

#### **METRIC GUIDE**

The following information is provided as a guide for utilizing the International System of Units (SI), generally referenced as "metric units". Related information can be found in AASHTO R1 "Metric Practice Guide", and ASTM E380, "Use of the International System of Units (SI)(The Modernized Metric System)".

Included herein are commonly used equivalents and conversions for U.S. Customary Units and Metric Units. It is not the intention of this guide to provide a detailed compilation of such equivalents and conversions. Such lists are available in many publications, including those referenced above.

One common conversion, which is found in many test procedures, is to determine an equivalent temperature in units of either degrees Celsius or degrees Fahrenheit.

Convert degrees Fahrenheit to degrees Celsius by:

$$^{\circ}C = \frac{5}{9} \times (^{\circ}F - 32)$$

Convert degrees Celsius to degrees Fahrenheit by:

$$^{\circ}\mathsf{F} = \left[\frac{9}{5} \times ^{\circ}\mathsf{C}\right] + 32$$

Under the SI (Metric) system, the base unit for mass is the "kilogram". (Although not technically correct, "weight" is often used in common practice to mean "mass".) The base unit for length is the "meter". The base unit for time is the "second". Primary metric units for area and volume are the "square meter" and the "cubic meter", respectively.

In addition to expressing values in the base or primary metric units, other associated metric units are identified and determined by varying the magnitude of the base metric unit by powers of 10. Metric values are commonly shown in scientific notation form, (for example,  $1 \times 10^4 = 10,000$ ;  $1 \times 10^{-4} = 0.0001$ ).

Table 1 below gives a listing of prefixes used in the metric system, with their associated powers of ten, and their symbol.

	TABLE 1	
<u>Prefix</u>	Power of ten	<u>Symbol</u>
*deci	10 <sup>-1</sup>	d
*centi	10 <sup>-2</sup>	С
milli	10 <sup>-3</sup>	m
micro	<b>10</b> <sup>-6</sup>	μ
nano	<b>10</b> <sup>-9</sup>	n
pico	10 <sup>-12</sup>	р
femto	10 <sup>-15</sup>	f
atto	10 <sup>-18</sup>	а
*deka	10 <sup>1</sup>	da
*hecto	10 <sup>2</sup>	h
kilo	10 <sup>3</sup>	k
mega	10 <sup>6</sup>	M
giga	10 <sup>9</sup>	G
tera	10 <sup>12</sup>	Т
peta	10 <sup>15</sup>	Р
exa	10 <sup>18</sup>	E

<sup>\*</sup> Use is to be avoided where practical. When expressing a quantity by a numerical value and a unit, a prefix should preferably be chosen so that the numerical value lies between 0.1 and 1000. In expressing area and volume, the prefixes hecto, deka, deci, and centi may be required, for example, square hectometer, cubic centimeter.

Table 2 below gives the symbols commonly used for various metric units.

## TABLE 2

kg = kilogram

g = gram

mg = milligram

m = meter

km = kilometer

cm = centimeter

mm = millimeter

 $\mu m = micrometer (micron)$ 

s = second

m<sup>2</sup> = square meter

cm<sup>2</sup> = square centimeter

mm<sup>2</sup> = square millimeter

 $m^3$  = cubic meter

cm<sup>3</sup> or cc = cubic centimeter

mm<sup>3</sup> = cubic millimeter

L = liter

mL = milliliter

Pa = pascal

N = newton

kPa = kilopascal

MPa = megapascal

Table 3 below includes common conversions from the base and primary metric units (kilogram, meter, square meter, and cubic meter) to other associated metric units. Also listed are some common derived metric units.

## TABLE 3

```
1 gram = 0.001 kilogram
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1 milligram =  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  kilogram

1 milligram = 0.001 gram

1 kilogram = 1000 grams

1 metric ton = 1000 kilograms

1 kilometer = 1000 meters

1 centimeter = 0.01 meter

1 millimeter = 0.001 meter

1 micron (micrometer) =  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  meter

1 square kilometer = 1 x 10<sup>6</sup> square meters

1 square centimeter = 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup> square meter

1 square millimeter = 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> square meter

1 cubic centimeter = 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> cubic meter

1 cubic millimeter = 1 x 10<sup>-9</sup> cubic meter

1 liter = 0.001 cubic meter

1 milliliter = 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> cubic meter

1 milliliter = 1 cubic centimeter

1 newton =  $1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2$ 

1 pascal =  $1 \text{ N/m}^2$ 

1 kilopascal = 1000 pascals

1 megapascal =  $1 \times 10^6$  pascals

1 poise (absolute viscosity) = 0.10 Pa·s

1 centistoke (kinematic viscosity) =  $1 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$  or  $1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$ 

Some common U.S Customary units, with their corresponding base and primary metric unit equivalents, are given below in Table 4.

## TABLE 4

- 1 pound (avoirdupois) = 0.453 5924 kilogram
- 1 ton (2000 lbs.) = 907.1847 kilograms
- \* 1 inch = 0.0254 meter
- \* 1 foot = 0.3048 meter
- \* 1 yard = 0.9144 meter
- \* 1 mile (5280 feet) = 1609.344 meters
- \* 1 square inch =  $6.4516 \times 10^{-4}$  square meter
- \* 1 square foot = 0.092 903 04 square meter
  - 1 square yard = 0.836 1274 square meter
  - 1 cubic inch =  $1.638706 \times 10^{-5}$  cubic meter
  - 1 cubic foot = 0.028 316 85 cubic meter
  - 1 cubic yard = 0.764 5549 cubic meter
  - 1 pint (U.S. liquid) =  $4.731765 \times 10^{-4}$  cubic meter
  - 1 quart (U.S. liquid) =  $9.463529 \times 10^{-4}$  cubic meter
  - 1 gallon (U.S. liquid) = 0.003 785 412 cubic meter

(Exact equivalents are noted with an asterisk.)

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Table 5 below lists commonly used conversions for U.S. Customary Units and metric units. Values are shown to the degree of accuracy which generally may be used to achieve satisfactory results. If more accuracy is desired, the values may be derived by using Tables 3 and 4.

#### TABLE 5

```
1 kilogram = 2.205 pounds
```

- 1 pound = 453.6 grams
- 1 ounce (avoirdupois) = 28.35 grams
- 1 ton (2000 lbs) = 0.9072 metric ton
- 1 meter = 39.37 inches or 3.281 feet
- 1 kilometer = 0.62 miles
- \* 1 mil = 0.0254 millimeters or 25.4 micrometers
- \* 1 inch = 2.54 centimeters or 25.4 millimeters
- \* 1 foot = 0.3048 meters
- \* 1 yard = 0.9144 meters
  - 1 mile = 1.61 kilometers
  - 1 square inch =  $6.452 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ or } 645.16 \text{ mm}^2$
  - 1 square foot = 0.0929 square meters
  - 1 square yard = 0.836 square meters
  - 1 cubic inch = 16.39 cm<sup>3</sup> or 16386 mm<sup>3</sup>
  - 1 cubic foot =  $0.028 \text{ m}^3 \text{ or } 28317 \text{ cm}^3$
  - 1 cubic yard = 0.765 cubic meters
  - 1 liter = 1.06 quarts (U.S. liquid)
  - 1 ounce (U.S. fluid) = 29.574 milliliter
  - 1 pint (U.S. liquid) = 0.47 liter
  - 1 quart (U.S. liquid) = 0.95 liter
  - 1 gallon (U.S. liquid) = 3.79 liters
  - $1 \text{ lb/ft}^3 = 16.02 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - 1 kilometer/hour = 0.62 mile/hour
  - 1 mile/hour = 1.61 km/hour
  - 1 pound/square inch = 6.895 kPa
  - 1 pound force = 4.448 newton
  - 1 gallon/square yard = 4.527 liters/m<sup>2</sup>
  - 1 gallon/ton (2000 lbs.) = 4.173 liters/metric ton
  - 1 gallon/cubic yard = 4.951 liters/m<sup>3</sup>
  - 1 pound/square yard = 0.542 kg/m<sup>2</sup>
  - 1 pound/cubic yard = 0.593 kg/m<sup>3</sup>
  - 1 pound/gallon = 0.120 kg/liter
  - 1 cubic yard/square yard =  $0.914 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2$
  - 1 inch/mile = 0.0158 meter/kilometer

(Exact equivalents are noted with an asterisk.)

Table 6 below is from information contained in ASTM E11 "Standard Specification for Woven Wire Test Sieve Cloth and Test Sieves", and shows Standard (Metric) and Alternative (U.S. Customary) sieve size designations. As shown, metric size designations are given in mm or  $\mu$ m. (1,000  $\mu$ m = 1 millimeter)

8 inch diameter sieve = 203.2 mm diameter sieve 12 inch diameter sieve = 304.8 mm diameter sieve

	<u>TABI</u>	LE 6	
Sieve Des	ignation	Sieve Desi	gnation
Standard	Alternate	Standard	Alternate
125 mm	5 in.	2.36 mm	No. 8
106 mm	4.24 in.	2.00 mm	No. 10
100 mm	4 in.	1.70 mm	No. 12
90 mm	3-1/2 in.	1.40 mm	No. 14
75 mm	3 in.	1.18 mm	No. 16
63 mm	2-1/2 in.	1.00 mm	No. 18
53 mm	2.12 in.	850 μm	No. 20
50 mm	2 in.	710 μm	No. 25
45 mm	1-3/4 in.	600 μm	No. 30
37.5 mm	1-1/2 in.	500 μm	No. 35
31.5 mm	1-1/4 in.	425 μm	No. 40
26.5 mm	1.06 in.	355 μm	No. 45
25.0 mm	1 in.	300 μm	No. 50
22.4 mm	7/8 in.	250 μm	No. 60
19.0 mm	3/4 in.	212 μm	No. 70
16.0 mm	5/8 in.	180 μm	No. 80
13.2 mm	0.530 in.	150 μm	No. 100
12.5 mm	1/2 in.	125 μm	No. 120
11.2 mm	7/16 in.	106 μm	No. 140
9.5 mm	3/8 in.	90 μm	No. 170
8.0 mm	5/16 in.	75 μm	No. 200
6.7 mm	0.265 in.	63 μm	No. 230
6.3 mm	1/4 in.	53 μm	No. 270
5.6 mm	No. 3-1/2	45 μm	No. 325
4.75 mm	No. 4	38 μm	No. 400
4.00 mm	No. 5	32 μm	No. 450
3.35 mm	No. 6	25 μm	No. 500
2.80 mm	No. 7	20 μm	No. 635

## TABLE 7

# SI\* (METRIC) CONVERSION FACTORS

#### (Approximate equivalents, except as noted\*\*)

CONVERSIONS TO SI UNITS				CONVERSIONS FROM SI UNITS					
Abbrev./Symbol	When you know	Multiply by	To find	Symbol	Symbol	When you know	Multiply by	To find	Abbrev./Symbol
LENGTH				LENGTH					
in.	inches	25.4**	millimeters	mm	mm	millimeters	0.03937	inches	in.
ft.	feet	0.3048**	meters	m	m	meters	3.28	feet	ft.
yd.	yards	0.9144**	meters	m	m	meters	1.09	yards	yd.
mi.	miles	1.61	kilometers	km	km	kilometers	0.621	miles	mi.
	I	AREA			AREA				
sq. in. or in <sup>2</sup>	square inches	645.2	square millimeters	mm <sup>2</sup>	mm <sup>2</sup>	square millimeters	0.0016	square inches	sq. in. or in <sup>2</sup>
sq. ft. or ft <sup>2</sup>	square feet	0.093	square meters	m²	m <sup>2</sup>	square meters	10.764	square feet	sq. ft. or ft <sup>2</sup>
sq. yd. or yd <sup>2</sup>	square yards	0.836	square meters	m <sup>2</sup>	m <sup>2</sup>	square meters	1.19	square yards	sq. yd. or yd <sup>2</sup>
	acres	0.405	hectares	ha	ha	hectares	2.47	acres	
sq. mi. or mi <sup>2</sup>	square miles	2.59	square kilometers	km²	km <sup>2</sup>	square kilometers	0.386	square miles	sq. mi. or mi <sup>2</sup>
VOLUME					VOLUME				
fl. oz.	fluid ounces	29.57	milliliters	mL	mL	millimeters	0.034	fluid ounces	fl. oz.
gal.	gallons (liquid)	3.7854	liters***	L	L	liters***	0.264	gallons (liquid)	gal.
cu. ft. or ft <sup>3</sup>	cubic feet	0.028	cubic meters	m³	m³	cubic meters	35.315	cubic feet	cu. ft. or ft <sup>3</sup>
cu. yd. or yd <sup>3</sup>	cubic yards	0.765	cubic meters	m³	m³	cubic meters	1.31	cubic yards	cu. yd. or yd <sup>3</sup>
MASS				MASS					
OZ.	ounces	28.35	grams	g	g	grams	0.035	ounces	0Z.
lb.	pounds	0.454	kilograms	kg	kg	kilograms	2.205	pounds	lb.
Т	short tons (2000 lb)	0.907	metric tons****	t	t	metric tons****	1.102	short tons (2000 lb)	Τ
T	short tons (2000 lb)	0.907	megagrams****	Mg	Mg	megagrams****	1.102	short tons (2000 lb)	T

SI is the symbol for the International System of Units. Exact equivalent.

Metric volumes greater than 1000 liters should be shown in m<sup>3</sup>. The following conversion factors are helpful in making necessary conversions: 1 liter = 0.001 cubic meter; 1 cubic meter = 264.17 gallons (liquid).

<sup>\*\*\*\* 1</sup> metric ton = 1000 kilograms = 1,000,000 grams = 1 Mg.