDIAN COMMUNITY

POST OFFICE BOX 2140, SACATON, AZ 85147

(520) 562-7162 Fax: (520) 562-5083

RE: South Mountain Transportation Corridor, Section 106 Consultation, Traditional Cultural Places: 202-C-200 HOP-AZ TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01C

#### **Review and Comments**

Page 5, second paragraph, Brodbeck makes reference to "contemporary local *lore*." The use of term lore is objectionable. O'Odham oral history is not lore, it is a history as valid and precise as mainstream history which is taught in elementary, high school, and college classes. References to O'Odham history as lore should be removed from the text.

Page 38 and 77, third paragraph, Brodbeck states that because the platform mound has been obliterated at Pueblo del Alamo, "the direct link with the ancestral past has been lost." This is an untrue statement. The direct link with the ancestral past, the link between Pueblo del Alamo and the O'Odham people is still intact through oral histories. The link has not been lost because a platform mound on the site has been obliterated by non-O'Odham farmers. The direct link to the O'Odham ancestral past remains and it should be stated as such. The GRIC-THPO concurs with the evaluation with that Pueblo del Alamo is a Register eligible property. The GRIC-THPO disagrees with ADOT and Brodbeck who believe that Pueblo del Alamo is not a Register eligible TCP based upon a perceived lost of an ancestral link to the site. The GRIC-THPO maintains that "the ancestral link" to the site still exists and that Pueblo del Alamo is a Register eligible TCP.

Pages 44-45 and page 77, the GRIC-THPO concurs with the re-evaluation of Villa Buena as being a Register eligible property as a site and as a TCP. However on page 45 Brodbeck still considers portions of Villa Buena, located off GRIC lands, as not contributing to the Register eligibility status of the site and TCP. Again the GRIC-THPO would like to indicate that all portions of a site contribute to Register eligibility. If a cultural property is considered a Register eligible property as an archaeological site or as a TCP, then the entire cultural resource is a Register eligible property. ADOT acknowledges correcting this issue but Brodbeck still continues to evaluate Villa Buena in bits and pieces and not as a whole.

Page 75, fifth paragraph, Brodbeck states "that South Mountain is an important element in a far-reaching spiritual landscape of the Akimel O'Odham and Pee Posh." We would like to point out that it is our cultural landscape as well and the statement should be modified to state "cultural and spiritual" in the sentence.

The GRIC-THPO looks forward to continuing consultation regarding the proposed 202 Loop. If you have any questions please do not hesitate to contact me or Archaeological Compliance Specialist Larry Benallie, Jr. at 520-562-7162.

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Respectfully,

Barnaby V. Lewis Tribal Historic Preservation Officer Gila River Indian Community

US Department of Transportation Federal Highway

Administration

ARIZONA DIVISION

1997 N. 157 1994

Mr. Brian Bowker, Director Bureau of Indian Affairs Western Regional Office 2600 North Central Avenue, 4th Floor Mailroom Phoenix, Arizona 85004-3050

Dear Mr. Bowker:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix. The project would be built entirely on new right-of-way (ROW). As this project employs federal funds, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Because alternatives are still under development, land ownership of the project area is not yet known.

Consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, Arizona State Historic Preservation Office, Arizona State Land Department, Arizona State Museum, Army Corps of Engineers, Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Bureau of Land Management, Bureau of Reclamation, Western Area Power Administration, Salt River Project, Maricopa County Department of Transportation, Flood Control District of Maricopa County, Roosevelt Irrigation District, City of Avondale, City of Chandler, City of Glendale, City of Phoenix, City of Tolleson, Ak-Chin Indian Community, Chemehuevi Tribe, Cocopah Tribe, Colorado River Indian Tribe, Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, Fort Mojave Tribe, Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, Gila River Indian Community, Havasupai Tribe, Hopi Tribe, Hualapai Tribe, Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, Navajo Nation, Pascua Yaqui Tribe, Pueblo of Zuni, Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, San Carlos Apache Nation, San Juan Southern Paiute, Tohono O'odham Nation, Tonto Apache Tribe, White Mountain Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Apache Nation.

4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 (602) 379-3646 Fax: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

October 31, 2011

In Reply Refer To: 202-C- 200 HOP-AZ

202-C- 200 TRACS No. 202L MA 54.0 H5764 01C 202L, South Mountain Freeway, DCR and EIS Continuing Section 106 Consultation Revised Programmatic Agreement

In 2005, FHWA circulated a revised draft Programmatic Agreement (PA) to agencies and tribes for review (Hollis [FHWA] to Cantley [BIA] July 1, 2005). At that time, the BIA declined participation in the PA (Cantley [BIA] to Laine [ADOT] personal communication via phone call August 3, 2005). Since then, the BIA has asked FHWA to be included in the PA. Therefore, per Stipulation 14 of the PA, FHWA has revised the PA to include BIA as a concurring party.

A revised PA is enclosed for your review and comment. If the BIA would like to participate, please sign the enclosed PA and return it to ADOT within 30 days. Upon receipt of BIA's signature on the PA FHWA will forward the updated PA through continued Section 106 consultations.

Furthermore, as more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the information provided in this letter. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at (602) 712-8636 or by e-mail at LDavis2@azdot.gov

Sincerely yours,

Karla S. Petty **Division Administrator** 

Enclosure

2

ARIZONA DIVISION

U.S. Department of Transportation **Federal Highway** Administration

Mr. Brian Bowker, Director Bureau of Indian Affairs Western Regional Office 2600 North Central Avenue, 4th Floor Mailroom Phoenix, Arizona 85004-3050

Dear Mr. Bowker:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler and to I-10 in west Phoenix. The project would be built entirely on new right-of-way (ROW). As this project employs federal funds, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Because alternatives are still under development, land ownership of the project area is not yet known.

Consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, Arizona State Historic Preservation Office, Arizona State Land Department, Arizona State Museum, Army Corps of Engineers, Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Bureau of Land Management, Bureau of Reclamation, Western Area Power Administration, Salt River Project, Maricopa County Department of Transportation, Flood Control District of Maricopa County, Roosevelt Irrigation District, City of Avondale, City of Chandler, City of Glendale, City of Phoenix, City of Tolleson, Ak-Chin Indian Community, Chemehuevi Tribe, Cocopah Tribe, Colorado River Indian Tribe, Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, Fort Mojave Tribe, Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, Gila River Indian Community, Havasupai Tribe, Hopi Tribe, Hualapai Tribe, Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, Navajo Nation, Pascua Yaqui Tribe, Pueblo of Zuni, Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, San Carlos Apache Nation, San Juan Southern Paiute, Tohono O'odham Nation, Tonto Apache Tribe, White Mountain Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Apache Nation.

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January 23, 2012

In Reply Refer To: 202-C-200 HOP-AZ

202-C-200 TRACS No. 202L MA 54.0 H5764 01C 202L, South Mountain Freeway, DCR and EIS Continuing Section 106 Consultation **Revised Programmatic Agreement** 

In 2005, FHWA circulated a revised draft Programmatic Agreement (PA) to agencies and tribes for review (Hollis [FHWA] to Cantley [BIA] July 1, 2005). At that time, the BIA declined participation in the PA (Cantley [BIA] to Laine [ADOT] personal communication via phone call August 3, 2005). Since then, the BIA has asked FHWA to be included in the PA. Therefore, per Stipulation 14 of the PA, FHWA has revised the PA to include BIA as a concurring party.

A revised PA is enclosed for your review and comment. If the BIA would like to participate, please sign the enclosed PA and return it to ADOT within 30 days. Upon receipt of BIA's signature on the PA FHWA will forward the updated PA through continued Section 106 consultations.

Furthermore, as more information becomes available regarding the South Mountain Freeway project, it will be provided to your agency through continued Section 106 consultation. Please review the information provided in this letter. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at (602) 712-8636 or by e-mail at LDavis2@azdot.gov

Sincerely yours,

Karla S. Petty **Division Administrator** 

Enclosure

CC:

Garry Cantley, Archaeologist, Bureau of Indian Affairs-Western Region Office, 2600 N. Central Avenue, 4th Floor Mailroom, Phoenix, Arizona 85004-3050

U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

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ARIZONA DIVISION

April 24, 2012

Mr. Gregory Mendoza, Governor Gila River Indian Community P.O. Box 97 Sacaton, Arizona 85247

Dear Governor Mendoza:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are continuing technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler to I-10 in west Phoenix. The project would be built entirely on new right-of-way (ROW). As this project is scheduled to employ federal funds, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Because alternatives are still under development, land ownership of the project area is varied.

Consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the Arizona State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Arizona State Land Department, the Arizona State Museum, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the Bureau of Land Management, the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the Bureau of Reclamation, the Western Area Power Administration, the Salt River Project, the Maricopa County Department of Transportation, the Flood Control District of Maricopa County, the Roosevelt Irrigation District, the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pascua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Nation, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the

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In Reply Refer To: NH-202-D(ADY) HOP-AZ

NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01C 202L, South Mountain Freeway, DCR and EIS Continuing Section 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural Properties Section 4(f) Determination Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

In accordance with the regulations implementing Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (36 CFR 800), which requires federal agencies to take into account the effects of their undertakings on historic properties, FHWA and ADOT have been carrying out cultural resource studies and engaging in an ongoing open dialog with GRIC's Tribal Historic Preservation Office (THPO) and Cultural Resource Management Program (CRMP) regarding the identification and evaluation of places of religious and cultural significance to the tribe, often referred to as traditional cultural properties (TCPs) as they may be affected by the South Mountain Freeway project. As a result of these discussions, the GRIC has identified five TCPs that are eligible for the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP), and could be affected by the construction of the South Mountain Freeway. These include the South Mountains (Muhadagi Doag), the prehistoric Hohokam villages of Villa Buena (AZ T:12:9 [ASM]) and Pueblo del Alamo (AZ T:12:52 [ASM]), a shrine site (AZ T:12:112 [ASM], and a petroglyph site (AZ T:12:198 [ASM]) that is also a contributing resource to the South Mountains TCP. In addition, GRIC has identified five other archaeological sites that contribute to the South Mountains TCP (AZ T:12:197 [ASM], AZ T:12:201 [ASM], AZ T:12:207 [ASM], AZ T:12:208 [ASM], and AZ T:12:211 [ASM]).

SHPO previously concurred with FHWA's determination that Villa Buena, Pueblo del Alamo, AZ T:12:197, AZ T:12:198, AZ T:12:201, AZ T:12:207, AZ T:12:208, and AZ T:12:211 are eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion D as archaeological sites (Jacobs [SHPO] to Greenspan [ADOT], January 23, 2006). This letter summarizes consultation between FHWA, ADOT, and GRIC relating to the eligibility of Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo, as well as proposed mitigation to address any potential adverse effects to all TCPs identified within the project area.

Through on-going Section 106 consultations, primarily through a series of discussions and meetings, FHWA, ADOT, and GRIC have been developing options for mitigating adverse effects to the TCPs. As a result of these discussions, avoidance alternatives have been developed for two of the TCPs, the petroglyph site and shrine site. They will now be avoided by project alternatives; therefore, there will be no direct impacts to these sites. The South Mountains, Villa Buena, and Pueblo del Alamo TCPs cannot be avoided by project alternatives; therefore mitigation plans have been developed. The mitigation strategies are presented in Treatment Plans titled South Mountain Freeway (SR 202L) Traditional Uses and Cultural Significance of Muhadagi Doag (South Mountain) Evaluation of Traditional Property and Adverse Effects of Transportation Corridor Development Summary Scope of Work (Draft) (Darling 2008), which the GRIC THPO previously approved (Manuel [GRIC] to Hollis [FHWA], June 23, 2010) and South Mountain Freeway (SR 202L) Traditional Uses and Cultural Significance of Traditional Cultural Properties and Mitigation of Transportation Corridor Development Adverse Effects, Addendum Planning for TCP Mitigation Villa Buena (AZ T:12:9 [ASM] and Pueblo del Alamo (AZ T:12:52 [ASM]) (Draft) (Darling 2012), which is enclosed for your review. In addition, we are enclosing the revised An Evaluation of Traditional Cultural Properties for the 202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS and L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck 2012) for your review. The South Mountains

The South Mountain range as a whole is considered a TCP. The range is an important element in the spiritual landscape of the Akimel O'odham and Pee Posh, as well as for some of the Colorado River Tribes. For the Akimel O'odham, South Mountains was one of the homes of the deity and creator, Elder Brother (Se'ehe) and several shrines in the range associated with his presence continue to be recognized and honored by the GRIC. Further, South Mountain served as a resource procurement area for upland plants and animals and was a focal point of prehistoric and historic rock art production.

FHWA has recommended that the South Mountains is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criteria A and B as a TCP for its significant associations with the broad patterns of traditional cultural practices and beliefs of the Akimel O'odham, Pee Posh, and other tribes, and for the close association the mountain range has with the O'odham creator deity. The GRIC previously concurred with FHWA's eligibility recommendation (Rhodes [GRIC] to Hollis [FHWA], December 19, 2006). Furthermore, FHWA has determined that archaeological sites AZ T:12:197 (ASM), AZ T:12:198 (ASM), AZ T:12:201 (ASM), AZ T:12:207 (ASM), AZ T:12:208 (ASM), and AZ T:12:211 (ASM) are contributors to the South Mountains TCP under Criterion A. At the request of FHWA and ADOT, GRIC CRMP prepared a draft Treatment Plan that presents measures to mitigate potential adverse affects of the South Mountain Freeway project on the South Mountains TCP, which GRIC THPO previously approved (Manuel [GRIC] to Hollis [FHWA], June 23, 2010).

## Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo

Villa Buena (AZ T:12:9 [ASM]) and Pueblo del Alamo (AZ T:12:52 [ASM]) are prehistoric villages for which Tribal consciousness and veneration exist to the present day in the form of active association and identification of these places with religious, historical, and ideological perpetuation of GRIC's community culture. As TCPs, therefore, it is the position of GRIC that in regard to eligibility, these sites cannot be subdivided or otherwise segregated into areas considered contributing or non-contributing to the overall significance of the historic property under NRHP criteria. Instead, these are historic properties in their entirety that are considered sacred.

Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo are specifically referred to in the Akimel O'odham creation story, which plays an important role in the on-going cultural traditions of the members of the GRIC. While many aspects of the creation story detail elements of traditional history, such histories also identify places and physical associations in the landscape of the GRIC and its sister tribes (the Four Southern Tribes), as well as other Native communities in southern Arizona, Mexico, and California. By virtue of their associations with regular cycles of universal renewal, places such as Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo are critical to O'odham and Pee Posh beliefs about cultural perpetuation and GRIC survival.

In consultation with the GRIC THPO, FHWA has determined that Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo are eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A as TCPs for their significant associations with the preservation and perpetuation of broad patterns of Akimel O'odham and Pee Posh history and culture. FHWA has also determined, through consultation with the GRIC

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THPO, SHPO, and other consulting parties, that Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo are eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion D as archaeological sites.

Both Pueblo del Alamo and Villa Buena have been subjected to considerable disturbance from agricultural activities, road construction, and modern construction, as well as bioturbation and erosion. In discussions with ADOT and FHWA, GRIC has expressed the belief that regardless of the current condition of the sites, and regardless of whether the portion of the site within the project area of potential effects (APE) retains physical integrity, these places are known to be sacred and still convey their significance under Criterion A through the perpetuation of the traditional O'odham song culture and traditional religious beliefs and practices. Accordingly, the integrity of those elements that contribute to the significance of these sites under Criterion A would remain, despite any potential impacts from project-related construction, and would not be adversely affected by the proposed undertaking.

At the request of FHWA and ADOT, GRIC CRMP has prepared a draft Treatment Plan that presents measures to mitigate potential adverse affects to the Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo TCPs, which is enclosed for your review.

#### AZ T:12:112 (ASM)

AZ T:12:112 (ASM) includes an active O'odham jiawul himdag shrine that is part of an archaeological site with prehistoric and historic features. The site is a traditional O'odham shrine with historic precedence used by contemporary Community members actively exercising their traditional religious and ceremonial practices and beliefs. The site and its use are part of a broad pattern of traditional religious and ceremonial practices and beliefs that define the cultural identity, continuity, and tradition of the Akimel O'odham. The site's placement on the landscape also has the potential to provide information on prehistoric networks and regional connectivity. FHWA has determined AZ T:12:112 (ASM) is eligible for inclusion on the NRHP under Criterion A as a TCP and under Criterion D as an archaeological site. In consultation with the GRIC THPO and CRMP, ADOT and FHWA have developed proposed freeway alternatives that would avoid the site; therefore, it would not be directly impacted by the project. Mitigation measures for any potential indirect impacts would be developed through continuing consultations with GRIC.

#### AZ T:12:198 (ASM)

AZ T:12:198 (ASM) is a petroglyph site that, in addition to being a contributor to the South Mountain TCP, is individually eligible as a TCP. The site includes seven panels of prehistoric and historic rock art. Rock art sites such as this continue to function for the GRIC as shrines or spiritual places and they are important in the perpetuation of GRIC's identity and culture. In consultation with the GRIC THPO, FHWA has determined AZ T:12:198 (ASM) is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A as a TCP and under Criterion D as an archaeological site. In consultation with the GRIC THPO and CRMP, ADOT and FHWA have developed proposed freeway alternatives that would avoid the site; therefore, it will not be directly impacted by the project. Mitigation measures for any potential indirect impacts would be developed through continuing consultations with GRIC.

Please review the information provided in this letter and enclosed materials. If you agree with FHWA's determination of NRHP eligibility for the TCPs, and the adequacy of the draft mitigation Treatment Plan, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at 602-712-8636 or at ldavis2@azdot.gov.

Sincerely yours.

Karla S. Petty

Signature for THPO Concurrence NH-202-D(ADY)

Enclosures

4

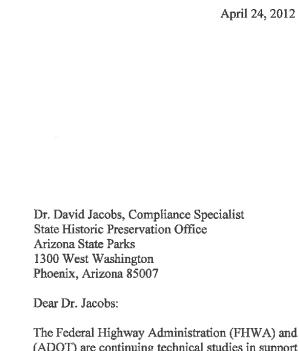
5

**Division Administrator** 

Date

The previous letter was also sent to"

Dr. David Jacobs, Compliance Officer, State Historic Preservation Office



U.S. Department of Transportation

Federal Highway Administration

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are continuing technical studies in support of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler to I-10 in west Phoenix. The project would be built entirely on new right-of-way (ROW). As this project is scheduled to employ federal funds, it is considered an undertaking subject to Section 106 review. Because alternatives are still under development, land ownership of the project area is varied.

ARIZONA DIVISION

Consulting parties for this project include FHWA, ADOT, the Arizona State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Arizona State Land Department, the Arizona State Museum, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the Bureau of Land Management, the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the Bureau of Reclamation, the Western Area Power Administration, the Salt River Project, the Maricopa County Department of Transportation, the Flood Control District of Maricopa County, the Roosevelt Irrigation District, the City of Avondale, the City of Chandler, the City of Glendale, the City of Phoenix, the City of Tolleson, the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Chemehuevi Tribe, the Cocopah Tribe, the Colorado River Indian Tribe, the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, the Fort Mojave Tribe, the Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribe, the Gila River Indian Community (GRIC), the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the Hualapai Tribe, the Kaibab-Paiute Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the Pascua Yaqui Tribe, the Pueblo of Zuni, the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, the San Carlos Apache Nation, the San Juan Southern Paiute, the

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SHRO-2003-1890(100976 RECEIVED<sup>In Reply Refer Tol (</sup> NH-202-D(ADY)

HOP-AZ

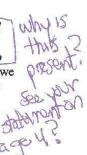
NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01C 202L, South Mountain Freeway, DCR and EIS Continuing Section 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural Properties Section 4(f) Determination

APR 25 2012 DJ ARIZOMA STATE PARSUS, H.P. Tohono O'odham Nation, the Tonto Apache Tribe, the White Mountain Apache Tribe, the Yavapai-Apache Nation, and the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe.

In accordance with the regulations implementing Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (36 CFR 800), which requires federal agencies to take into account the effects of their undertakings on historic properties, FHWA and ADOT have been carrying out cultural resource studies and engaging in an ongoing open dialog with GRIC's Tribal Historic Preservation Office (THPO) and Cultural Resource Management Program (CRMP) regarding the identification and evaluation of places of religious and cultural significance to the tribe, often referred to as traditional cultural properties (TCPs) as they may be affected by the South Mountain Freeway project. As a result of these discussions, the GRIC has identified five TCPs that are eligible for the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP), and could be affected by the construction of the South Mountain Freeway. These include the South Mountains (Muhadagi Doag), the prehistoric Hohokam villages of Villa Buena (AZ T:12:9 [ASM]) and Pueblo del Alamo (AZ T:12:52 [ASM]), a shrine site (AZ T:12:112 [ASM], and a petroglyph site (AZ T:12:198 [ASM]) that is also a contributing resource to the South Mountains TCP. In addition, GRIC has identified five other archaeological sites that contribute to the South Mountains TCP (AZ T:12:197 [ASM], AZ T:12:201 [ASM], AZ T:12:207 [ASM], AZ T:12:208 [ASM], and AZ T:12:211 [ASM]).

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Through on-going Section 106 consultations, primarily through a series of discussions and meetings, FHWA, ADOT, and GRIC have been developing options for mitigating adverse effects to the TCPs. As a result of these discussions, avoidance alternatives have been developed for two of the TCPs, the petroglyph site and shrine site. They will now be avoided by project alternatives: therefore, there will be no direct impacts to these sites. The South Mountains, Villa Buena, and Pueblo del Alamo TCPs cannot be avoided by project alternatives; therefore mitigation plans have been developed. The mitigation strategies are presented in Treatment Plans titled South Mountain Freeway (SR 202L) Traditional Uses and Cultural Significance of Muhadagi Doag (South Mountain) Evaluation of Traditional Property and Adverse Effects of Transportation Corridor Development Summary Scope of Work (Draft) (Darling 2008), and South Mountain Freeway (SR 202L) Traditional Uses and Cultural Significance of Traditional Cultural Properties and Mitigation of Transportation Corridor Development Adverse Effects, Addendum Planning for TCP Mitigation Villa Buena (AZ T:12:9 [ASM] and Pueblo del Alamo (AZ T:12:52 [ASM]) (Draft) (Darling 2012), which are enclosed for your review. In addition, we are enclosing the revised An Evaluation of Traditional Cultural Properties for the 202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS and L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona (Brodbeck 2012) for your review.



#### The South Mountains

The South Mountain range as a whole is considered a TCP. The range is an important element in the spiritual landscape of the Akimel O'odham and Pee Posh, as well as for some of the Colorado River Tribes. For the Akimel O'odham, South Mountains was one of the homes of the deity and creator, Elder Brother (Se'ehe) and several shrines in the range associated with his presence continue to be recognized and honored by the GRIC. Further, South Mountain served as a resource procurement area for upland plants and animals and was a focal point of prehistoric and historic rock art production.

FHWA has determined that the South Mountains is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criteria A and B as a TCP for its significant associations with the broad patterns of traditional cultural practices and beliefs of the Akimel O'odham, Pee Posh, and other tribes, and for the close association the mountain range has with the O'odham creator deity. The GRIC previously concurred with FHWA's eligibility determination (Rhodes [GRIC] to Hollis [FHWA], December 19, 2006). Furthermore, FHWA has determined that archaeological sites AZ T:12:197 (ASM), AZ T:12:198 (ASM), AZ T:12:201 (ASM), AZ T:12:207 (ASM), AZ T:12:208 (ASM), and AZ T:12:211 (ASM) are contributors to the South Mountains TCP under Criterion A. At the request of FHWA and ADOT, GRIC CRMP has prepared a draft Treatment Plan that presents measures to mitigate potential adverse affects of the South Mountain Freeway project on the South Mountains TCP, which is enclosed for your review.

#### Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo

Villa Buena (AZ T:12:9 [ASM]) and Pueblo del Alamo (AZ T:12:52 [ASM]) are prehistoric villages for which Tribal consciousness and veneration exist to the present day in the form of active association and identification of these places with religious, historical, and ideological perpetuation of GRIC's community culture. As TCPs, therefore, it is the position of GRIC that in regard to eligibility, these sites cannot be subdivided or otherwise segregated into areas considered contributing or non-contributing to the overall significance of the historic property under NRHP criteria. Instead, these are historic properties in their entirety that are considered sacred.

Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo are specifically referred to in the Akimel O'odham creation story, which plays an important role in the on-going cultural traditions of the members of the GRIC. While many aspects of the creation story detail elements of traditional history, such histories also identify places and physical associations in the landscape of the GRIC and its sister tribes (the Four Southern Tribes), as well as other Native communities in southern Arizona, Mexico, and California. By virtue of their associations with regular cycles of universal renewal, places such as Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo are critical to O'odham and Pee Posh beliefs about cultural perpetuation and GRIC survival.

In consultation with the GRIC THPO, FHWA has determined that Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo are eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A as TCPs for their significant associations with the preservation and perpetuation of broad patterns of Akimel O'odham and Pee Posh history and culture. FHWA has also determined, through consultation with the GRIC

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THPO, SHPO, and other consulting parties, that Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo are eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion D as archaeological sites.

Both Pueblo del Alamo and Villa Buena have been subjected to considerable disturbance from agricultural activities, road construction, and modern construction, as well as bioturbation and erosion. In discussions with ADOT and FHWA, GRIC has expressed the belief that regardless of the current condition of the sites, and regardless of whether the portion of the site within the project area of potential effects (APE) retains physical integrity, these places are known to be sacred and still convey their significance under Criterion A through the perpetuation of the traditional O'odham song culture and traditional religious beliefs and practices. Accordingly, the integrity of those elements that contribute to the significance of these sites under Criterion A would remain, despite any potential impacts from project-related construction, and would not be adversely affected by the proposed undertaking.

At the request of FHWA and ADOT, GRIC CRMP has prepared a draft Treatment Plan that presents measures to mitigate potential adverse affects to the Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo TCPs, which is enclosed for your review.

The TCPs that are the topic of this letter are also subject to regulations set forth in Section 4(f) of the Department of Transportation (DOT) Act of 1966, 49 U.S.C. 303, as amended. Section 4(f) stipulates that FHWA and other DOT agencies cannot approve more than a *de minimis* use of land from publicly owned parks, recreational areas, wildlife and waterfowl refuges, or public and private historic sites unless there is no feasible and prudent alternative to the use of that land, and that the proposed action includes all possible planning to minimize harm to the property resulting from such use.

Section 4(f) generally applies to the use of TCPs that are determined to be eligible for listing in the NRHP, with some exceptions. FHWA has determined that Section 4(f) applies to the proposed use of a portion of the South Mountain TCP and will address the requirements of Section 4(f) for the South Mountain TCP in a separate Section 4(f) evaluation to be published as part of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement under preparation for this project. The shrine site (AZ T:12:112) and the petroglyph site (AZ T:12:198) TCPs will not be addressed in the Section 4(f) evaluation because these sites would not be used by any project alternative under consideration.

FHWA believes that Section 4(f) does not apply to the proposed use of portions of the Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo TCPs for the South Mountain Freeway project alternatives because the impacted area is primarily archeological in nature and preservation in place is not warranted. The exception is detailed in 23 CFR 774.13 as follows: "The Administration has identified various exceptions to the requirement for Section 4(f) approval. These exceptions include, but are not limited to: (b) Archeological sites that are on or eligible for the National Register when: (1) The Administration concludes that the archeological resource is important chiefly because of what can be learned by data recovery and has minimal value for preservation in place. This exception applies both to situations where data recovery is undertaken and where the Administration decides, with agreement of the official(s) with jurisdiction, not to recover the resource; and (2) The official(s) with jurisdiction over the Section 4(f) resource have been

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consulted and have not objected to the Administration finding in paragraph (b)(1) of this section."

A number of meetings have taken place between FHWA, ADOT, GRIC CRMP, and GRIC THPO in which the nature of and the impacts to the Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo TCPs was discussed. Through these discussions the parties have come to the conclusion that modern development has already significantly altered the portions of these sites that would be impacted by the highway project. While the modern surface development does not diminish the association with traditional cultural practices of the GRIC for purposes of the consultation required by NHPA, for purposes of Section 4(f), the FHWA believes that the impacted area is important chiefly for what could be learned by data recovery of any subsurface features that may still be present. In addition, future archaeological investigations may contribute to their TCP status.

If you have no objection to FHWA's determination under Section 4(f) that the portions of the Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo TCPs that would be used by the project alternatives under consideration are chiefly important because of what can be learned by data recovery and have minimal value for preservation in place, then FHWA will apply the Section 4(f) exception described above to the use of these properties. This determination is for purposes of Section 4(f) only and would not have any impact on the Section 106 consultation that is underway and will continue.

#### AZ T:12:112 (ASM)

A

AZ T:12:112 (ASM) includes an active O'odham *jiawul himdag* shrine that is part of an archaeological site with prehistoric and historic features. The site is a traditional O'odham shrine with historic precedence used by contemporary Community members actively exercising their traditional religious and ceremonial practices and beliefs. The site and its use are part of a broad pattern of traditional religious and ceremonial practices and beliefs that define the cultural identity, continuity, and tradition of the Akimel O'odham. The site's placement on the landscape also has the potential to provide information on prehistoric networks and regional connectivity. FHWA has determined AZ T:12:112 (ASM) is eligible for inclusion on the NRHP under Criterion A as a TCP and under Criterion D as an archaeological site. In consultation with the GRIC THPO and CRMP, ADOT and FHWA have developed proposed freeway alternatives that would avoid the site; therefore, it would not be directly impacted by the project. Mitigation measures for any potential indirect impacts would be developed through continuing consultations with GRIC.

#### AZ T:12:198 (ASM)

AZ T:12:198 (ASM) is a petroglyph site that, in addition to being a contributor to the South Mountain TCP, is individually eligible as a TCP. The site includes seven panels of prehistoric and historic rock art. Rock art sites such as this continue to function for the GRIC as shrines or spiritual places and they are important in the perpetuation of GRIC's identity and culture. In consultation with the GRIC THPO, FHWA has determined AZ T:12:198 (ASM) is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A as a TCP and under Criterion D as an archaeological site. In consultation with the GRIC THPO and CRMP, ADOT and FHWA have developed

proposed freeway alternatives that would avoid the site; therefore, it will not be directly impacted by the project. Mitigation measures for any potential indirect impacts would be developed through continuing consultations with GRIC.

Please review the information provided in this letter and enclosed materials. If you agree with FHWA's determination of NRHP eligibility for the TCPs, the adequacy of the draft mitigation Treatment Plans, and do not object to the Section 4(f) determinations described above, please indicate your agreement by signing below. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at 602-712-8636 or at Idavis2@azdot.gov.

Sincerely yours,

02-382-8970 Karla S. Petty

**Division Administrator** 

MAY 18 2012

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15 may 12

Signature for SHPO Concurrence NH-202-D(ADY)

Enclosures

CC: Linde Davis, ADOT See page 20 (2012) append to not be One of the downearts sourt over (i.e., Darling 2012) append to not be releasent to section 106—that addendum plan does not address potential advorse affects under Criterion D (see page 30 addendum itself), and advorse affects under Criterion D (see page 30 addendum itself), and page 4 of this cover letter claims the integrity under Criterion A word remain?



TRIBAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE

July 3, 2012

Karla S. Petty, Division Administrator U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration, Arizona Division 4000 North Central Avenue, Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500

RE: NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No. 202L MA 054 H5764 01C 202L, South Mountain Properties Section 4(f) Determination

Dear Ms. Petty.

The Gila River Indian Community Tribal Historic Preservation Office (GRIC-THPO) has received two documents for review from the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA): 1) An Evaluation of Traditional Cultural Properties for the 202L, South Mountain Transportation Corridor EIS & L/DCR Project, Maricopa County, Arizona Submittal Number 6; and 2) Draft South Mountain Freeway (SR 202L) Traditional Uses and Cultural Significance of Traditional Cultural Properties and Mitigation of Transportation Corridor Development Adverse Effects Addendum Planning for TCP Mitigation Villa Buena (AZT:12:9[ASM]), Pueblo Del Alamo (AZ T:12:53[ASM]). The report reevaluates the National Register eligibility status cultural resources recorded within the 202L during numerous and previous archaeological surveys of the 202 Loop Project Corridor. At issue was the unacceptable, piecemeal evaluation procedures HDR Engineering, Inc. used to evaluate Akimel O'Odham and Pee Posh Traditional Cultural Properties (TCP). The GRIC-THPO maintained that Akimel O'Odham and Pee Posh TCP's were Register eligible properties under Criterion A and Criterion D (as archaeological sites). It now appears that the GRIC-THPO, the FHWA, and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) have come to a reasonable, sensible agreement concerning the proper Register eligibility evaluations for the cultural resources considered TCP's in the 202 Loop Project Corridor.

Muhadagi Doag (South Mountain) as a whole is now considered by the FHWA to be a TCP, eligible for inclusion on the National Register under Criteria A and B. The South Mountain has significant associations with broad patterns of traditional cultural practices and beliefs of the Akimel O'Odham and Pee Posh.

# GILA RIVER INDIAN COMMUNITY

POST OFFICE BOX 2140, SACATON, AZ 85147

(520) 562-7162 Fax: (520) 562-5083

Freeway, DCR and EIS Continuing 106 Consultation Traditional Cultural

Villa Buena (AZ T:12:9[ASM]) is a large prehistoric village named and identified in the Akimel O'Odham creation story. The FHWA acknowledges that O'Odham consciousness and veneration exist today for this site in the form of active association and identification of this place as a religious, historical, and ideological perpetuation of the GRIC's community culture. The FHWA has determined that Villa Buena is a Register eligible TCP under Criterion A and as a Register eligible archaeological site under Criterion D.

Pueblo del Alamo (AZ T:12:52[ASM]) is a large prehistoric village named and identified in the Akimel O'Odham creation story. The FHWA acknowledges that O'Odham consciousness and veneration exist today for this site through the form of active association and identification of this place as a religious, historical, and ideological perpetuation of the GRIC's community culture. The FHWA has determined that Pueblo del Alamo is a Register eligible TCP under Criterion A and as a Register eligible archaeological site under Criterion D.

*Jiavul Himdag* (AZ T:12:112[ASM]) is an O'Odham shrine which is also part of an archaeological site with prehistoric and historic components. The shrine has historic precedence and is still visited by Community members participating in the traditional O'Odham religion. *Jiavul Himdag* is considered a TCP which is Register eligible under Criterion A and a significant archaeological site under Criterion D.

Site AZ T:12:198(ASM) is a petroglyph panel considered to be a contributing TCP element of *Muhadagi Doag* (South Mountain). In its own right, AZ T:12:198(ASM) represents a petroglyph site which continues to function as a GRIC shrine and spiritual place important to the perpetuation of GRIC's identity and culture. AZ T:12:198(ASM) is considered a Register eligible TCP under Criterion A and a significant archaeological site under Criterion D.

Review the TCP mitigation plan prepared by the GRIC-Cultural Resource Management Plan indicates the Adverse Effects of the FHWA undertaking would be: 1) The loss of physical and spiritual connections through the alteration of the cultural landscape; 2) Loss of Social Memory expressed by GRIC culture, creation stories traditional religious activities at sites, native language, song traditions and shared traditional knowledge; and 3) Direct physical impacts to TCPS which could affect the GRIC through the loss of knowledge vested in these properties. Mitigative efforts would: 1) Allow Traditional religious activities at Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo prior to the initiation of construction activities which would address the spiritual needs of the ancestors and living community members preparing them for the impacts to the cultural landscape resulting from the undertaking; 2) Presentations, exhibits and outreach to the GRIC before, during, and after freeway development explaining efforts being made to recognize and alleviate adverse effects to GRIC tradition; 3) Tribal consultation will be on-going and not cease once the environmental and clearance processes are completed. A consultation plan will identify all Tribes with a vested interest in Villa Buena and Pueblo del Alamo and the consultation will be conducted before, during, and after freeway development; and 4) The protection of equivalent site and sacred landscapes will be a priority. The development

2 ADOT 202 Loop EIS and TCP Mitigation

of Management Plan(s) to protect sites from adverse effects in the future with the mitigative goal being site preservation and cultural perpetuation all integrating Tribal/Community involvement. Furthermore the mitigation plan offers Programmatic Solutions which include: 1) Support of sustainable program in Education and Language Preservation including O'Odham and Pee Posh Song Culture; 2) Coordination of sustainable programs through existing GRIC tribal centers of heritage preservation specially the GRIC Huhugum Heritage Center (HHC); 3) Use of the GRIC repository at the HHC for housing all collections, data and information recovered from the mitigation efforts associated with the TCPs; and 4) Organization of exhibits and educational initiatives that result from freeway development.

The GRIC-THPO concurs with all the determinations of Register eligibility for the TCP's and archaeological sites. The GRIC-THPO also accepts the mitigation Treatment Plan and all recommendations put forth in the document. The rewriting of the TCP report has greatly improved the document and we thank you for considering our suggestions for change. The mitigation Treatment Plan has put forth a thoughtful, unique way to mitigate the adverse effects of this undertaking. It too is well written. The GRIC-THPO appreciates the FHWA and ADOT for acknowledging and accepting the GRIC worldview.

The GRIC maintains and reinforces the cultural significance of South Mountain to the Four Southern Tribes (Gila River Indian Community; Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community; Ak-Chin Indian Community and the Tohono O'Odham Nation) together with the Pee Posh (Maricopa). O'Odham oral history and religion defines our life and relationship to the natural world and the cultural landscape. Akimel O'Odham and Pee Posh oral histories, religion, creation stories, ceremonial activities and practices, and the concepts of power and sacred places are inseparably tied to every part of the natural environment. Sacred places and Traditional Cultural Places (TCPs) must be treated with reverence and respect.

The GRIC-THPO looks forward to continuing consultation regarding the proposed 202 Loop. If you have any questions please do not hesitate to contact me or Archaeological Compliance Specialist Larry Benallie, Jr. at 520-562-7162.

Respectfully,

Barnaby V. Lewis Tribal Historic Preservation Officer Gila River Indian Community

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ADOT 202 Loop EIS and TCP Mitigation

U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

#### ARIZONA DIVISION

Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 (602) 379-3646 Fax: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

4000 North Central Avenue

July 11, 2012

In Reply Refer To: NH-202-D(ADY) HOP-AZ

NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No.: 202L MA 54 H5764 01L 202L. South Mountain Freeway DCR and EIS Continuing Section 106 Consultation Reassessment of Dobbins Road Historic Properties

Dr. David Jacobs, Compliance Specialist State Historic Preservation Office Arizona State Parks 1300 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Dear Dr. Jacobs:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the environmental impact statement (EIS) for the 202L. South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler to I-10 in west Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

This project has been the subject of extensive prior consultation (SHPO-2003-1890). Recently four historic rural properties along Dobbins Road and 59th Avenue in Laveen were reevaluated by AZTEC Engineering Group, Inc. The results of the reevaluation are presented in South Mountain Transportation Corridor Study: Evaluation of Four Historic Buildings and Districts, Maricopa County, Arizona (Solliday 2012), a copy of which is enclosed for your review and comment.

Consulting parties for this reevaluation include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the City of Phoenix-Historic Preservation Office (COP-HPO), the City of Phoenix-Pueblo Grande Museum (COP-PGM), and Salt River Project (SRP).

The four historic properties near the Dobbins Road/59th Avenue intersection that were reevaluated include.

1) Hudson Farm, 9300 South 59th Avenue

- 2) Hackin Farmstead/Dairy, 10048 South 59th Avenue
- 3) Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy, 6159 West Dobbins Road

#### 4) Dobbins Road Streetscape, 6100 block of West Dobbins Road

#### Hudson Farm

The Hudson Farm, a historic district, was previously determined to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under criterion A. The boundaries of the district encompassed nearly 40 acres. Reassessment of the farm and historic farming in the Laveen area determined that the boundaries should encompass nearly 80 acres rather than 40. From the earliest times, the family farms in this area included two quarter-quarter sections, both before the Western Canal irrigated Laveen, and after construction of the canal and the establishment of 40-acre farm units. The original 80-acre farm remains intact, minus rights-of-way for roads and irrigation features.

The cement stave silos at the farm were previously determined to be individually eligible for listing under criterion C. The reassessment agrees with this earlier determination.

### Hackin Farmstead/Dairy

As a district, the Hackin Farmstead/Dairy was previously determined ineligible for listing on the NRHP. However, the dairy barn on the property was found eligible under criterion C. No changes are recommended for these previous determinations.

#### Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy

As a district, the Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy was previously determined ineligible for listing on the NRHP. However, the dairy barn on the property was found eligible under criterion C. No changes are recommended for these previous determinations.

#### **Dobbins Road Streetscape**

The Dobbins Road Streetscape District was previously determined eligible for listing on the NRHP under criteria A and D. The reevaluation has found that the district is ineligible. There are several characteristics of the Dobbins Road Streetscape that impact the integrity of the resource as a rural agricultural streetscape. Historic rural landscapes often include miles of roadway and surrounding agricultural properties. The 325 feet of roadway along Dobbins Road is of inadequate length to truly convey the rural agricultural character that once dominated this area. In addition, there are modern intrusions easily visible from the streetscape. At the west end there is a prominent 1977 house on the north side of the road and a mobile home on the south side of the road that was moved onto the site about 1970. A recently constructed subdivision of two-story houses is located just over a guarter-mile east of the streetscape, and is clearly visible from within the streetscape boundaries. Additionally, many components of the historic streetscape have lost their historic character, as detailed in the enclosed report. Therefore, FHWA recommends that this district is ineligible for listing on the NRHP.

Following is a summary of the reevaluation:

Inventory No.	Tax Parcel No.	Property Name and Address	Date	Primary Criterion
Eligible Historia	Districts			
1	300 02 038 300 02 037A	Hudson Farm 9300 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	ca. 1926	А
Individually Eli	gible Historic Bu	ildings		
1.03	300 02 038	Hudson Farm - Cement Stave Silos 9300 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	1949	С
2.03	300 02 033	Hackin Farmstead/Dairy – Dairy Flat Barn 10048 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	1952	С
3.02	300 02 041	Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy – Dairy Head-to-Toe Barn 6159 W. Dobbins Road	1951	с
Ineligible Histor	ric Districts			
2	300 02 033	Hackin Farmstead/Dairy 10048 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	1930	N/A
3	300 02 041	Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy 6159 W. Dobbins Road	1930	N/A
4	300 02 041, 300 02 021J	Dobbins Streetscape 6100 Block W. Dobbins Road	1930	N/A

Please review the information provided in this letter, the attached project location map, and enclosed report. If you find the report adequate and agree with FHWA's revised recommendation of eligibility, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at (602) 712-8636 or e-mail LDavis2@azdot.gov.

Sincerely yours,

Karla S. Petty **Division** Administrator

Signature for SHPO Concurrence NH-202-D(ADY) Date

Enclosures

This letter was also sent to:

Mr. Steve Ross, Achaeologist, Arizona State Land Department
Mr. Dave Gifford, Archaeologist, Bureau of Reclamation
Ms. Cheryl Blanchard, Archaeologist, Bureau of Land Management
Ms. Laurene Montero, Archaeologist, City of Phoenix
Ms. Michelle Dodds, Historic Preservation Office, City of Phoenix
Mr. Richard Anduze, Archaeologist, Salt River Project

US Department of Transportation Federal Highway	ARIZONA DIVISION	4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3600 (602) 379-3646 Fax: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm	4) Dobbins Road Streetscape, 6100 block of V
Administration 2	July 11, 2012	<u>nitp.//www.niwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.ntm</u>	Hudson Farm
l ⊫ Envi	CEIVED JUL 1 2 2012 Martin Compliance	In Reply Refer To: NH-202-D(ADY) HOP-AZ NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No.: 2021. MA 54 H5764 01L 02L. South Mountain Freeway DCR and EIS Continuing Section 106 Consultation Reassessment of Historic Properties	The Hudson Farm, a historic district, was previo Register of Historic Places (NRIIP) under criteri 40 acres. Reassessment of the farm and historic boundaries should encompass nearly 80 acres rat this area included two quarter-quarter sections, b construction of the canal and the establishment of intact, minus rights-of-way for roads and irrigation The cement stave silos at the farm were previous criterion C. The reassessment agrees with this ea
Mr. Richard Anduze		×	Hackin Farmstead/Dairy
Salt River Project PO Box 52025, Mail Sta P/ Phoenix, Arizona 85072-20 Dear Mr. Anduze:			As a district, the Hackin Farmstead/Dairy wa NRHP. However, the dairy barn on the prope changes are recommended for these previous
The Federal Highway Adm	nistration (FIIWA) and the Arizona D	Department of Transportation (ADOT)	Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Da
South Mountain Freeway, E alignments for the proposed South Mountain from Inters	South Mountain Freeway, which wou	t project. The EIS addresses alternative ald extend around the south side of 0 in west Phoenix. As this project would	As a district, the Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy NRHP. However, the dairy barn on the property recommended for these previous determinations.
This project has been the su	bject of extensive prior consultation (S	SHPO-2003-1890). Recently four	Dobbins Road Streetscape
Engineering Group, Inc. The Corridor Study: Evaluation	g Dobbins Road and 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue in I e results of the reevaluation are presen of Four Ilistoric Buildings and Distri- hich is enclosed for your review and a	tted in South Mountain Transportation cts, Maricopa County, Arizona	The Dobbins Road Streetscape District was previ criteria A and D. The reevaluation has found that of the Dobbins Road Streetscape that impact the streetscape. Historic rural landscapes often include
(SHPO), the Bureau of Reel State Land Department (AS	evaluation include FHWA, ADOT, th amation (Reclamation), the Bureau of "D), the City of Phoenix-Historic Pres Auseum (COP-PGM), and Salt River	Land Management (BLM), the Arizona servation Office (COP-HPO), the City	properties. The 325 fect of roadway along Dobbin agricultural character that once dominated this and from the streetscape. At the west end there is a pr mobile home on the south side of the road that was constructed subdivision of two-story houses is low
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2) Hackin Farmstead/Dairy	, 10048 South 59th Avenue		
3) Tyson Farmstead/Barnes	Dairy, 6159 West Dobbins Road		

t Dobbins Road

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	Tax Parcel	4	1- 10- 1	Primary
Inventory No.	No.	Property Name and Address	Date	Criterio
Eligible Historia				
1	300 02 038	Hudson Farm	ca. 1926	A
	300 02 037A	9300 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	ca. 1920	
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2.03	300 02 033	Hackin Farmstead/Dairy – Dairy Flat Barn	1952	С
		10048 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue		
		Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy – Dairy		
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4	300 02 041, 300 02 021J	Dobbins Streetscape 6100 Block W. Dobbins Road	1930	N/A

Please review the information provided in this letter, the attached project location map, and enclosed report. If you find the report adequate and agree with FHWA's revised recommendation of eligibility, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at (602) 712-8636 or e-mail LDavis2@azdot.gov.

Sincerely yours,

Karla S. Petty Division Administrator

13 July 2012 Date

Ruchardal Signature for SRP Concurrenced

NH-202-D(ADY)

Enclosures

SALPE- 2003-01890 C ARIZONA DIVISIO

U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

July 11, 20

Dr. David Jacobs, Compliance Specialist State Historic Preservation Office Arizona State Parks 1300 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Dear Dr. Jacobs:

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The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the are conducting technical studies in support of the enviro South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Conc alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chance employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertail

This project has been the subject of extensive prior comhistoric rural properties along Dobbins Road and 59<sup>th</sup> A Engineering Group, Inc. The results of the reevaluation *Corridor Study: Evaluation of Four Historic Buildings* (Solliday 2012), a copy of which is enclosed for your re-

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The four historic properties near the Dobbins Road/59<sup>6</sup> include:

1) Hudson Farm, 9300 South 59th Avenue

2) Hackin Farmstead/Dairy, 10048 South 59th Av

3) Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy, 6159 West Do

(106135) 4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500
Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 (602) 379-3646
Fąx: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm
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In Reply Refer To:
NH-202-D(ADY) HOP-AZ
NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No.: 202L MA 54 H5764 01L 202L. South Mountain Freeway DCR and EIS Continuing Section 106 Consultation Reassessment of Dobbins Road Historic Properties QIG th (117)
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4) Dobbins Road Streetscape, 6100 block of West Dobbins Road

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The cement stave silos at the farm were previously determined to be individually eligible for listing under criterion C. The reassessment agrees with this earlier determination.

### Hackin Farmstead/Dairy

As a district, the Hackin Farmstead/Dairy was previously determined ineligible for listing on the NRHP. However, the dairy barn on the property was found eligible under criterion C. No changes are recommended for these previous determinations.

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The Dobbins Road Streetscape District was previously determined eligible for listing on the NRHP under criteria A and D. The reevaluation has found that the district is ineligible. There are several characteristics of the Dobbins Road Streetscape that impact the integrity of the resource as a rural agricultural streetscape. Historic rural landscapes often include miles of roadway and surrounding agricultural properties. The 325 feet of roadway along Dobbins Road is of inadequate length to truly convey the rural agricultural character that once dominated this area. In addition, there are modern intrusions easily visible from the streetscape. At the west end there is a prominent 1977 house on the north side of the road and a mobile home on the south side of the road that was moved onto the site about 1970. A recently constructed subdivision of two-story houses is located just over a quarter-mile east of the streetscape, and is clearly visible from within the streetscape boundaries. Additionally, many components of the historic streetscape have lost their historic character, as detailed in the enclosed report. Therefore, FHWA recommends that this district is ineligible for listing on the NRHP.

Following is a summary of the reevaluation:

Inventory No.	Tax Parcel No.	Property Name and Address	Date	Primary Criterion
Eligible Historic	Districts			w <del>,</del>
1	300 02 038 300 02 037A	Hudson Farm 9300 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	ca. 1926	A
Individually Eli	gible Historic Bu	ildings		· · · ·
1.03	300 02 038	Hudson Farm - Cement Stave Silos 9300 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	1949	С
2.03	300 02 033	Hackin Farmstead/Dairy – Dairy Flat Barn 10048 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	1952	с
3.02	300 02 041	Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy – Dairy Head-to-Toe Barn 6159 W. Dobbins Road	1951	С
Ineligible Histo	ric Districts			
2	300 02 033	Hackin Farmstead/Dairy 10048 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	1930	N/A
3	300 02 041	Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy 6159 W. Dobbins Road	1930	N/A
4	300 02 041, 300 02 021J	Dobbins Streetscape 6100 Block W. Dobbins Road	1930	N/A

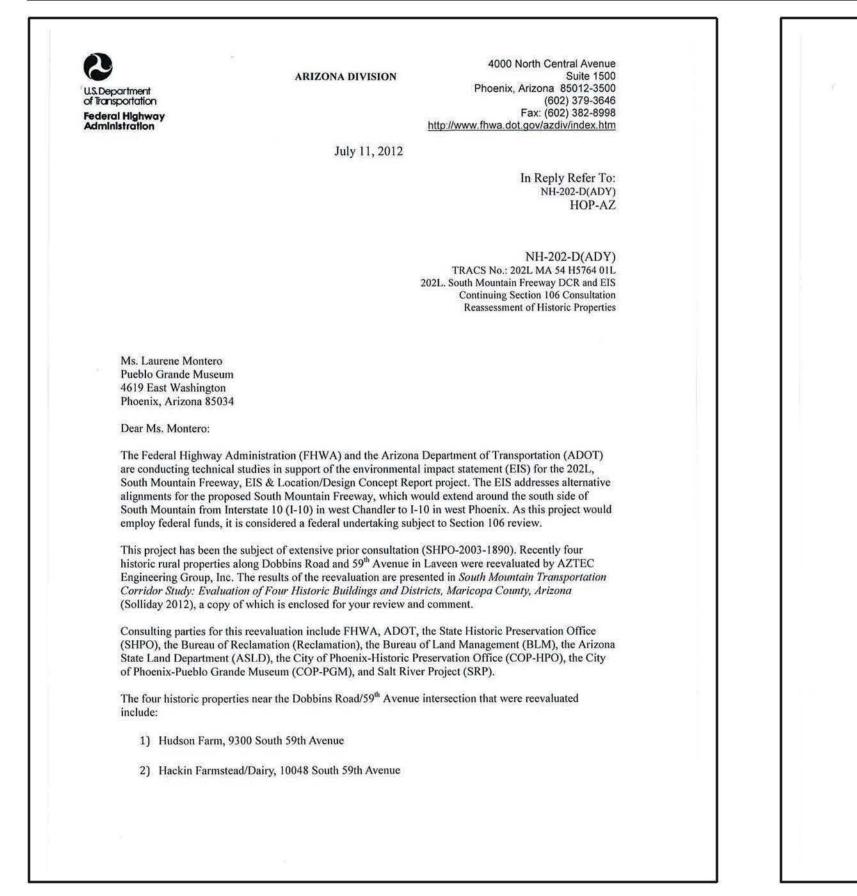
Please review the information provided in this letter, the attached project location map, and enclosed report. If you find the report adequate and agree with FHWA's revised recommendation of eligibility, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at (602) 712-8636 or e-mail LDavis2@azdot.gov.

Signature for SHPO Concurrence NH-202-D(ADY)

Enclosures

Sincerely yours.

Karla S. Petty Division Administrator



3) Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy, 6159 West Dobbins Road

4) Dobbins Road Streetscape, 6100 block of West Dobbins Road

#### Hudson Farm

The Hudson Farm, a historic district, was previously determined to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under criterion A. The boundaries of the district encompassed nearly 40 acres. Reassessment of the farm and historic farming in the Laveen area determined that the boundaries should encompass nearly 80 acres rather than 40. From the earliest times, the family farms in this area included two quarter-quarter sections, both before the Western Canal irrigated Laveen, and after construction of the canal and the establishment of 40-acre farm units. The original 80-acre farm remains intact, minus rights-of-way for roads and irrigation features.

The cement stave silos at the farm were previously determined to be individually eligible for listing under criterion C. The reassessment agrees with this earlier determination.

### Hackin Farmstead/Dairy

As a district, the Hackin Farmstead/Dairy was previously determined ineligible for listing on the NRHP. However, the dairy barn on the property was found eligible under criterion C. No changes are recommended for these previous determinations.

## **Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy**

As a district, the Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy was previously determined ineligible for listing on the NRHP. However, the dairy barn on the property was found eligible under criterion C. No changes are recommended for these previous determinations.

#### **Dobbins Road Streetscape**

The Dobbins Road Streetscape District was previously determined eligible for listing on the NRHP under criteria A and D. The reevaluation has found that the district is ineligible. There are several characteristics of the Dobbins Road Streetscape that impact the integrity of the resource as a rural agricultural streetscape. Historic rural landscapes often include miles of roadway and surrounding agricultural properties. The 325 feet of roadway along Dobbins Road is of inadequate length to truly convey the rural agricultural character that once dominated this area. In addition, there are modern intrusions easily visible from the streetscape. At the west end there is a prominent 1977 house on the north side of the road and a mobile home on the south side of the road that was moved onto the site about 1970. A recently constructed subdivision of two-story houses is located just over a quarter-mile east of the streetscape, and is clearly visible from within the streetscape boundaries. Additionally, many components of the historic streetscape have lost their historic character, as detailed in the enclosed report. Therefore, FHWA recommends that this district is ineligible for listing on the NRHP.

#### Following is a summary of the reevaluation:

Inventory No.	Tax Parcel No.	Property Name and Address	Date	Primary Criterion
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Eligible Hi	storic Districts			
1	300 02 038 300 02 037A	Hudson Farm 9300 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	ca. 1926	A
Individual	ly Eligible Historic Bu	uildings		
1.03	300 02 038	Hudson Farm - Cement Stave Silos 9300 S. 59th Avenue	1949	С
2.03	300 02 033	Hackin Farmstead/Dairy – Dairy Flat Barn 10048 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	1952	с
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Ineligible I	Historic Districts			
2	300 02 033	Hackin Farmstead/Dairy 10048 S. 59 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	1930	N/A
3	300 02 041	Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy 6159 W. Dobbins Road	1930	N/A
4	300 02 041, 300 02 021J	Dobbins Streetscape 6100 Block W. Dobbins Road	1930	N/A

Please review the information provided in this letter, the attached project location map, and enclosed report. If you find the report adequate and agree with FHWA's revised recommendation of eligibility, please indicate your concurrence by signing below. If you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact Linda Davis at (602) 712-8636 or e-mail LDavis2@azdot.gov.

Sincerely yours,

Karla S. Petty **Division Administrator** 

nature for COP-PGM Concurrence NH-202-D(ADY)

Enclosures

U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

ARIZONA DIVISION

Ms. Michelle Dodds CLG Contact, Historic Preservation Office 200 West Washington, 3rd Floor Phoenix, Arizona 85003

Dear Ms. Dodds:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are conducting technical studies in support of the environmental impact statement (EIS) for the 202L, South Mountain Freeway, EIS & Location/Design Concept Report project. The EIS addresses alternative alignments for the proposed South Mountain Freeway, which would extend around the south side of South Mountain from Interstate 10 (I-10) in west Chandler to I-10 in west Phoenix. As this project would employ federal funds, it is considered a federal undertaking subject to Section 106 review.

This project has been the subject of extensive prior consultation (SHPO-2003-1890). Recently four historic rural properties along Dobbins Road and 59th Avenue in Laveen were reevaluated by AZTEC Engineering Group, Inc. The results of the reevaluation are presented in South Mountain Transportation Corridor Study: Evaluation of Four Historic Buildings and Districts, Maricopa County, Arizona (Solliday 2012), a copy of which is enclosed for your review and comment.

Consulting parties for this reevaluation include FHWA, ADOT, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), the City of Phoenix-Historic Preservation Office (COP-HPO), the City of Phoenix-Pueblo Grande Museum (COP-PGM), and Salt River Project (SRP).

The four historic properties near the Dobbins Road/59th Avenue intersection that were reevaluated include:

- 1) Hudson Farm, 9300 South 59th Avenue
- 2) Hackin Farmstead/Dairy, 10048 South 59th Avenue
- 3) Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy, 6159 West Dobbins Road
- 4) Dobbins Road Streetscape, 6100 block of West Dobbins Road

Appendix 2-1 • **A397** 

4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 (602) 379-3646 Fax: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

July 11, 2012

In Reply Refer To: NH-202-D(ADY) HOP-AZ

NH-202-D(ADY) TRACS No.: 202L MA 54 H5764 01L 202L. South Mountain Freeway DCR and EIS Continuing Section 106 Consultation Reassessment of Historic Properties

### **Hudson Farm**

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## **Tyson Farmstead/Barnes Dairy**

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#### **Dobbins Road Streetscape**

The Dobbins Road Streetscape District was previously determined eligible for listing on the NRHP under criteria A and D. The reevaluation has found that the district is ineligible. There are several characteristics of the Dobbins Road Streetscape that impact the integrity of the resource as a rural agricultural streetscape. Historic rural landscapes often include miles of roadway and surrounding agricultural properties. The 325 feet of roadway along Dobbins Road is of inadequate length to truly convey the rural agricultural character that once dominated this area. In addition, there are modern intrusions easily visible from the streetscape. At the west end there is a prominent 1977 house on the north side of the road and a mobile home on the south side of the road that was moved onto the site about 1970. A recently constructed subdivision of two-story houses is located just over a quarter-mile east of the streetscape, and is clearly visible from within the streetscape boundaries. Additionally, many components of the historic streetscape have lost their historic character, as detailed in the enclosed report. Therefore, FHWA recommends that this district is ineligible for listing on the NRHP.

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Signature for City of Phoenix, Historic Preservation Office Concurrence NH-202-D(ADY) Kevin Weight, Planner III

Enclosures

Jodey Elsner, Historian, COP Historic Preservation Office 200 W. Washington Street, 3rd floor Phoenix, Ariz 85003 (with enclosures)

2

Sincerely yours,

JUL 80 2012

Karla S. Petty **Division** Administrator

7/18/12